TITLE

METALLOCENE COMPOUND, PROCESS FOR PREPARING

METALLOCENE COMPOUND, OLEFIN POLYMERIZATION CATALYST,

PROCESS FOR PREPARING POLYOLEFIN, AND POLYOLEFIN

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TECHNICAL FIELD

The present invention relates to a metallocene compound having a specific structure, a process for preparing the metallocene compound, an olefin polymer zation catalyst containing the metallocene compound, a process for preparing a polyolefin using the olefin polymerization catalyst, and a polyolefin.

BACKGROUND ART

15 The "metallocene compound" is well known as a homogeneous catalyst for olefin polymerization. Since the isotactic polymerization was reported by W.

Kaminsky, et al. (Angew. Chem. Int. Ed. Engl., 24, 507

(1985)), there have been made many improvements in the

20 olefin polymerization process using a metallocene

compound, particularly a process for stereoregularly

polymerizing an α -olefin. As an example of the

improvement, a metallocene compound having a C2

symmetric structure wherein some hydrogen atoms of the

cyclopentadienyl group in the ligand part are replaced

with alkyl groups has been reported (by Yamazaki, et al., Chemistry Letters, 1853 (1989), Japanese Patent Laid-Open Publication No. 268307/1992). As like attempts, further, a large number of attempts to

5 improve the isotactic stereoregularity of an olefin polymer by the use of a metallocene compound having, as a ligand, a bisindenyl derivative having a C2 symmetric structure have been reported (e.g., Angew. Chem. Int. Ed. Engl., 31, 1347 (1992), Organometallics, 13, 954 (1994)).

structure, however, is usually obtained as a mixture of a racemic modification and a mesoisomer, and only the racemic modification provides an isotactic polymer, while obtainable from the mesoisomer is only an atactic polymer, so that it is necessary to separate the racemic modification and the mesoisomer from each other in order to selectively obtain the isotactic polymer.

The metallocene compound of the C2 symmetric

On the other hand, J.A. Ewen has found that an αolefin is polymerized with syndiotactic
stereoregularity by the use of a metallocene compound
having a Cs symmetric structure wherein the
cyclopentadienyl group and the fluorenyl group are
bridged by dimethylmethylene (J. Am. Chem. Soc., 110,

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6255 (1988)). To improve the metallocene compound, an attempt to introduce tert-butyl groups at the 2-position and the 7-position of the fluorenyl group and thereby further control the syndiotactic

5 stereoregularity has been made (Japanese Patent Laid-Open Publication No. 69394/1992).

In addition, an attempt to synthesize an isotactic polymer by the use of a metallocene compound having a C1 symmetric structure that is different from the C2 symmetric and the Cs symmetric structures has been reported (see, for example, Japanese Patent Laid-Open Publications No. 193796/1991 and No. 122718/1994, EP 0881236).

The polymerization activities of these metallocene compounds, however, are still insufficient, and hence development of metallocene compounds having excellent polymerization activities and olefin polymerization catalysts containing such metallocene compounds has been desired.

The metallocene compounds having Cs and C1
symmetric structures have an advantage in that the
structural isomers such as a mesoisomer and a racemic
modification are not produced, differently from the
metallocene compound having a C2 symmetric structure.

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been desired.

Of the above metallocene compounds, the metallocene compound of the C1 symmetric structure, however, has a problem in that an unnecessary isomer wherein the substituent group is attached at a position different from the intended proper position is produced depending upon the preparation process. When such an isomer is used as, for example, an olefin polymerization catalyst, unfavorable results such as production of an atactic polymer as a by-product are often brought about. Hence, development of a process

15 DISCLOSURE OF THE INVENTION

The metallocene compound according to the invention is represented by the following formula (1) or (2):

for selectively preparing a metallocene compound in

which such an unnecessary isomer is not included has

 R^{1} R^{14} R^{13} R^{12} R^{12} R^{10} R^{9} R^{8} R^{7}

 R^{1} R^{1}

...(2)

...(1)

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wherein R^3 is selected from a hydrocarbon group and a silicon-containing hydrocarbon group; R¹, R², R⁴, R⁵, R^6 , R^7 , R^8 , R^9 , R^{10} , R^{11} , R^{12} , R^{13} and R^{14} may be the same or different and are each selected from a hydrogen atom, a hydrocarbon group and a silicon-15 containing hydrocarbon group; of the groups indicated by R^1 to R^{12} , neighboring groups may be bonded to form a ring; in case of the formula (1), a group selected from R^1 , R^4 , R^5 and R^{12} may be bonded to R^{13} or R^{14} to 20 form a ring; A is a divalent hydrocarbon group of 2 to 20 carbon atoms which may contain an unsaturated bond and/or an aromatic ring; A may contain two or more cyclic structures including a ring formed by A in cooperation with Y; Y is a carbon atom or a silicon 25 atom; M is a metal selected from Group 4 of the

periodic table; j is an integer of 1 to 4; Q is selected from a halogen atom, a hydrocarbon group, an anionic ligand and a neutral ligand capable of coordination by a lone pair; and when j is 2 or greater, each Q may be the same or different.

Another embodiment of the metallocene compound of the invention is represented by the following formula (1a) or (2a):

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$$R^{1}$$
 R^{4}
 R^{12}
 R^{12}
 R^{5}
 R^{10}
 R^{9}
 R^{8}
 R^{7}
 R^{7}

(1a)

wherein R^3 is selected from a hydrocarbon group and a silicon-containing hydrocarbon group; R^1 , R^2 , R^4 , R^5 , R^6 , R^7 , R^8 , R^9 , R^{10} , R^{11} , R^{12} , R^{13} and R^{14} may be the same or different and are each selected from a hydrogen atom, a hydrocarbon group and a silicon-containing hydrocarbon group; in case of a compound of the formula (1a), when R^3 is a tert-butyl group or a

trimethylsilyl group and when R^{13} and R^{14} are methyl groups or phenyl groups at the same time, R^6 and R^{11} are not hydrogen atoms at the same time; of the groups indicated by R^1 to R^{12} , neighboring groups may be bonded to form a ring; in case of the formula (1a), a

- bonded to form a ring; in case of the formula (1a), a group selected from R^1 , R^4 , R^5 and R^{12} may be bonded to R^{13} or R^{14} to form a ring; A is a divalent hydrocarbon group of 2 to 20 carbon atoms which may contain an unsaturated bond and/or an aromatic ring; A
- may contain two or more cyclic structures including a ring formed by A in cooperation with Y; Y is a carbon atom or a silicon atom; M is a metal selected from Group 4 of the periodic table; j is an integer of 1 to 4; Q is selected from a halogen atom, a hydrocarbon
- 970 group, an anionic ligand and a neutral ligand capable of coordination by a lone pair; and when j is 2 or greater, each Q may be the same or different.

A further embodiment of the metallocene compound of the invention is represented by the following

20 formula (1b) or (2b):

 R^{14} R^{13} R^{12} R^{12} R^{10} R^{9} R^{8} R^{7}

R²¹

A

MQ_j

R¹²

R¹⁰

R⁹

R⁸

R⁷

...(2b)

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are each selected from a hydrocarbon group and a silicon-containing hydrocarbon group; R5, R6, R7, R8, R^9 , R^{10} , R^{11} , R^{12} , R^{13} and R^{14} may be the same or different and are each selected from a hydrogen atom, 15 a hydrocarbon group and a silicon-containing hydrocarbon group; of the groups indicated by R⁵ to R^{12} , neighboring groups may be bonded to form a ring; A is a divalent hydrocarbon group of 2 to 20 carbon 20 atoms which may contain an unsaturated bond and/or an aromatic ring; A may contain two or more cyclic structures including a ring formed by A in cooperation with Y; M is a metal selected from Group 4 of the periodic table; Y is a carbon atom or a silicon atom; j is an integer of 1 to 4; Q is selected from a 25

wherein R^{21} and R^{22} may be the same or different and

...(1b)

halogen atom, a hydrocarbon group, an anionic ligand and a neutral ligand capable of coordination by a lone pair; and when j is 2 or greater, each Q may be the same or different.

The process for preparing a metallocene compound according to the invention comprises selectively preparing a metallocene compound represented by the above formula (1b) or (2b) so as not to include an isomeric compound represented by the following formula (3b), (4b), (5b) or (6b):

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$$R^{14}$$
 MQ_j R^{12} R^{6} R^{10} R^{9} R^{8} R^{7} \dots (3b)

$$R^{14}$$
 R^{13}
 R^{12}
 R^{12}
 R^{10}
 R^{9}
 R^{8}
 R^{7}
 R^{10}
 R^{10}

$$R^{21}$$
 R^{22} R^{22} R^{12} R^{12} R^{12} R^{13} R^{14} R^{15} R^{16} R^{16} R^{10} R^{19} R

... (5b)

...(6b)

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wherein R^{21} , R^{22} , R^5 to R^{14} , A, M, Y, Q and j have the same meanings as those of R^{21} , R^{22} , R^5 to R^{14} , A, M, Y, Q and j in the formula (1b) or (2b), respectively.

In the present invention, it is preferable that a

15 ligand precursor represented by the following formula

(7b) or (8b) is selectively prepared so as not to

include an isomeric compound represented by the

following formula (9b), (10b), (11b) or (12b) and the

resulting ligand precursor is used as a material to

20 selectively prepare the metallocene compound

represented by the formula (1b) or (2b);

...(7b)

...(8b)

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wherein R²¹, R²², R⁵ to R¹⁴, A and Y have the same meanings as those of R²¹, R²², R⁵ to R¹⁴, A and Y in the formula (1b) or (2b), respectively; and the cyclopentadienyl group may be another isomer different in only the position of a double bond in the cyclopentadienyl ring or a mixture thereof;

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$$R^{14}$$
 R^{13}
 R^{12}
 R^{10}
 R^{9}
 R^{8}
 R^{8}
 R^{7}

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...(9b)

...(10b)

R²¹ R²²

R¹² R⁵ R⁶

R¹⁰ R⁹ R⁸ R⁷

R²²
R²¹
R¹²
R¹²
R⁸
R⁸
R⁷

...(11b)

..(12b)

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wherein R^{21} , R^{22} , R^{5} to R^{14} , A and Y have the same meanings as those of R^{21} , R^{22} , R^{5} to R^{14} , A and Y in the formula (1b) or (2b), respectively; and the cyclopentadienyl group may be another isomer different in only the position of a double bond in the cyclopentadienyl ring or a mixture thereof.

In the present invention, further, it is preferable that a precursor compound represented by the following formula (13b) or (14b) is selectively prepared so as not to include an isomeric compound represented by the following formula (15b), (16b), (17b) or (18b) and the resulting precursor compound is used as a material to selectively prepare the ligand precursor represented by the formula (7b) or (8b);

20

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$$R^{21}$$
 R^{13}
 R^{14}
 R^{14}

wherein R^{21} , R^{22} , R^{13} , R^{14} , Y and A have the same meanings as those of R^{21} , R^{22} , R^{13} , R^{14} , Y and A in the formula (1b) or (2b), respectively;

$$R^{21}$$
 R^{22} R^{22} R^{21} R^{22} R^{21} R

wherein R^{21} , R^{22} , R^{13} , R^{14} , Y and A have the same meanings as those of R^{21} , R^{22} , R^{13} , R^{14} , Y and A in the formula (1b) or (2b), respectively.

In the present invention, furthermore, it is preferable that cyclopentadiene represented by the following formula (19b) is selectively prepared so as not to include an isomeric compound represented by the following formula (20b) and the resulting

cyclopentadiene is used as a material to selectively prepare the precursor compound represented by the formula (13b) or (14b);

$$R^{21}$$
 R^{22} ... (19b)

wherein R^{21} and R^{22} have the same meanings as those of R^{21} and R^{22} in the formula (1b) or (2b), respectively; and the cyclopentadienyl group may be another isomer different in only the position of a double bond in the cyclopentadienyl ring or a mixture thereof;

15 ...(20b)

wherein R^{21} and R^{22} have the same meanings as those of R^{21} and R^{22} in the formula (1b) or (2b), respectively; and the cyclopentadienyl group may be another isomer different in only the position of a double bond in the cyclopentadienyl ring or a mixture thereof.

The olefin polymerization catalyst according to the invention comprises any one of the above-mentioned metallocene compounds.

The olefin polymerization catalyst of the invention may be an olefin polymerization catalyst comprising:

- (A) any one of the above-mentioned metallocene5 compounds, and
 - (B) at least one compound selected from:
 - (B-1) an organometallic compound,
 - (B-2) an organoaluminum oxy-compound, and
 - (B-3) a compound which reacts with the
- 10 metallocene compound (A) to form an ion pair.

The olefin polymerization catalyst of the invention may be an olefin polymerization catalyst comprising the above-mentioned olefin polymerization catalyst and (C) a particle carrier.

The process for preparing a polyolefin according to the invention comprises polymerizing or copolymerizing an olefin in the presence of any one of the above-mentioned olefin polymerization catalysts.

In the present invention, it is preferable that

the metallocene compound (A) is a metallocene compound

represented by the formula (1) or (2) and at least 2

kinds of olefins are copolymerized. It is also

preferable that the metallocene compound (A) is a

metallocene compound represented by the formula (1a)

or (2a) and a single olefin is polymerized.

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The polyolefin according to the invention comprises recurring units (U₁) derived from one α -olefin selected from α -olefins of 3 to 8 carbon atoms in amounts of 50 to 100 % by mol and recurring units (U₂) other than the recurring units (U₁), said recurring units (U₂) being derived from at least one olefin selected from α -olefins of 2 to 20 carbon atoms, in amounts of 50 to 0 % by mol, and has the following properties:

- (i) the proportion of 2,1-insertion and the proportion of 1,3-insertion are each not more than 0.2 %,
- (ii) the molecular weight distribution (Mw/Mn) as
 determined by gel permeation chromatography is in the
 range of 1 to 3, and
 - (iii) the quantity of a decane-soluble component is not more than 2 % by weight.

The polyolefin preferably comprises recurring

units derived from propylene in amounts of 50 to 99.5 % by mol and recurring units derived from at least one olefin selected from α -olefins of 2 to 20 carbon atoms other than propylene in amounts of 50 to 0.5 % by mol.

Another embodiment of the polyolefin of the $\mbox{ invention is a homopolymer of one α-olefin selected }$

from α -olefins of 3 to 8 carbon atoms and has the following properties:

- (i) the pentad isotacticity as determined from $$^{13}{\mbox{C-NMR}}$$ spectrum measurement is not less than 85 %,
- (ii) the proportion of 2,1-insertion and the proportion of 1,3-insertion are each not more than 0.2 %,
 - (iii) the MFR is in the range of 0.01 to 1000 g/10 $$\operatorname{\textsc{min}}$$,
- (iv) the molecular weight distribution (Mw/Mn) as determined by gel permeation chromatography is in the range of 1 to 3,
 - (v) the quantity of a decane-soluble component is not more than 2 % by weight, and
- (vi) the melting point (Tm) as measured by a differential scanning calorimeter is not lower than $140\,^{\circ}\text{C}$.

The polyolefin is preferably a homopolymer of propylene.

20 A further embodiment of the polyolefin of the invention is a polyolefin comprising recurring units (U1) derived from one α -olefin selected from α -olefins of 3 to 8 carbon atoms in amounts of 95 to 99.5 % by mol and recurring units (U2) other than the recurring units (U1), said recurring units (U2) being derived

from at least one olefin selected from $\alpha\text{--olefins}$ of 2 to 20 carbon atoms, in amounts of 5 to 0.05 % by mol, and has the following properties:

- (i) the pentad isotacticity as determined from $^{13}\text{C-NMR}$ spectrum measurement is not less than 80 %,
 - (ii) the proportion of 2,1-insertion and the proportion of 1,3-insertion are each not more than 0.2 %,
- (iii) the MFR is in the range of 0.01 to 1000 g/10 $\,$ min,
 - (iv) the molecular weight distribution (Mw/Mn) as determined by gel permeation chromatography is in the range of 1 to 3,
- (v) the quantity of a decane-soluble component is
 15 not more than 2 % by weight, and
 - (vi) the melting point (Tm) as measured by a differential scanning calorimeter is not higher than $145\,^{\circ}\text{C}$.

The polyolefin preferably comprises recurring units derived from propylene in amounts of 95 to 99.5 % by mol and recurring units derived from at least one olefin selected from α -olefins of 2 to 20 carbon atoms other than propylene in amounts of 5 to 0.5 % by mol.

BRIEF DESCRIPTION OF THE DRAWING

Fig. 1 is a view to explain an embodiment of a process for preparing the olefin polymerization catalyst according to the present invention.

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BEST MODE FOR CARRYING OUT THE INVENTION

The metallocene compound, the process for preparing the metallocene compound, the olefin polymerization catalyst, the process for preparing a polyolefin, and the polyolefin according to the invention are described in detail hereinafter.

Metallocene compound

The metallocene compound according to the invention is represented by the following formula (1) or (2).

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. . . (2)

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In the formula (1) or (2), R^3 is selected from a hydrocarbon group and a silicon-containing hydrocarbon group.

The hydrocarbon group preferably is, for example,

an alkyl group of 1 to 20 carbon atoms, an arylalkyl
group of 7 to 20 carbon atoms, an aryl group of 6 to
20 carbon atoms or an alkylaryl group of 7 to 20
carbon atoms. R³ may be a cyclic hydrocarbon group
containing a heteroatom (e.g., sulfur or oxygen), such
as thienyl or furyl.

Specific examples of such groups include methyl, ethyl, n-propyl, isopropyl, 2-methylpropyl, 1,1-dimethylpropyl, 2,2-dimethylpropyl, 1,1-diethylpropyl, 1-ethyl-1-methylpropyl, 1,1,2,2-tetramethylpropyl,

The silicon-containing hydrocarbon group is preferably an alkylsilyl or arylsilyl group having 1 to 4 silicon atoms and 3 to 20 carbon atoms.

Specific examples of such groups include trimethylsilyl, tert-butyldimethylsilyl and triphenylsilyl.

R³ is preferably a sterically bulky substituent
group, more preferably a substituent group of 4 or
more carbon atoms.

In the formula (1) or (2), R¹, R², R⁴, R⁵, R⁶, R⁷, R⁸, R⁹, R¹⁰, R¹¹, R¹², R¹³ and R¹⁴ may be the same or different and are each selected from a hydrogen atom,

10 a hydrocarbon group and a silicon-containing hydrocarbon group. Preferred examples of the hydrocarbon groups and the silicon-containing hydrocarbon groups include the same ones as described above.

The neighboring substituent groups of R¹ to R⁴ on the cyclopentadienyl ring may be bonded to form a ring. Examples of such substituted cyclopentadienyl groups include indenyl, 2-methylindenyl, tetrahydroindenyl, 2-methyltetrahydroindenyl and 2,4,4-

20 trimethyltetrahydroindenyl.

The neighboring substituent groups of R^5 to R^{12} on the fluorene ring may be bonded to form a ring. Examples of such substituted fluorenyl groups include benzofluorenyl, dibenzofluorenyl,

octahydrodibenzofluorenyl and octamethyloctahydrodibenzofluorenyl.

The substituent groups of R⁵ to R¹² on the fluorene ring are preferred to be bilaterally

5 symmetric from the viewpoint of ease of synthesis.

That is, R⁵ and R¹², R⁶ and R¹¹, R⁷ and R¹⁰, and R⁸ and R⁹ are preferred to be the same groups, and unsubstituted fluorene, 3,6-di-substituted fluorene, 2,7-di-substituted fluorene or 2,3,6,7-tetra
10 substituted fluorene is more preferred. The 3-position, 6-position, 2-position and 7-position of the fluorene ring correspond to R⁷, R¹⁰, R⁶ and R¹¹, respectively.

In the formula (1) or (2), Y is a carbon atom or a silicon atom.

In the metallocene compound represented by the formula (1), R^{13} and R^{14} are bonded to Y and become a bridge part to form a substituted methylene group or a substituted silylene group. Preferred examples thereof include methylene, dimethylmethylene, diethylmethylene,

diisopropylmethylene, methyl-tert-butylmethylene, ditert-butylmethylene, dicyclohexylmethylene,
methylcyclohexylmethylene, methylphenylmethylene,
diphenylmethylene, methylnaphthylmethylene,
dinaphthylmethylene, dimethylsilylene,

25 diisopropylsilylene, methyl-tert-butylsilylene,

dicyclohexylsilylene, methylcyclohexylsilylene, methylphenylsilylene, diphenylsilylene, methylnaphthylsilylene and dinaphthylsilylene.

In the metallocene compound represented by the formula (1), a substituent group selected from R^1 , R^4 , 5 R^5 and R^{12} may be bonded to R^{13} or R^{14} of the bridge part to form a ring. An example of such structure wherein R^1 and R^{14} are bonded to each other to form a ring is given below. In the metallocene compound 10 represented by the following formula (Ic), the bridge part and the cyclopentadienyl group are united to form tetrahydropentalene skeleton, while in the metallocene compound represented by the following formula (1d), the bridge part and the cyclopentadienyl group are united to form tetrahydroindenyl skeleton. Likewise, 15 the bridge part and the fluorenyl group may be bonded to form a ring.

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In the metallocene compound represented by the formula (2), A is a divalent hydrocarbon group of 2 to 20 carbon atoms which may contain an unsaturated bond and/or an aromatic ring, and Y is bonded to A to form a cycloalkylidene group, a cyclomethylenesilylene group or the like.

A may contain two or more cyclic structures including a ring formed by A in cooperation with Y. Preferred examples thereof include cyclopropylidene, cyclobutylidene, cyclopentylidene, cyclohexylidene, cycloheptylidene, bicyclo[3,3,1]nonylidene,

norbornylidene, adamantylidene,
tetrahydronaphthylidene, dihydroindanylidene,
cyclodimethylenesilylene, cyclotrimethylenesilylene,
cyclotetramethylenesilylene,

25 cyclopentamethylenesilylene,

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cyclohexamethylenesilylene and cycloheptamethylenesilylene.

In the formula (1) or (2), M is a metal selected from Group 4 of the periodic table and is specifically titanium, zirconium or hafnium.

In the formula (1) or (2), j is an integer of 1 to 4.

In the formula (1) or (2), Q is selected from a halogen atom, a hydrocarbon group of 1 to 20 carbon

10 atoms, an anionic ligand and a neutral ligand capable of coordination by a lone pair. When j is 2 or greater, each Q may be the same or different.

Examples of the halogen atoms include fluorine, chlorine, bromine and iodine. Examples of the hydrocarbon groups include the same ones as previously described.

Examples of the anionic ligands include alkoxy groups, such as methoxy, tert-butoxy and phenoxy; carboxylate groups, such as acetate and benzoate; and sulfonate groups, such as mesylate and tosylate.

Examples of the neutral ligands capable of coordination by a lone pair include organophosphorus compounds, such as trimethylphosphine, triethylphosphine, triphenylphosphine and

25 diphenylmethylphosphine; and ethers, such as

tetrahydrofuran, diethyl ether, dioxane and 1,2-dimethoxyethane.

At least one of Q is preferably a halogen atom or an alkyl group.

Examples of the metallocene compounds represented by the formula (1) or (2) according to the invention are given below.

The ligand structure excluding MQj (metal part) in the metallocene compound is divided into three parts

10 of Cp (cyclopentadienyl ring part), Bridge (bridge part) and Flu (fluorenyl ring part), and specific examples of these partial structures and specific examples of ligand structures formed by combination of these partial structures are described first.

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Examples of Cp

			a1			a11
	5	-PK	a2			a12
		\$K	а3			a13
T9857687 CBCE	10	ŠK	a4			a14
		p*	а5		PKI	a15
Trade of the second	15	-9K	а6			a16
·		PE	а7			a17
	20		a8	ha :		a18
			a9			a19
	25		a10		-90	a20

	a21
	a22
90	a23
S	a24
- S	a25

b9

b10

b11

b12

b13

b14

b15

Examples of Bridge

		b1		
5	\sim	b2)si/
	Q	b3		© Si(
10		b4		si/
	8	b5		<u></u>
15		b6		\\ \\ \\ \\ \\ \\ \\ \\ \\ \\ \\ \\ \\
		b7		\rightarrow
20	\times	b8	l	

Examples of Flu

DOGDIOSO, DSCACA

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15

	c1
* A STATE OF THE S	c2
	с3
	с4
	c5
	c6
***************************************	с7

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Examples of the ligand structures are described in the following table.

No.	Ср	Bridge	Flu
1	a 1	b 1	c 1
2	a 2	b1	c 1
3	a 3	b1	c 1
4	· a4	b 1	c 1
5	a 5	b 1	c1
6	a 6	b1	c 1
7	a 7	b1	c 1
8	a 8	b1	c1
9	a 9	b 1	c1
10	a 10	b 1	c 1
11	a 11	b 1	c 1
12	a 12	b 1	c 1
·13	a 13	b1	c 1
14	a 14	b 1	c 1
15	a 15	b 1	c 1
16	a 16	b 1	c 1
17	a 17	b 1	c 1
18	a 18	b 1	c 1
19	a 19	b 1	c 1
20	a 20	b 1	c 1
21	a 21	b 1	c 1
22	a 22	b 1	c 1
23	a 23	b 1	c 1
24	a 24	b 1	c 1
25	a 25	b 1	c 1
26	a 1	b 2	c1
27	a 2	b 2	c 1
28	a 3	b 2	c 1
29	a 4	b 2	c 1
30	a 5	b 2	c 1
31	a 6	b 2	c 1
32	a 7	b 2	c 1
33	a 8	b 2	c 1
34	a 9	b 2	c 1
35	a 10	b 2	c 1
36	a 11	b 2	c 1
37	a 12	b 2	c1
38	a 13	b 2	c 1
39	a 14	b 2	c 1
40	a 15	b 2	c1
41	a 16	b 2	c1
42	a 17	b 2	c 1
43	a 18	b 2	c1
44	a 19	b 2	c1 .
45	a 20	b 2	c1



No.	Ср	Bridge	Flu
46	a 21	b 2	c 1
47	a 22	b 2	· c1
48	a 23	b 2	c 1
49	a 24	b2 .	c 1
50	a 25	b 2	c 1
51	a 1	b3	c1
52	a 2	b3	c1
53	a 3	b 3	c 1
54	a 4	b3	c 1
55	a 5	b3	c 1
56	a 6	b3	c1
57	a 7	b3	c 1
58	a 8	b3	c 1
59	a 9	b3	c 1
60	a 10	b3	c 1
61	a 11	b3	c1
62	a 12	b3	c1
63	a 13	b3	c 1
64	a 14	b 3	c 1
65	a 15	b3	c 1
66	a 16	b 3	c 1
67	a 17	b3	c1
68	a 18	b3	c1
69	a 19	b3	c1
70	a 20	b3	c1
71	a 21	b3	c 1
72	a 22	b3	c 1
73	a 23	b 3	c1
74	a 24	b3	c 1
75	a 25	b3	c1
76	a 1	b4	c 1
77	a 2	b 4	c 1
78	a 3	b4	c 1
79	a 4	b4	c 1
80	a 5	b4	c 1
81	a 6	b 4	c 1
82	a 7	b 4	c 1
83	a 8	b 4	c 1
84	a 9	b 4	c 1
85	a 10	b4	c 1
86	a 11	b4	c 1
87	a 12	b 4	c 1
88	a 13	b 4	c 1
89	a 14	b 4	c 1
90	a 15	b 4	c 1
91	a 16	b 4	c 1

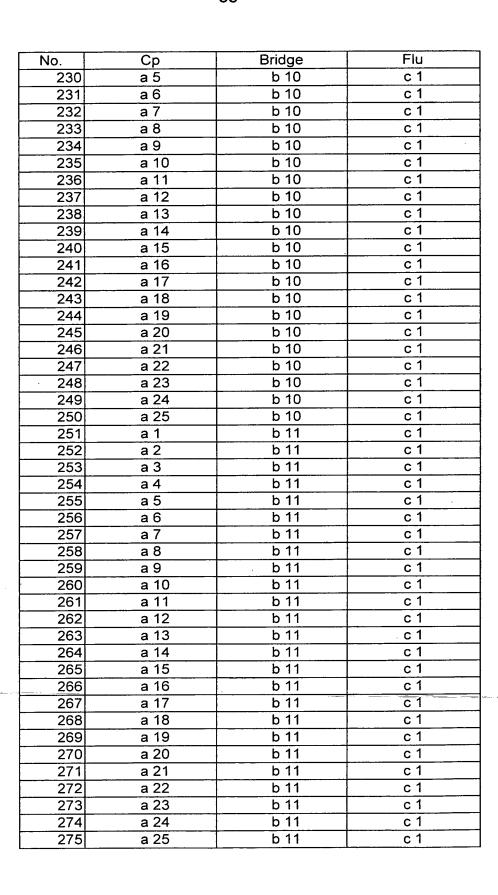


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No.	Ср	Bridge	Flu
92	a 17	b 4	c 1
93	a 18	b 4	c 1
94	a 19	b 4	c 1
95	a 20	b 4	c 1
96	a 21	b 4	c 1
97	a 22	b 4	c 1
98	a 23	b 4	c 1
99	a 24	b4	c 1
100	a 25	b 4	c 1
101	a 1	b 5	c 1
102	a 2	b 5	c 1
103	a 3	b 5	c 1
104	a 4	b 5	c 1
105	a 5	b 5	c 1
106	a 6	b 5	c 1
107	a 7	b 5	c 1
108	a 8	b 5	c 1
109	a 9	b 5	c 1
110	a 10	b 5	c 1
111	a 11	b 5	c 1
112	a 12	b 5	c1
113	a 13	b 5	c 1
114	a 14	b 5	c 1
115	a 15	b 5	c 1
116	a 16	b 5	c 1
117	a 17	b 5	c 1
118	a 18	b 5	c 1
119	a 19	b 5	c1
120	a 20	b 5	c1
121	a 21	b 5	c 1
122	a 22	b 5	c 1
123	a 23	b 5 b 5	c 1 c 1
124	a 24		c 1
125	a 25	b 5	01
126	a 1	b 6	c 1
127	a 2	b 6	c1
128	a 3 a 4	b 6	c1 c1
129		b 6	
130	a 5	b 6	c 1
131	a 6	b 6	c 1
132	a 7	b6	c 1
133	a 8	р 0	c 1
134	a 9	b 6	c1
135	a 10	p 6	c 1
136	a 11	b6	c 1
137	a 12	b6	c1



No.	Ср	Bridge	Flu
138	a 13	b 6	c 1
139	a 14	b 6	c 1
140	a 15	b 6	c1
141	a 16	b 6	c1
142	a 17	b 6	c 1
143	a 18	b 6	c1
144	a 19	b 6	c1
145	a 20	b 6	c 1
146	a 21	b 6	c1
147	a 22	b 6	c 1
148	a 23	b 6	c1
149	a 24	b 6	c1
150	a 25	b 6	c1
151	a 1	b 7	c1
152	a 2	b 7	c1
153	a 3	b 7	c 1
154	a 4	b 7	c 1
155	a 5	b 7	с1
156	a 6	b 7	c 1
157	a 7	b 7	c 1
158	a 8	b 7	c 1
159	a 9	b 7	c1
160	a 10	b 7	c1
161	a 11	b 7	c 1
162	a 12	b 7	c1
163	a 13	b 7	c1
164	a 14	b 7	c1
165	a 15	b 7	c 1
166	a 16	b 7	c 1
167	a 17	b 7	c 1
168	a 18	b 7	c 1
169	a 19	b 7	c 1
170	a 20	b 7	c 1
171	a 21	b 7	c 1
172	a 22	b 7	c 1
173	a 23	b 7	c 1
174	a 24	b_7	c 1
175	a 25	b 7	c 1
176	a 1	b 8	c 1
177	a 2	b 8	c 1
178	a 3	b 8	c 1
179	a 4	b 8	c 1
180	а5	b 8	c 1
181	a 6	b 8	c 1
182	a 7	b 8	c 1
183	a 8	b 8	c 1

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No.	Ср	Bridge	Flu
184	a 9	b 8	c 1
185	a 10	b 8	c 1
186	a 11	b 8	c 1
187	a 12	b 8	c 1
188	a 13	b 8	c 1
189	a 14	b 8	c 1
190	a 15	b 8	c 1
191	a 16	b 8	c 1
192	a 17	b 8	c 1
193	a 18	b 8	c 1
194	a 19	b 8	c 1
195	a 20	b 8	c 1
196	a 21	b 8	c 1
197	a 22	b 8	c 1
198	a 23	b 8	c 1
199	a 24	b 8	c 1
200	a 25	b 8	c 1
201	a 1	b 9	c 1
202	a 2	b 9	c 1
203	a 3	b 9	c 1
204	a 4	b 9	c 1
205	a 5	b 9	c 1
206	a 6	b 9	c 1
207	a 7	b 9	c 1
208	a 8	b 9	c 1
209	a 9	b 9	c 1
210	a 10	b 9	c 1
211	a 11	b 9	c 1
212	a 12	b 9	c 1
213	a 13	b 9	c 1
214	a 14	b 9	c 1
215	a 15	b 9	c 1
216	a 16	b 9	c 1
217	a 17	b 9	c 1
218	a 18	b 9	c 1
219	a 19	b 9	c 1
220	a_20	b 9	c1 .
221	a 21	b 9	c 1
222	a 22	b 9	c 1
223	a 23	b 9	c 1
224	a 24	b 9	c 1
225	a 25	b 9	c 1
226	a 1	b 10	c 1
227	a 2	b 10	c 1
228	а 3	b 10	c 1
229	a 4	b 10	c 1





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No.	Ср	Bridge	Flu
276	a 1	b 12	c 1
277	a 2	b 12	c 1
278	a 3	b 12	c 1
279	a 4	b 12	c 1
280	a 5	b 12	c 1
281	a 6	b 12	c 1
282	a 7	b 12	c 1
283	a 8	b 12	c 1
284	a 9	b 12	c 1
285	a 10	b 12	c 1
286	a 11	b 12	c 1
287	a 12	b 12	c 1
288	a 13	b 12	c 1
289	a 14	b 12	c 1
290	a 15	b 12	c 1
291	a 16	b 12	c 1
292	a 17	b 12	c 1
293	a 18	b 12	c 1
294	a 19	b 12	c 1
295	a 20	b 12	c 1
296	a 21	b 12	c 1
297	a 22	b 12	c 1
298	a 23	b 12	c1
299	a 24	b 12	c 1
300	a 25	b 12	c 1
301	a 1	b 13	c 1
302	a 2	b 13	c 1
303	a 3	b 13	c 1
304	a 4	b 13	c 1
305	a 5	b 13	c 1
306	a 6	b 13	c 1
307	a 7	b 13	c 1
308	a 8	b 13	c 1
309	a 9	b 13	c 1
310	a 10	b 13	c 1
311	a 11	b 13	c 1
312	a 12	b 13	c 1
313	a 13	b 13	c 1
314	a 14	b 13	c 1
315	a 15	b 13	c 1
316	a 16	b 13	c 1
317	a 17	b 13	c 1
318	a 18	b 13	c 1
319	a 19	b 13	c 1
320	a 20	b 13	c1
321	a 21	b 13	c 1



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No.	Ср	Bridge	Flu
322	a 22	b 13	c1
323	a 23	b 13	c 1
324	a 24	b 13	c 1
325	a 25	b 13	c 1
326	a 1	b 14	c1
327	a 2	b 14	c 1
328	a 3	b 14	c1
329	a 4	b 14	c1
330	a 5	b 14	c 1
331	a 6	b 14	c1
332	a 7	b 14	c1
333	a 8	b 14	c1
334	a 9	b 14	c1
335	a 10	b 14	c1
336	a 11	b 14	c1
337	a 12	b 14	c1
338	a 13	b 14	· c1
339	a 14	b 14	c1
340	a 15	b 14	c 1
341	a 16	b 14	c1
342	a 17	b 14	c1
343	a 18	b 14	c 1
344	a 19	b 14	c1
345	a 20	b 14	c1
346	a 21	b 14	c1
347	a 22	b 14	c1
348	a 23	b 14	c 1
349	a 24	b 14	c1
350	a 25	b 14	c1
351	a 1	b 15	c1
352	a 2	b 15	c 1
353	a 3	b 15	c1
354	a 4	b 15	c 1
355	a 5	b 15	c 1
356	a 6	b 15	c1
357	a 7	b 15	c1
358	a 8	b 15	c1
359	a 9	b 15	c 1
360	a 10	b 15	c1
361	a 11	b 15	c1
362	a 12	b 15	c1
363	a 13	b 15	c1
364	a 14	b 15	c1
365	a 15	b 15	c1
366	a 16	b 15	c1
367	a 17	b 15	c1



No.	Ср	Bridge	Flu
368	a 18	b 15	c 1
369	a 19	b 15	c1
370	a 20	b 15	ç1
371	a 21	b 15	c 1
372	a 22	b 15	c 1
373	a 23	b 15	c 1
374	a 24	b 15	c 1
375	a 25	b 15	c 1
376	a 1	b 1	c 2
377	a 2	b 1	c 2
378	a 3	b 1	c 2
379	a 2 a 3 a 4	b 1	c 2
380	a 5	b 1	c 2
381	a 6	b 1	c 2
382	a 7	b 1	c 2
383	a 8	b 1	c 2
384	a 9	b 1	c 2
385	a 10	b 1	c 2
386	a 11	b1	c 2
387	a 12	b 1	c 2
388	a 13	b1	c 2
389	a 14	b 1	c 2
390	a 15	b 1	c 2
391	a 16	b 1	c 2
392	a 17	b 1	c 2
393	a 18	b 1	c 2
394	a 19	b 1	c 2
395	a 20	b 1	c 2
396	a 21	b 1	c 2
397	a 22	b 1	c 2
398	a 23	b 1	c 2
399	a 24	b 1	c 2
400	a 25	b 1	c 2
401	a 1	b 2	c 2
402	a 2	b 2	c 2
403	a 3	b 2	c 2
404	a4	b_2	c2
405	a 5	b 2	c 2
406	a 6	b 2	c 2
407	a 7	b 2 b 2	c 2
408	a 8	b 2	c 2
409	a 9	b 2	c 2
410	a 10	b 2	c 2
411	a 11	b 2	c 2
412	a 12	b 2	c 2
413	a 13	b 2	c 2



No.	Ср	Bridge	Flu
414	a 14	b 2	c 2
415	a 15	b 2	c 2
416	a 16	b 2	c 2
417	a 17	b 2	c 2
418	a 18	b 2	c 2
419	a 19	b 2	c 2
420	a 20	b 2	c 2 c 2
421	a 21	b 2	c 2
422	a 22	b 2	c 2
423	a 23	b 2	c 2
424	a 24	b 2	c 2
425	a 25	b 2	c 2
426	a 1	b 3	c 2
427	a 2	b 3	c 2 c 2
428	a 3	b 3	c 2
429	a 4	b 3	c 2
430	a 5	b 3	c 2
431	a 6	b 3	c 2
432	a 7	b 3	c 2
433	a 8	b 3	c 2
434	a 9	b 3	c 2
435	a 10	b 3	C 2
436	a 10	h 3	C 2
437	a 12	b 3 b 3	c 2 c 2 c 2
438	a 13	b 3	c 2
439	a 14	b 3	c 2
440	a 15	b 3	c 2
441	a 16	b 3	c 2
442	a 17	b 3	c 2
443	a 18	b 3	c 2
444	a 19	b 3	c 2
445	a 20	b 3	c 2
446	a 21	b 3	c 2
447	a 22	b 3	c 2
447	a 23	b 3	c 2
449		b 3	c 2
	a 24	b 3	c2
450	a_25 a 1	b 4	C2
451	a 2	b 4	c 2
452		b 4	c 2
453	a 3	b 4	
454	a 4		c 2
455	a 5	b 4	c 2
456	a 6	b 4	c 2
457	a 7	b 4	c 2
458	a 8	b 4	c 2
459	a 9	b 4	c 2

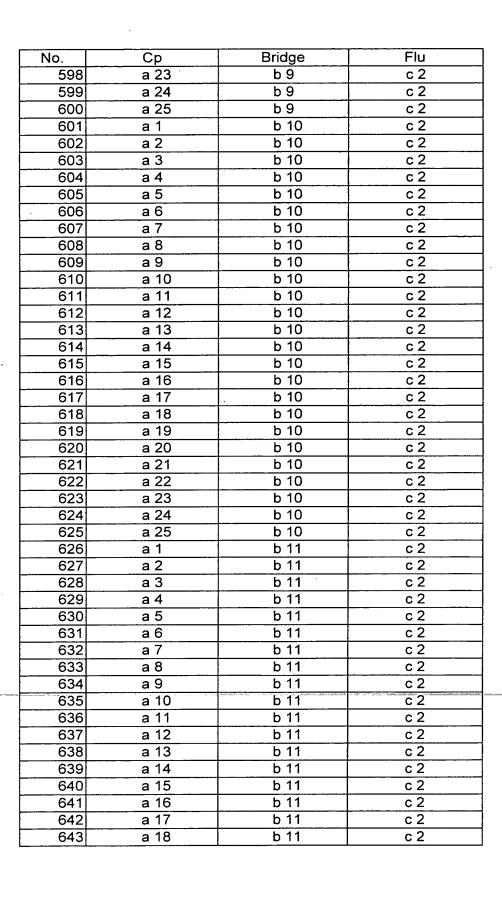
No.	Ср	Bridge	Flu
460	a 10	b 4	c 2
461	a 11	b 4	c 2
462	a 12	b 4	c 2
463	a 13	b 4	c 2
464	a 14	b 4	c 2
465	a 15	b 4	c 2
466	a 16	b 4	c 2
467	a 17	b 4	c 2
468	a 18	b 4	c 2
469	a 19	b 4	c 2
470	a 20	b 4	c 2
471	a 21	b 4	c 2
472	a 22	b 4	c 2
473	a 23	b 4	c 2
474	a 24	b 4	c 2
475	a 25	b 4	c 2
476	a 1	b 5	c 2
477	a 2	b 5	c 2
478	a 3	b 5	c 2
479	a 4	b 5	c 2
480	a 5	b 5	c 2
481	a 6	b 5	c 2
482	a 7	b 5	c 2
483	a 8	b 5	c 2
484	a 9	b 5	c 2
485	a 10	b 5	c 2
486	a 11	b 5	c 2
487	a 12	b 5	c 2
488	a 13	b 5	c 2
489	a 14	b 5	c 2
490	a 15	b 5	c 2
491	a 16	b 5	c 2
492	a 17	b 5	c 2
493	a 18	b 5	c 2
494	a 19	b 5	c 2
495	a 20	b 5	c 2
496	a_21	b 5	c 2
497	a 22	b 5	c 2
498	a 23	b 5	c 2
499	a 24	b 5	c 2
500	a 25	b 5	c 2
501	a 1	b 6	c 2
502	a 2	b 6	c 2
503	a 3	b 6	c 2
504	a 4	b 6	c 2
505	a 5	b 6	c 2



No.	Ср	Bridge	Flu
506	a 6	b 6	c 2
507	a 7	b 6	c 2
508	a 8	b 6	c 2
509	a 9	b 6	c 2
510	a 10	b6	c 2
511	a 11	b6	c 2
512	a 12	b6	c 2
513	a 13	b 6	c 2
514	a 14	b 6	c 2
515	a 15	b 6	c 2
516	a 16	b 6	c 2
517	a 17	b6	c 2
518	a 18	b6	c 2
519	a 19	b6	c 2
520	a 20	b6	c 2
521	a 21	b6	c 2
522	a 22	b 6	c 2
523	a 23	b 6	c 2
524	a 24	b 6	c 2
525	a 25	b6	c 2
526	a 1	b 7	c 2
527	a 2	b 7	c 2
528	a 3	b 7	c 2
529	a 4	b 7	c 2 c 2 c 2 c 2
530	a 5	b7	c 2
531	а 6	b 7	c 2
532	a 7	b 7	c2
533	a 8	b 7	c 2
534	a 9	b 7	c 2
535	a 10	b 7	c 2
536	a 11	b 7	c 2
537	a 12	b 7	c 2 c 2
538	a 13	b 7	c 2
539	a 14	b 7	c 2
540	a 15	b 7	c 2
541	a 16	b 7	c 2
542	a17	<u> </u>	<u>c 2</u>
543	a 18	b 7	c 2
544	a 19	b7	c 2
545	a 20	b 7	c 2
546	a 21	b 7	c 2
547	a 22	b 7	c 2
548	a 23	b 7	c 2
549	a 24	b 7	c 2
550	a 25	b 7	c 2
551	a 1	b 8	c 2



No. I	<u> </u>	Dridge	Flu
No.	Ср	Bridge	
552	a 2	b 8	c 2
553	a 3	b 8	c 2
554	a 4	b 8	c 2
555	a 5	b 8	c 2
556	a 6	b 8	c 2
557	a 7	b 8	c 2
558	a 8	b 8	c 2
559	a 9	b 8	c 2
560	a 10	b 8	c 2
561	a 11	b 8	c 2
562	a 12	b 8	c 2
563	a 13	b 8	c 2
564	a 14	b 8	c 2
565	a 15	b 8	c 2
566	a 16	b 8	c 2
567	a 17	b 8	c 2
568	a 18	b 8	c 2
569	a 19	b 8	c 2
570	a 20	b 8	c 2
571	a 21	b 8	c 2
572	a 22	b 8	c 2
573	a 23	b 8	c 2
574	a 24	b 8	c 2
575	a 25	b 8	c 2
576	a 1	b 9	c 2
577	a 2	b 9	c 2
578	a 3	b 9	c 2
579	a 4	b 9	c 2
580	a 5	b 9	c 2
581	a 6	b 9	c 2
582	a 7	b 9	c 2
583	a 8	b 9	c 2
584	a 9	b 9	c 2
585	a 10	b 9	c 2
586	a 11	b 9	c 2
587	a 12	b 9	c 2
588	a_13	b 9	c 2
589	a 14	b 9	c 2
590	a 15	b 9	c 2
591	a 16	b 9	c 2
592	a 17	b 9	c 2
593	a 18	b 9	c 2
594	a 19	b 9	c 2
595	a 20	b 9	c 2
596	a 21	b 9	c 2
597	a 22	b 9	c 2
<u> </u>	a 44		<u> </u>

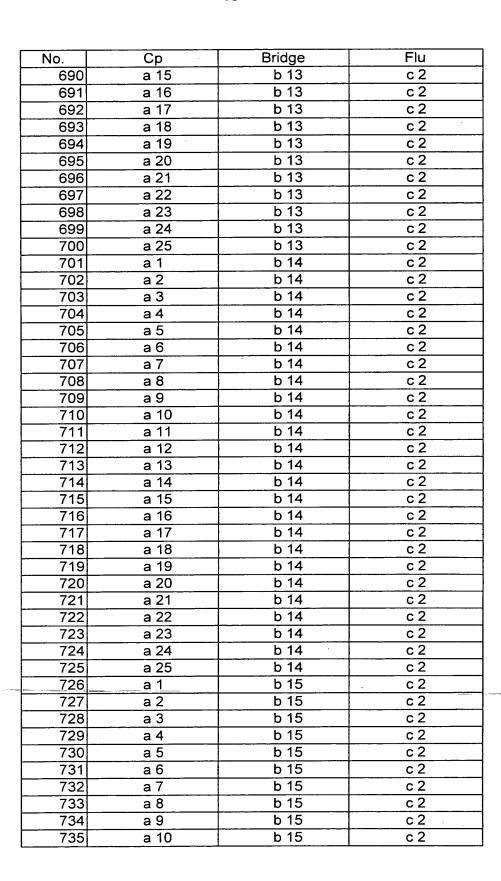






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No.	Ср	Bridge	Flu
644	a 19	b 11	c 2
645	a 20	b 11	c 2
646	a 21	b 11	c 2
647	a 22	b 11	c 2
648	a 23	b 11	c 2
649	a 24	b 11	c 2
650	a 25	b 11	c 2
651	a 1	b 12	c 2
652	a 2	b 12	c 2
653	a 3	b 12	c 2
654	a 4	b 12	c 2
655	a 5	b 12	c 2
656	a 6	b 12	c 2
657	a 7	b 12	c 2
658	a 8	b 12	c 2
659	a 9	b 12	c 2
660	a 10	b 12	c 2
661	a 11	b 12	c 2
662	a 12	b 12	c 2
663	a 13	b 12	c 2
664	a 14	b 12	c 2
665	a 15	b 12	c 2
666	a 16	b 12	c 2
667	a 17	b 12	c 2
668	a 18	b 12	c 2 c 2
669	a 19	b 12	c 2
670	a 20	b 12	c 2
671	a 21	b 12	c 2
672	a 22	b 12	c 2
673	a 23	b 12	c 2
674	a 24	b 12	c 2
675	a 25	b 12	c 2
676	a 1	b 13	c 2
677	a 2	b 13	c 2
678	a 3	b 13	c 2
679	a 4	b 13	c 2
680	a.5	b 13	c 2
681	a 6	b 13	c 2
682	a 7	b 13	c 2
683	a 8	b 13	c 2
684	a 9	b 13	c 2
685	a 10	b 13	c 2
686	a 11	b 13	c 2
687	a 12	b 13	c 2
688	a 13	b 13	c 2
689	a 14	b 13	c 2

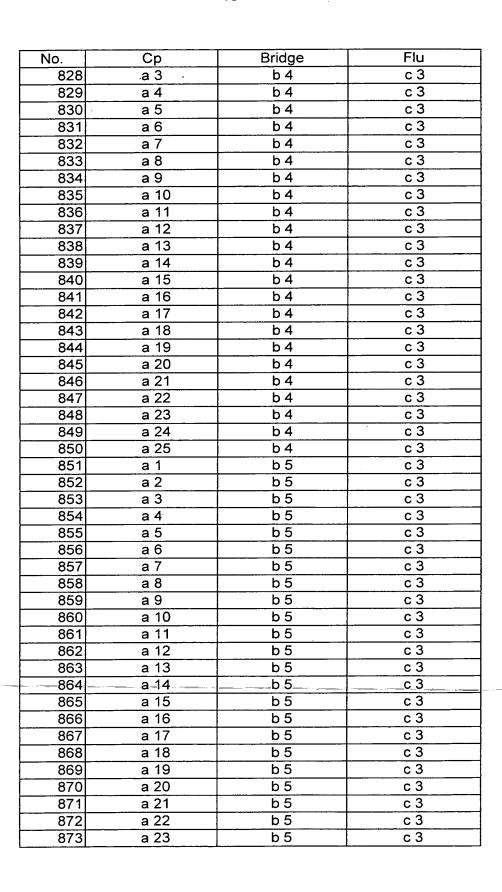




No.	Ср	Bridge	Flu
736	a 11	b 15	c 2
737	a 12	b 15	c 2
738	a 13	b 15	c 2
739	a 14	b 15	c 2
740	a 15	b 15	c 2
741	a 16	b 15	c 2
742	a 17	b 15	c 2
743	a 18	b 15	c 2
744	a 19	b 15	c 2
745	a 20	b 15	c 2
746	a 21	b 15	c 2
747	a 22	b 15	c 2
748	a 23	b 15	c 2
749	a 24	b 15	c 2
750	a 25	b 15	c 2
751	a 1	b1	c 3
752	a 2	b 1	c 3
753	a 3	b 1	c 3
754	a 4	b 1	c 3
755	a 5	b 1	c 3
756	a 6	b 1	с3
757	a 7	b 1	с3
758	a 8	b 1	с3
759	a 9	b 1	c 3
760	a 10	b 1	c 3
761	a 11	b 1	c 3
762	a 12	b 1	с3
763	a 13	b 1	с3
764	a 14	b 1	с3
765	a 15	b 1	c 3
766	a 16	b 1	c 3
767	a 17	b 1	c 3
768	a 18	b 1	с3
769	a 19	b 1	c 3
770	a 20	b 1	c 3
771	a 21	b 1	c 3
772	a 22	b 1	<u>c3</u>
773	a 23	b 1	с3
774	a 24	b 1	c 3
775	a 25	b 1	c 3
776	a 1	b 2	с 3
777	a 2	b 2	c 3
778	a 3	b 2	с 3
779	a 4	b 2	с3
780	a 5	b 2 b 2	c3

No.	Ср	Bridge	Flu
782	a 7	b 2	с3
783	a 8	b 2	с3
784	a 9	b 2	с3
785	a 10	b 2	с3
786	a 11	b 2	c 3
787	a 12	b 2	c 3
788	a 13	b 2 b 2 b 2 b 2 b 2	c 3
789	a 14	b 2	c 3
790	a 15	b 2	c 3
791	a 16	b 2	c 3
792	a 17	b 2	с 3
793	a 18	b 2	c 3
794	a 19	b 2	c 3
795	a 20	b 2	c 3
796	a 21	b 2	c 3
797	a 22	b 2	c 3
798	a 23	b 2 b 2	c 3
799	a 24	b 2	c 3
800	a 25	b 2	c 3
801	a 1	b 3	c 3
802	a 2	b 3	c 3
803	a 3	b 3	c 3
804	a 4	b 3	c 3
805	a 5	b 3	c 3
806	a 6	b 3	c 3
807	a 7	b 3 b 3	c 3
808	a 8	b 3	c 3
809	a 9	b 3	c 3
810	a 10	b 3	c 3
811	a 11	b 3	c 3
812	a 12	b 3	c 3
813	a 13	b 3	c 3
814	a 14	b 3	c 3
815	a 15	b 3	c 3
816	a 16	b 3	c 3
817	a 17	b 3	c 3
818	a_18	<u>b3</u>	c 3
819	a 19	b 3	c 3
820	a 20	b 3	c 3
821	a 21	b 3	c 3
822	a 22	b 3	c 3
823	a 23	b 3	c 3
824	a 24	b 3	c 3
825	a 25	b 3	c 3
826	a 1	b 4	c 3
827	a 2	b 4	c 3







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No.	Ср	Bridge	Flu
874	a 24	b 5	c 3
875	a 25	b 5	c 3
876	a 1	b 6	c 3
877	a 2	b6	c 3
878	a 3	b 6	c 3
879	a 4	b 6	c 3
880	a 5	b 6	c 3
881	a 6	b 6	c 3
882	a 7	b 6	c 3
883	a 8	b 6	c 3
884	a 9	b 6	c 3
885	a 10	b 6	c 3
886	a 11	b 6	c 3
887	a 12	b 6	c 3
888	a 13	b6	c 3
889	a 14	b 6	c 3
890	a 15	b 6	c 3
891	a 16	b 6	c 3
892	a 17	b 6	c 3
893	a 18	b 6	c 3
894	a 19	b 6	c 3
895	a 20	b 6	c 3
896	a 21	b 6	c 3
897	a 22	b 6	c 3
898	a 23	b 6	c 3
899	a 24	b6	c 3
900	a 25	b6	c 3
901	a 1	b 7	c 3
902	a 2	b 7	c 3
903	a 3	b 7	c 3
904	a 4	b 7 b 7	c 3 c 3
905 906	a 5 a 6	b 7	c 3
906	а б а 7	b 7	c 3
		b 7	c 3
908	a 8	b 7	c 3
909	a 9 a 10	b7	c 3
910	<u>a 10</u> a 11	b7	c 3
911	a 12	b 7	c 3
912	a 12 a 13 ∖	b 7	c 3
913	a 13 \ a 14	b 7	c 3
914	a 14	b 7	c 3
915	a 15	b 7	c 3
916	a 16	b 7	c 3
917	a 17	b 7	
918	a 18 a 19	b 7	c 3
[919	a 19	υ/	<u> </u>

No.	Ср	Bridge	Flu
920	a 20	b 7	c 3
921	a 21	b 7	c 3
922	a 22	b 7	c 3
923	a 23	b 7	c 3
924	a 24	b 7	c 3
925	a 25	b 7	c 3
926	a 1	b 8	c3
927	a 2	b 8	c 3
928	a 3	b 8	c 3
929	a 4	b 8	c 3
930	a 5	b 8	c 3
931	a 6	b 8	c 3
932	a 7	b 8	c 3
933	a 8	b 8	c 3
934	a 9	b 8	c 3
935	a 10	b 8	c 3
936	a 11	b 8	c 3
937	a 12	b 8	c 3
938	a 13	b 8	c 3
939	a 14	b 8	c 3
940	a 15	b 8	c 3
941	a 16	b 8	c 3
942	a 17	b 8	c 3
943	a 18	b 8	c 3
944	a 19	b 8	c 3
945	a 20	b 8	c 3
946	a 21	b 8	c 3
947	a 22	b 8	c 3
948	a 23	b 8	c 3
949	a 24	b 8	c3
950	a 25	b 8	c 3
951	a 1	b 9	c 3
952	a 2	b 9	c 3
953	a 3	b 9	c 3
954	a 4	b 9	c 3
955	a 5	b 9	c 3
956	a_6	b9	c3
957	a 7	b 9	c 3
958	a 8	b 9	c 3
959	a 9	b 9	c 3
960	a 10	b 9	c 3
961	a 11	b 9	c 3
962	a 12	b 9	c 3
963	a 13	b 9	c 3
964	a 14	b 9	c 3
965	a 15	b 9	c 3

No.	Ср	Bridge	Flu
966	ор а 16	b 9	c 3
	a 17	b 9	c 3
967		b 9	c3
968	a 18		
969	a 19	b 9	c 3
970	a 20	b9	c 3
971	a 21	b 9	c 3
972	a 22	b 9	c 3
973	a 23	b9	c 3
974	a 24	b 9	c 3
975	a 25	b 9	c 3
976	a 1	b 10	c 3
977	a 2	b 10	c 3
978	a 3	b 10	c 3
979	a 4	b 10	c3
980	a 5	b 10	c 3
981	a 6	b 10	c 3
982	a 7	b 10	c 3
983	a 8	b 10	c 3
984	a 9	b 10	c 3
985	a 10	b 10	c 3
986	a 11	b 10	c 3
987	a 12	b 10	c 3
988	a 13	b 10	c 3
989	a 14	b 10	c 3
990	a 15	b 10	c 3
991	a 16	b 10	c 3
992	a 17	b 10	. с3
993	a 18	b 10	c 3
994	a 19	b 10	c 3
995	a 20	b 10	c 3
996	a 21	b 10	c 3
997	a 22	b 10	c 3
998	a 23	b 10	c 3
999	a 24	b 10	c 3
1000	a 25	b 10	c 3
1001	a 1	b 11	c 3
1002	a 2	b 11	c 3
1003	a 3	b 11	c 3
1004	a 4	b 11	c 3
1005	a 5	b 11	. c3
1006	a 6	b 11	c 3
1007	a 7	b 11	c 3
1008	a 8	b 11	c 3
1009	a 9	b 11	c 3
1010	a 10	b 11	c 3
1011	a 11	b 11	c 3

No.	Ср	Bridge	Flu
1012	a 12	b 11	c 3
1013	a 13	b 11	c 3
1014	a 14	b 11	c 3
1015	a 15	b 11	c 3
1016	a 16	b 11	c 3
1017	a 17	b 11	с 3
1018	a 18	b 11	c 3
1019	a 19	b 11	c 3
1020	a 20	b 11	c 3
1021	a 21	b 11	c 3
1022	a 22	b 11	c 3 .
1023	a 23	b 11	c 3
1024	a 24	b 11	с 3
1025	a 25	b 11	c 3
1026	a 1	b 12	c 3
1027	a 2	b 12	c 3
1028	a 3	b 12	c 3
1029	a 4	b 12	с3
1030	a 5	b 12	c 3
1031	a 6	b 12	с3
1032	a 7	b 12	c 3
1033	a 8	b 12	c 3
1034	a 9	b 12	c 3
1035	a 10	b 12	с3
1036	a 11	b 12	c 3
1037	a 12	b 12	c 3
1038	a 13	b 12	c 3
1039	a 14	b 12	c 3
1040	a 15	b 12	c 3
1041	a 16	b 12	c 3
1042	a 17	b 12	c 3
1043	a 18	b 12	c 3
1044	a 19	b 12	c 3
1045	a 20	b 12	c 3
1046	a 21	b 12	c 3
1047	a 22	b 12	c 3
1048	a 23	b 12	с3
1049	a 24	b 12	c 3
1050	a 25	b 12	c 3
1051	a 1	b 13	c 3
1052	a 2	b 13	с3
1053	a 3	b 13	c 3
1054	a 4	b 13	c 3
1055	a 5	b 13	c 3
1056	a 6	b 13	c 3
1057	a 7	b 13	с3

No.	Ср	Bridge	Flu
1058	a 8	b 13	c 3
1059	a 9	b 13	c 3
1060	a 10	b 13	c 3
1061	a 11	b 13	c 3
1062	a 12	b 13	c 3
1063	a 13	b 13	c 3
1064	a 14	b 13	c 3
1065	a 15	b 13	c 3
1066	a 16	b 13	c 3
1067	a 17	b 13	c 3
1068	a 18	b 13	c 3
1069	a 19	b 13	c 3
1070	a 20	b 13	c 3
1071	a 21	b 13	c 3
1072	a 22	b 13	c 3
1073	a 23	b 13	с3
1074	a 24	b 13	c 3
1075	a 25	b 13	c 3
1076	a 1	b 14	c 3
1077	a 2	b 14	с3
1078	a 3	b 14	с3
1079	a 4	b 14	c 3
1080	a 5	b 14	c 3
1081	a 6	b 14	c 3
1082	a 7	b 14	c 3
1083	a 8	b 14	c 3
1084	a 9	b 14	c 3
1085	a 10	b 14	c 3
1086	a 11	b 14	c 3
1087	a 12	b 14	c 3
1088	a 13	b 14	c 3
1089	a 14	b 14	c 3
1090	a 15	b 14	с3
1091	a 16	b 14	c 3
1092	a 17	b 14	c 3
1093	a 18	b 14	c 3
1094	a 19	b 14	c 3
1095	a 20	b 14	c3
1096	a 21	b 14	c 3
1097	a 22	b 14	c 3
1098	a 23	b 14	c 3
1099	a 24	b 14	c 3
1100	a 25	b 14	c 3
1101	a 1	b 15	c 3
1102	a 2	b 15	c 3
1103	a 3	b 15	c 3



No.	Ср	Bridge	Flu
1104	<u>а</u> 4	b 15	c 3
1105	a 5	b 15	c 3
1106	a 6	b 15	c 3
1107	a 7	b 15	c 3
1108	a 8	b 15	c 3
1109	a 9	b 15	c 3
1110	a 10	b 15	c 3
1111	a 11	b 15	c 3
1112	a 12	b 15	c 3
1113	a 13	b 15	c 3
1114	a 14	b 15	c 3
1115	a 15	b 15	c 3
1116	a 16	b 15	c 3
1117	a 17	b 15	c 3
1118	a 18	b 15	c3
1119	a 19	b 15	c 3
1120	a 20	b 15	c 3
1121	a 21	b 15	c 3
1122	a 22	b 15	с3
1123	a 23	b 15	c3
1124	a 24	b 15	с3
1125	a 25	b 15	с3
1126	a 1	b 1	c 4
1127	a 2	b 1	c 4
1128	a 3	b 1	c 4
1129	a 4	b 1	c 4
1130	a 5	b 1	c 4
1131	a 6	b 1	c 4
1132	a 7	b 1	c 4
1133	a 8	b 1	c 4
1134	a 9	b 1	c 4
1135	a 10	b1	c 4
1136	a 11	b 1	c 4
1137	a 12	b 1	c4
1138	a 13	b 1	c4
1139	a 14	b 1	c 4
1140	a 15	b 1	c 4
1141	a_16	b_1	c_4
1142	a 17	b 1	c 4
1143	a 18	b 1	c 4
1144	a 19	b 1	c 4
1145	a 20	b 1	c 4
1146	a 21	b 1	c 4
1147	a 22	b 1	c4
1148	a 23	b 1	c4
1149	a 24	b 1	c 4



No.	Ср	Bridge	Flu
1150	a 25	b 1	c 4
1151	a 1	b 2	c 4
1152	a 2	b 2	c 4
1153	a 3	b 2	c 4
1154	a 4	b 2	c 4
1155	a 5	b 2	c 4
1156	a 6	b 2	c 4
1157	a 7	b 2 b 2	c 4
1158	a 8	b 2	c 4
1159	a 9	b 2	c 4
1160	a 10	b 2	c 4
1161	a 11	b 2	c 4
1162	a 12	b 2	c 4
1163	a 13	b 2	c 4
1164	a 14	b 2	c 4
1165	a 15	b 2 b 2	c 4
1166	a 16	b 2	c 4
1167	a 17	b 2	c 4
1168	a 18	b 2	c 4
1169	a 19	b 2	c 4
1170	a 20	b 2	c 4
1171	a 21	b 2	c 4
1172	a 22	b 2	c 4
1173	a 23	b 2 b 2 b 2	c 4
1174	a 24	b 2	c 4
1175	a 25	b 2	c 4
1176	a 1	b3	c 4
1177	a 2	b 3	c 4
1178	a 3	b 3	c 4
1179	a 4	b 3	c 4
1180	a 5	b 3	c 4
1181	a 6	b 3	c 4
1182	a 7	b 3	c 4
1183	a8	b 3	c 4
1184	a 9	b 3	c 4
1185	a 10	b 3	c 4
1186	a 11	b 3	c 4
_1187	a-12	b-3	c-4
1188	a 13	b 3	c 4
1189	a 14	b 3	c 4
1190	a 15	b 3	c 4
1191	a 16	b 3	c 4
1192	a 17	b 3	c 4
1193	a 18	b 3	c 4
1194	a 19	b3	c 4
1195	a 20	b3	c 4



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No.	Ср	Bridge	Flu
1196	a 21	b 3	c 4
1197	a 22	b 3	c 4
1198	a 23	b 3	c 4
1199	a 24	b 3	c 4
1200	a 25	b 3	c 4
1201	a 1	b 4	c 4
1202	a 2	b 4	c 4
1203	a 3	b 4	c 4
1204	a 4	b 4	c 4
1205	a 5	b 4	c 4
1206	a 6	b 4	c 4
1207	a 7	b 4	c 4
1208	a 8	b 4	c 4
1209	a 9	b 4	c 4
1210	a 10	b 4	c 4
1211	a 11	b 4	c 4
1212	a 12	b4 .	c 4
1213	a 13	b 4	c 4
1214	a 14	b 4	c 4
1215	a 15	b 4	c 4
1216	a 16	b 4	c 4
1217	a 17	b 4	c 4
1218	a 18	b 4	c 4
1219	a 19	b4	c 4
1220	a 20	b 4	c 4
1221	a 21	b 4	c 4
1222	a 22	b 4	c 4
1223	a 23	b 4	c 4
1224	a 24	b 4	c 4
1225	a 25	b 4	c 4
1226	a 1	b 5	c 4
1227	a 2	b 5	c 4
1228	a 3	b 5	c 4
1229	a 4	b 5	c 4
1230	a 5	b 5	c 4
1231	a 6	b 5	c 4
1232	a 7	b 5	c 4
1233	-а8-	b-5	c4
1234	a 9	b 5	c 4
1235	a 10	b 5	c 4
1236	a 11	b 5	c 4
1237	a 12	b 5	c 4
1238	a 13	b 5	c 4
1239	a 14	b 5	c 4
1240	a 15	b 5	c 4
1241	a 16	b 5	c 4
			- ,



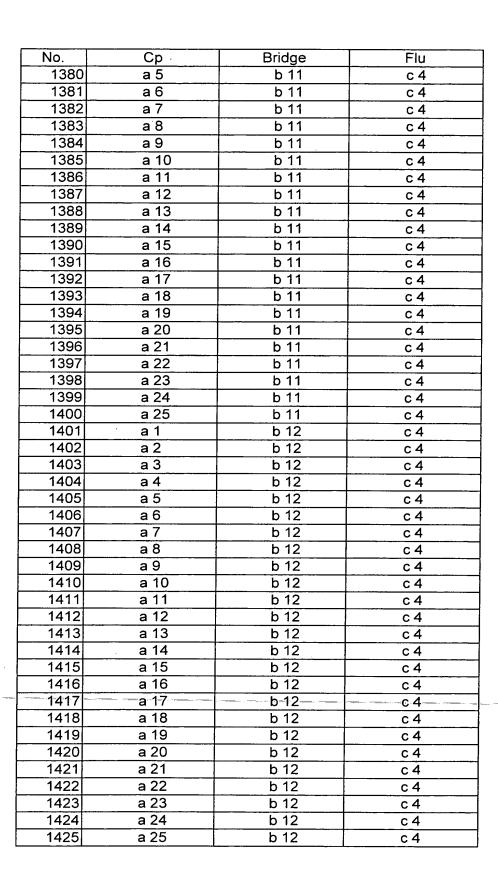
No.	Ср	Bridge	Flu
1242	a 17	b 5	c 4
1243	a 18	b 5	c 4
1244	a 19	b 5	c 4
1245	a 20	b 5	c 4
1246	a 21	b 5	c 4
1247	a 22	b 5	c 4
1248	a 23	b 5	c 4
1249	a 24	b5	c 4
1250	a 25	b 5	c 4
1251	a 1	b6	c 4
1252	a 2	b6	c 4
1253	a 3	b 6	c 4
1254	a 4	b 6	c 4
1255	a 5	b 6	c 4
1256	a 6	b6	c 4
1257	a 7	b 6	c 4
1258	a 8	b 6	c 4
1259	a 9	b 6	c 4
1260	a 10	b 6	c 4
1261	a 11	b 6	c 4
1262	a 12	b 6	c 4
1263	a 13	b 6	c 4
1264	a 14	b 6	c 4
1265	a 15	b 6	c 4
1266	a 16	b 6	c 4
1267	a 17	b 6	c 4
1268	a 18	b 6	c 4
1269	a 19	b 6	c 4
1270	a 20	b 6	c 4
1271	a 21	b 6	c 4
1272	a 22	b 6	c 4
1273	a 23	b 6	c 4
1274	a 24	b 6	c 4
1275	a 25	b 6	c 4
1276	a 1	b 7	c 4
1277	a 2	b 7	c 4
1278	a 3	b 7	c 4
1279	a 4	— b7— —	
1280	a 5	b 7	c 4
1281	a 6	b 7	c 4
1282	a 7	b 7	c 4
1283	a 8	b 7	c 4
1284	a 9	b 7	c 4
1285	a 10	b 7	c 4
1286	a 11	b 7	c 4
1287	a 12	b 7	c 4



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No.	Ср	Bridge	Flu
1288	a 13	b 7	c 4
1289	a 14	b 7	c 4
1290	a 15	b 7	c 4
1291	a 16	b 7	c 4
1292	a 17	b 7	c 4
1293	a 18	b 7	c 4
1294	a 19	b 7	c 4
1295	a 20	b 7	c 4
1296	a 21	b 7	c 4
1297	a 22	b 7	c 4
1298	a 23	b 7	c 4
1299	a 24	b 7	c.4
1300	a 25	b 7	c 4
1301	a 1	b 8	c 4
1302	a 2	b 8	c 4
1303	a 3	b 8	c 4
1304	a 4	b 8	c 4
1305	a 5	b 8	c 4
1306	a 6	b 8	c 4
1307	a 7	b 8	c 4
1308	a 8	b 8	c 4
1309	a 9	b 8	c 4
1310	a 10	b 8	c 4
1311	a 11	b 8	c 4
1312	a 12	b 8	c 4
1313	a 13	b 8	c 4
1314	a 14	b 8	c 4
1315	a 15	b 8	c 4
1316	a 16	b 8	c 4
1317	a 17	b 8	c 4
1318	a 18	b 8	c 4
1319	a 19	b 8	c 4
1320	a 20	b 8	c 4
1321	a 21	b 8	c 4
1322	a 22	b 8	c 4
1323	a 23	b 8	c 4
1324	a 24	b 8	c 4
1325	-a-25		c4
1326	a 1	b 9	c 4
1327	a 2	b 9	c 4
1328	a 3	b 9	c 4
1329	a 4	b 9	c 4
1330	a 5	b 9	c 4
1331	a 6	b 9	c 4
1332	a 7	b 9	c 4
1333	a 8	b 9	c 4

No.	Ср	Bridge	Flu
1334	a 9	b 9	c 4
1335	a 10	b 9	c 4
1336	a 11	b 9	c 4
1337	a 12	b 9	c 4
1338	a 13	b 9	c 4
1339	a 14	b 9	c 4
1340	a 15	b 9	c 4
1341	a 16	b 9	c 4
1342	a 17	b 9	c 4
1343	a 18	b 9	c 4
1344	a 19	b 9	c 4
1345	a 20	b 9	c 4
1346	a 21	b 9	c 4
1347	a 22	b 9	c 4
1348	a 23	b 9	c 4
1349	a 24	b 9	c 4
1350	a 25	b 9	c 4
1351	a 1	b 10	c 4
1352	a 2	b 10	c 4
1353	a 3	b 10	c 4
1354	a 4	b 10	c 4
1355	a 5	b 10	c 4
1356	a 6	b 10	c 4
1357	a 7	b 10	c 4
1358	a 8	b 10	c 4
1359	a 9	b 10	c 4
1360	a 10	b 10	c 4
1361	a 11	b 10	c 4
1362	a 12	b 10	c 4
1363	a 13	b 10	c 4
1364	a 14	b 10	c 4
1365	a 15	b 10	c 4
1366	a 16	b 10	c 4
1367	a 17	b 10	c 4
1368	a 18	b 10	c 4
1369	a 19	b 10	c 4
1370	a 20	b 10	c 4
1371	a 21	b 10	——-c-4———
1372	a 22	b 10	c 4
1373	a 23	b 10	c 4
1374	a 24	b 10	c 4
1375	a 25	b 10	c 4
1376	a 1	b 11	c 4
1377	a 2	b 11	c 4
1378	a 3	b 11	c 4
1379	a 4	b 11	c 4



No.	Ср	Bridge	Flu
1426	a 1	b 13	c 4
1427	a 2	b 13	c 4
1428	a 3	b 13	c 4
1429	a 4	b 13	c 4
1430	a 5	b 13	c 4
1431	a 6	b 13	c 4
1432	a 7	b 13	c 4
1433	a 8	b 13	c 4
1434	a 9	b 13	· c4
1435	a 10	b 13	c4
1436	a 11	b 13	c 4
1437	a 12	b 13	c 4
1438	a 13	b 13	c 4
1439	a 14	b 13	c 4
1440	a 15	b 13	c 4
1441	a 16	b 13	c 4
1442	a 17	b 13	c 4
1443	a 18	b 13	c 4
1444	a 19	b 13	c 4
1445	a 20	b 13	c 4
1446	a 21	b 13	c 4
1447	a 22	b 13	c 4
1448	a 23	b 13	c 4
1449	a 24	b 13	c 4
1450	a 25	b 13	c 4
1451	a 1	b 14	c 4
1452	a 2	b 14	c 4
1453	a 3	b 14	c 4
1454	a 4	b 14	c 4
1455	a 5	b 14	c 4
1456	а 6	b 14	c 4
1457	a 7	b 14	c 4
1458	a 8	b 14	c 4
1459	a 9	b 14	c 4
1460	a 10	b 14	c 4
1461	a 11	b 14	c 4
1462	a 12	b 14	c 4
1463	-a-13	- b-14-	c4
1464	a 14	b 14	c 4
1465	a 15	b 14	c 4
1466	a 16	b 14	c 4
1467	a 17	b 14	c 4
1468	a 18	b 14	C4
1469	a 19	b 14	C4
1470	a 20	b 14	C4
1471	a 21	b 14	c4
	421	014	

1513

1514

1515

1516

1517

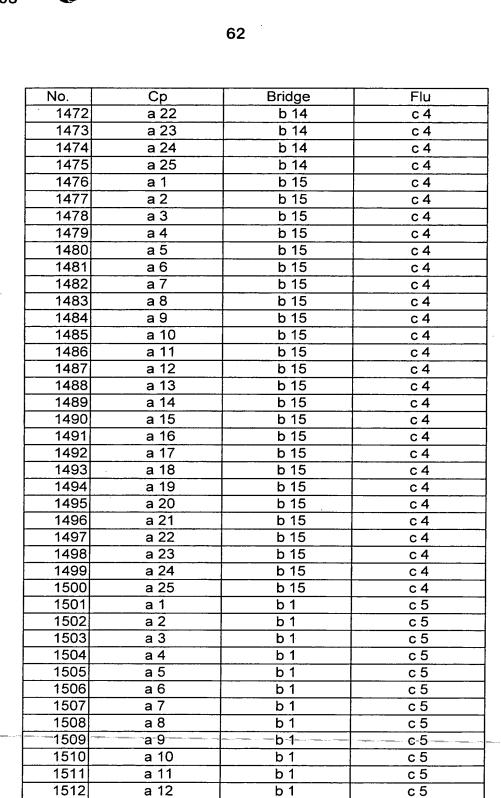
a 13

a 14

a 15

a 16

a 17



b 1

b 1

b 1

b 1

b 1

c 5

c 5

c 5

c 5

c 5

No.	Ср	Bridge	Flu
1518	a 18	b 1	c 5
1519	a 19	b 1	c 5
1520	a 20	b 1	c 5
1521	a 21	b 1	c 5
1522	a 22	b 1	c 5
1523	a 23	b 1	c 5
1524	a 24	b 1	c 5
1525	a 25	b 1	c 5
1526	a 1	b 2	c 5
1527	a 2	b 2	c 5
1528	a 3	b 2	c 5
1529	a 4	b 2	c 5
1530	a 5	b 2	c 5
1531	a 6	b 2	c 5
1532	a 7	b 2	c 5
1533	a 8	b 2	c 5
1534	a 9	b 2	c 5
1535	a 10	b 2	c 5
1536	a 10	b 2	c 5
1537	a 12	b 2	c 5
1538	a 13	b 2	c5
1539		b2	c5
1540	a 14 a 15	b 2	
1541	a 16	b 2	
1542	a 17	b 2	c 5 c 5
1543	a 18	D 2	
1544	a 19	b 2 b 2	c 5 c 5
1544		b 2	
1546	a 20		c 5
1547	a 21 a 22	b 2 b 2	c 5
		b 2	c 5
1548	a 23		c 5
1549	a 24	b 2	c 5
1550	a 25	b 2	c 5
1551	a 1	b3	c 5
1552	a 2	b3	c 5
1553	a 3	b 3	c 5
1554	a 4	b3	c 5
1555	a 5	b-3	c_5
1556	a 6	b 3	c 5
1557	a 7	b 3	c 5
1558	a 8	b 3	c 5
1559	a 9	b 3	c 5
1560	a 10	b 3	c 5
1561	a 11	b3	c 5
1562	a 12	b 3	c 5
1563	a 13	b3	c 5

No.	Ср	Bridge	Flu
1564	a 14	b 3	c 5
1565	a 15	b3	c 5
1566	a 16	b 3	c 5
1567	a 17	b 3	c 5
1568	a 18	b3	c 5
1569	a 19	b 3	c 5
1570	a 20	b 3	c 5
1571	a 21	b 3	c 5
1572	a 22	b 3	c 5
1573	a 23	b 3	c 5
1574	a 24	b 3	c 5
1575	a 25	b 3	c 5
1576	a 1	b 4	c 5
1577	a 2	b 4	c 5
1578	a 3	b 4	c 5
1579	a 4	b 4	c 5
1580	a 5	b 4	c 5
1581	a 6	b 4	c 5
1582	a 7	b 4	c5
1583	a 8	b 4	c 5
1584	a 9	b 4	c 5
1585	a 10	b 4	c 5
1586	a 11	b 4	c 5
1587	a 12	b 4	c 5
1588	a 13	b 4	c 5
1589	a 14	b 4	c 5
1590	a 15	b 4	c 5
1591	a 16	b 4	c 5
1592	a 17	b 4	c 5
1593	a 18	b 4	c 5
1594	a 19	b 4	c 5
1595	a 20	b 4	c 5
1596	a 21	b 4	c 5
1597	a 22	b 4	c 5
1598	a 23	b 4	c 5
1599	a 24	b 4	c 5
1600	a 25	b4	c 5
1601	- a1	b 5	c5
1602	a 2	b 5	c 5
1603	a 3	b 5	c 5
1604	a 4	b 5	c 5
1605	a 5	b 5	c 5
1606	a 6	b 5	c 5
1607	a 7	b 5	c5
	a 8	b 5	c5
1608	· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·		
1609	a 9	b 5	c 5

No.	Ср	Bridge	Flu
1610	a 10	b 5	c 5
1611	a 11	b 5	c 5
1612	a 12	b 5	c 5
1613	a 13	b 5	c 5
1614	a 14	b 5	c 5
1615	a 15	b 5	c 5
1616	a 16	b 5	c 5
1617	a 17	b 5	с5
1618	a 18	b 5	c 5
1619	a 19	b 5	c 5
1620	a 20	b 5	c 5
1621	a 21	b 5	c 5
1622	a 22	b 5	c 5
1623	a 23	b 5	c 5
1624	a 24	b 5	c 5
1625	a 25	b 5	c 5
1626	a 1	b 6	c 5
1627	a 2	b 6	c 5
1628	a 3	b 6	c 5
1629	a 4	b 6	c 5
1630	a 5	b 6	c 5
1631	a 6	b 6	c 5
1632	a 7	b 6	c 5
1633	a 8	b 6	c 5
1634	a 9	b 6	c 5
1635	a 10	b 6	c 5
1636	a 11	b 6	c 5
1637	a 12	b 6	c 5
1638	a 13	b 6	c 5
1639	a 14	b 6	c 5
1640	a 15	b 6	c 5
1641	a 16	b 6	c 5
1642	a 17	b 6	c 5
1643	a 18	b 6	c 5
1644	a 19	b 6	c 5
1645	a 20	b 6	c 5
1646	a 21	b 6	c 5
1647	- a 22	b-6	c_5
1648	a 23	b 6	c 5
1649	a 24	b6	c 5
1650	a 25	b6	c 5
1651	a 1	b7	c5
1652	a 2	b7	c 5
1653	a 3	b7	c5
1654	a3 a4	b7	c5
1655	a 5	b 7	
1000	a 5	D /	c 5

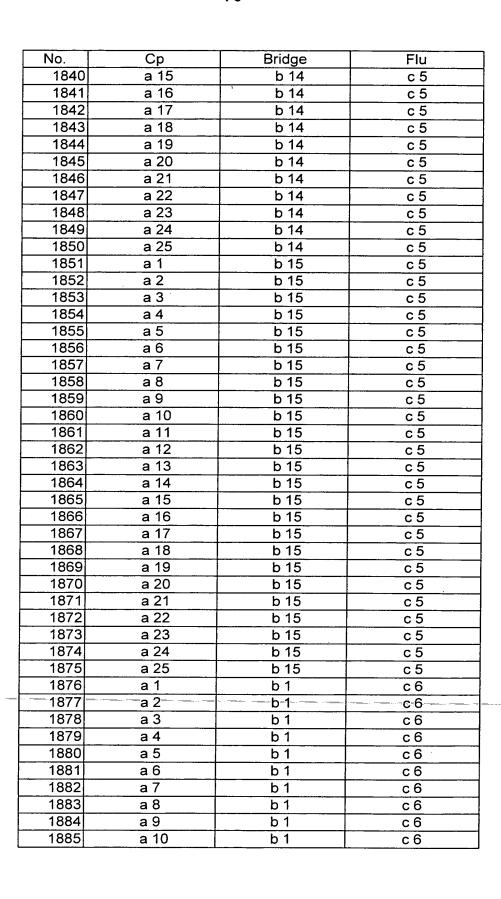
No.	Ср	Bridge	Flu
1656	a 6	b 7	c 5
1657	a 7	b 7	c 5
1658	a 8	b 7	c 5
1659	a 9	b 7	c 5
1660	a 10	b 7	c 5
1661	a 11	b 7	c 5
1662	a 12	b 7	c 5
1663	a 13	b 7	c 5
1664	a 14	b 7	c 5
1665	a 15	b 7	c 5
1666	a 16	b 7	c 5
1667	a 17	b 7	c 5
1668	a 18	b 7	c 5
1669	a 19	b 7	c 5
1670	a 20	b 7	c 5
1671	a 21	b 7	c 5
1672	a 22	b 7	c 5
1673	a 23	b 7	c 5
1674	a 24	b 7	c 5
1675	a 25	b 7	c 5
1676	a 1	b 8	c 5
1677	a 2	b 8	c 5
1678	a 3	b 8	c 5
1679	a 4	b 8	c 5
1680	a 5	b 8	c 5
1681	a 6	b8	c 5
1682	a 7	b 8	c 5
1683	a 8	b 8	c 5
1684	a 9	b 8	c 5
1685	a 10	b 8	c 5
1686	a 11	b 8	c 5
1687	a 12	b 8	c 5
1688	a 13	b 8	c 5
1689	a 14	b 8	c 5
1690	a 15	b 8	c 5
1691	a 16	b 8	c 5
1692	a 17	b 8	c 5
1693	− a-18− − −	b-8	c5
1694	a 19	b 8	c 5
1695	a 20	b 8	c 5
1696	a 21	b 8	c 5
1697	a 22	b 8	c 5
1698	a 23	b 8	c 5
1699	a 24	b 8	c 5
1700	a 25	b 8	c 5
1701	a 1	b 9	c 5



No.	Ср	Bridge	Flu
1702	a 2	b 9	c 5
1703		b 9	c 5
1704	a 4	b 9	c 5
1705	a 5	b 9	c 5
1705	a 6	b 9	c 5
1707	a 7	b 9	c 5
1707	a 8	b 9	c 5
1709	a 9	b 9	
1709	a 10	b 9	c 5 c 5
1710	a 10	b 9	c 5
1711	a 12	b 9	c 5
1713	a 13	b 9	c 5
1713	a 14	b 9	c 5
1714	a 14	b 9	c 5
1715	a 16	b 9	c 5
1717	a 17	b 9	c 5
1717	a 18	b 9	c 5
1719	a 19	b 9	c 5
1719	a 20	b 9	c 5
1720	a 21	b 9	
1721 1722	a 22	b 9	c 5
1722	a 23	b 9	. 65
1723 1724	a 24	b 9	c 5
1725	a 25	b 9	c 5 c 5
1726	a 1	b 10	c 5
1727	a 2	b 10	c 5
1728	a 3	b 10	c 5
1729	a 4	b 10	c 5
1730	a 5	b 10	c 5
1731	a 6	b 10	c 5
1732	a 7	b 10	c 5
1733	a 8	b 10	c 5
1734	a 9	b 10	c 5
1735	a 10	b 10	c 5
1736	a 11	b 10	c5
1737	a 12	b 10	c 5
1737	a 13	b 10	c 5
1739	a 13	b-10	— -c-5—
1740	a 15	b 10	c 5
1741	a 16	b 10	c 5
1742	a 17	b 10	c 5
1743	a 18	b 10	c 5
1744	a 19	b 10	c 5
1745	a 20	b 10	c5
1746	a 21	b 10	c 5
1747	a 22	b 10	c 5
1/4/	0 44	D 10	6.5

No.	Ср	Bridge	Flu
1748	a 23	b 10	c 5
1749	a 24	b 10	c 5
1750	a 25	b 10	c 5
1751	a 1	b 11	c 5
1752	a 2	b 11	c 5
1753	а 3	b 11	c 5
1754	a 4	b 11	c 5
1755	a 5	b 11	c 5
1756	a 6	b 11	c 5
1757	a 7	b 11	c 5
1758	a 8	b 11	c 5
1759	a 9	b 11	c 5
1760	a 10	b 11	c 5
1761	a 11	b 11	c 5
1762	a 12	b 11	· c5
1763	a 13	b 11	c 5
1764	a 14	b 11	c 5
1765	a 15	b 11	c 5
1766	a 16	b 11	c 5
1767	a 17	b 11	. c5
1768	a 18	b 11	c 5
1769	a 19	b 11	c 5
1770	a 20	b 11	c 5
1771	a 21	b 11	c 5
1772	a 22	b 11	c 5
1773	a 23	b 11	c 5
1774	a 24	b 11	c 5
1775	a 25	b 11	c 5
1776	a 1	b 12	c 5
1777	a 2	b 12	c 5
1778	a 3	b 12	c 5
1779	a 4	b 12	c 5
1780	a 5	b 12	c 5
1781	a 6	b 12	c 5
1782	a 7	b 12	c 5
1783	a 8	b 12	c 5
1784	u	b 12	c 5
1785	a 10	b 12	c_5
1786	a 11	b 12	c 5
1787	a 12	b 12	c 5
1788	a 13	b 12	c 5
1789	a 14	b 12	<u>c 5</u>
1790	a 15	b 12	c 5
1791	a 16	b 12	c 5
1792	a 17	b 12	c 5
1793	a 18	b 12	c 5

No.	Ср	Bridge	Flu
1794	a 19	b 12	c 5
1795	a 20	b 12	c 5
1796	a 21	b 12	c 5
1797	a 22	b 12	c 5
1798	a 23	b 12	c 5
1799	a 24	b 12	c 5
1800	a 25	b 12	c 5
1801	a 1	b 13	c 5
1802	a 2	b 13	c 5
1803	a 3	b 13	c 5
1804	a 4	b 13	c 5
1805	a 5	b 13	c 5
1806	a 6	b 13	c 5
1807	a 7	b 13	c 5
1808	a 8	b 13	c 5
1809	a 9	b 13	c 5
1810	a 10	b 13	c 5
1811	a 11	b 13	c 5
1812	a 12	b 13	c 5
1813	a 13	b 13	c 5
1814	a 14	b 13	c 5
1815	a 15	b 13	c 5
1816	a 16	b 13	c 5
1817	a 17	b 13	c 5
1818	a 18	b 13	c 5
1819	a 19	b 13	c 5
1820	a 20	b 13	c 5
1821	a 21	b 13	c 5
1822	a 22	b 13	c 5
1823	a 23	b 13	c 5
1824	a 24	b 13	c 5
1825	a 25	b 13	c 5
1826	a 1	b 14	c 5
1827	a 2	b 14	c 5
1828	a 3	b 14	c 5
1829	a 4	b 14	c 5
1830	a 5	b 14	c 5
1831	- a 6	b-14	c.5
1832	a 7	b 14	c 5
1833	a 8	b 14	c 5
1834	a 9	b 14	c 5
1835	a 10	b 14	c 5
1836	a 11	b 14	c 5
1837	a 12	b 14	c 5
1838	a 13	b 14	c 5
1839	a 14	b 14	c 5

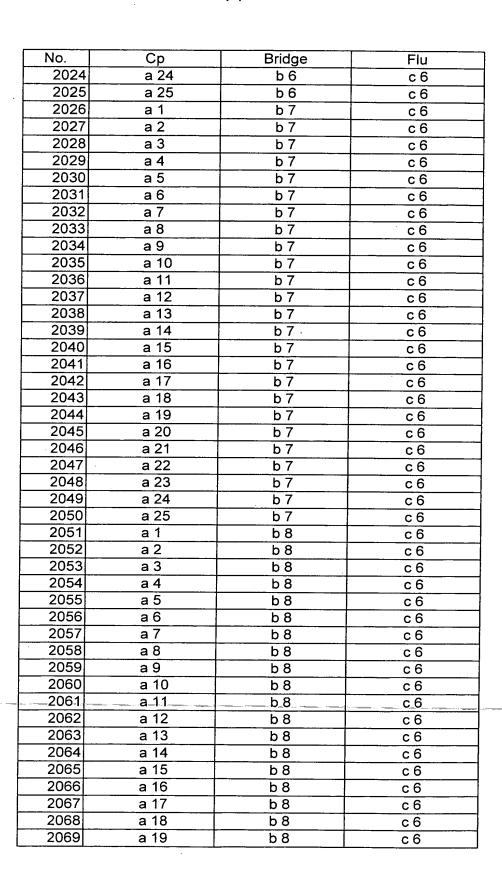




No.	Ср	Bridge	Flu
1886	a 11	b 1	c 6
1887	a 12	b 1	c 6
1888	a 13	b 1	c 6
1889	a 14	b 1	c 6
1890	a 15	b 1	c 6
1891	a 16	b 1	c 6
1892	a 17	b 1	c 6
1893	a 18	b 1	c 6
1894	a 19	b 1	c 6
1895	a 20	b 1	c 6
1896	a 21	b 1	c 6
1897	a 22	b 1	c 6
1898	a 23	b 1	c 6
1899	a 24	b 1	c 6
1900	a 25	b 1	c 6
1901	a 1	b 2	c 6
1902	a 2	b 2	c 6
1903	a 3	b 2	c 6
1904	a 4	b 2	c 6
1905	a 5	b 2	c 6
1906	a 6	b 2	c 6
1907	a 7	b 2	c 6
1908	a 8	b 2	c 6
1909	a 9	b 2	c 6
1910	a 10	b 2	c 6
1911	a 11	b 2	c 6
1912	a 12	b 2	c 6
1913	a 13	b 2	c 6
1914	a 14	b 2	c 6
1915	a 15	b 2	c 6
1916	a 16	b 2	c 6
1917	a 17	b 2	c 6
1918	a 18	b 2	c 6
1919	a 19	b 2	c6
1920	a 20	b 2	c6
1921	a 21	b 2	c 6
1922	a 22	b 2	c 6
1923 -	—а 23—	b-2	c6
1924	a 24	b 2	c 6
1925	a 25	b 2	<u>c6</u>
1926	a 1	b 3	c 6
1927	a 2	b 3	c 6
1928	a 3	b 3	c 6
1929	a 4	b 3	c 6
1930	a 5	b 3	c 6
1931	a 6	b 3	c 6

No.	Ср	Bridge	Flu
1932	a 7	b 3	c 6
1933	a 8	b 3	c 6
1934	a 9	b 3	c 6
1935	a 10	b 3	c 6
1936	a 11	b 3	c 6
1937	a 12	b 3	c 6
1938	a 13	b 3	c 6
1939	a 14	b 3	c 6
1940	a 15	b 3	c 6
1941	a 16	b 3	c 6
1942	a 17	b 3	c 6
1943	a 18	b 3	c 6
1944	a 19	b 3	c 6
1945	a 20	b 3	c 6
1946	a 21	b 3	с6
1947	a 22	b 3	c 6
1948	a 23	b 3	c 6
1949	a 24	b 3	c 6
1950	a 25	b 3	c 6
1951	a 1	b 4	c 6
1952	a 2	b 4	c 6
1953	a 3	b 4	c 6
1954	a 4	b 4	c 6
1955	a 5	b 4	c 6
1956	a 6	b 4	c 6
1957	a 7	b 4	c 6
1958	a 8	b 4	c 6
1959	a 9	b 4	c 6
1960	a 10	b 4	c 6
1961	a 11	b 4	c 6
1962	a 12	b 4	c 6
1963	a 13	b 4	c 6
1964	a 14	b 4	c 6
1965	a 15	b 4	c 6
1966	a 16	b 4	c 6
1967	a 17	b 4	c6
1968	a 18	b 4	c 6
1969	a-19	b4	c_6
1970	a 20	b 4	c 6
1971	a 21	b 4	c 6
1972	a 22	b 4	c 6
1973	a 23	b 4	c 6
1974	a 24	b 4	c 6
1975	a 25	b 4	c 6
1976	a 1	b 5	c 6
1977	a 2	b 5	c 6

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No.	Ср	Bridge	Flu
1978	a 3	b 5	c 6
1979	a 4	b 5	c 6
1980	a 5	b 5	c 6
1981	a 6	b 5	c 6
1982	a 7	b 5	c 6
1983	a 8	b 5	c 6
1984	a 9	b 5	c 6
1985	a 10	b 5	c 6
1986	a 11	b 5	c 6
1987	a 12	b 5	c 6
1988	a 13	b 5	c 6
1989	a 14	b 5	c 6
1990	a 15	b 5	c 6
1991	a 16	b 5	c 6
1992	a 17	b 5	c 6
1993	a 18	b 5	c 6
1994	a 19	b 5	c 6
1995	a 20	b 5	c 6
1996	a 21	b 5	c 6
1997	a 22	b 5	c 6
1998	a 23	b 5	c 6
1999	a 24	b 5	c 6
2000	a 25	b 5	c 6
2001	a 1	b6	c 6
2002	a 2	b6	c 6
2003	а 3	b6	c 6
2004	a 4	b6	c 6
2005	a 5	b 6	c 6
2006	a 6	b 6	c 6
2007	a 7	b6	c 6
2008	a 8	b6	c 6
2009	a 9	b6	c 6
2010	a 10	b 6	c 6
2011	a 11	b6	c 6
2012	a 12	b 6	c 6
2013	a 13	b 6	c 6
2014	a_14	b6	c 6
2015	a 15	b 6	c 6
2016	a 16	b6	c 6
2017	a 17	b6	c 6
2018	a 18	b 6	c 6
2019	a 19	b 6	c 6
2020	a 20	b 6	c 6
2021	a 21	b 6	c 6
2022	a 22	b 6	c 6
2023	a 23	b 6	c 6







No.	Ср	Bridge	Flu
2070	a 20	b 8	c 6
2071	a 21	b 8	c 6
2072	a 22	b 8	c 6
2073	a 23	b 8	c 6
2074	a 24	b 8	c 6
2075	a 25	b 8	c 6
2076	a 1	b 9	c 6
2077	a 2	b 9	c 6
2078	а 3	b 9	c 6
2079	a 4	b 9	c 6
2080	a 5	b 9	c 6
2081	a 6	b 9	c 6
2082	a 7	b 9	c 6
2083	a 8	b 9	c 6
2084	a 9	b 9	c 6
2085	a 10	b 9	c 6
2086	a 11	b 9	c 6
2087	a 12	b 9	c 6
2088	a 13	b 9	c 6
2089	a 14	b 9	c 6
2090	a 15	b 9	c 6
2091	a 16	b 9	c 6
2092	a 17	b 9	c 6
2093	a 18	b 9	c 6
2094	a 19	b 9	c 6
2095	a 20	b 9	c 6
2096	a 21	b 9	c 6
2097	a 22	b 9	c 6
2098	a 23	b 9	c 6
2099	a 24	b 9	c6
2100	a 25	b 9	c 6
2101	a 1	b 10	c 6
2102	4 4	b 10	c 6
2103	a 3	b 10	c 6
2104	a 4	b 10	c 6
2105	a 5	b 10	c 6
2106	a 6	b 10	c 6
2107 _	a-7	b-10	c6
2108	a 8	b 10	c 6
2109	a 9	b 10	<u>c 6</u>
2110	a 10	b 10	c 6
2111	a 11	b 10	c 6
2112	a 12	b 10	<u>c 6</u>
2113	a 13	b 10	c 6
2114	a 14	b 10	<u>c6</u>
2115	a 15	b 10	c6

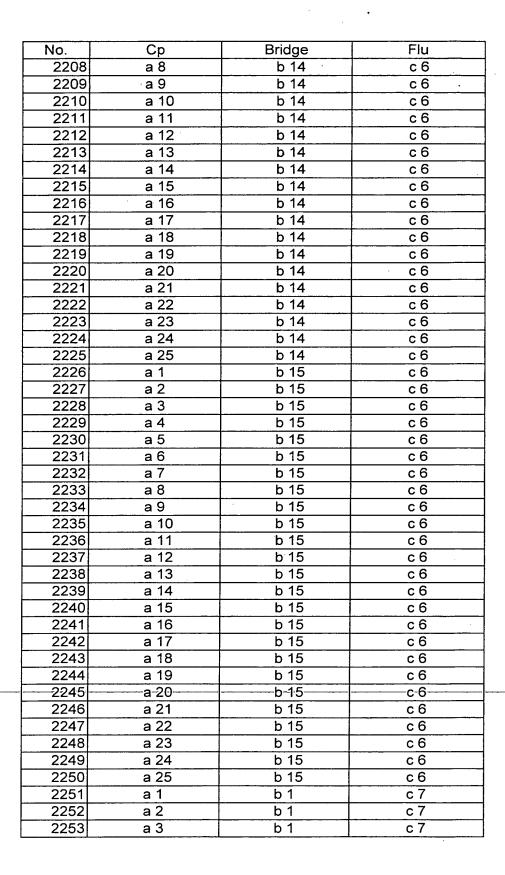
No.	Ср	Bridge	Flu
2116	a 16	b 10	c 6
2117	a 17	b 10	c 6
2118	a 18	b 10	c 6
2119	a 19	b 10	c 6
2120	a 20	b 10	c 6
2121	a 21	b 10	c 6
2122	a 22	b 10	c 6
2123	a 23	b 10	c 6
2124	a 24	b 10	c 6
2125	a 25	b 10	c 6
2126	a 1	b 11	c 6
2127	a 2	b 11	c 6
2128	a 3	b 11	с6
2129	a 4	b 11	c 6
2130	a 5	b 11	c 6
2131	a 6	b 11	c 6
2132	a 7	b 11	c 6
2133	a 8	b 11	c 6
2134	a 9	b 11	c 6
2135	a 10	b 11	c 6
2136	a 11	b 11	c 6
2137	a 12	b 11	c 6
2138	a 13	b 11	c 6
2139	a 14	b 11	c 6
2140	a 15	b 11	c 6
2141	a 16	b 11	c 6
2142	a 17	b 11	c 6
2143	a 18	b 11	c 6
2144	a 19	b 11	c 6
2145	a 20	b 11	c 6
2146	a 21	b 11	c 6
2147	a 22	b 11	c 6
2148	a 23	b 11	c 6
2149	a 24	b 11	c 6
2150	a 25	b 11	с6
2151	a 1	b 12	c 6
2152	a 2	b 12	c 6
2153	a-3	b 12	c_6
2154	a 4	b 12	c 6
2155	a 5	b 12	c 6
2156	a 6	b 12	c 6
2157	a 7	b 12	c 6
2158	a 8	b 12	c 6
2159	a 9	b 12	c 6
2160	a 10	b 12	c 6
2161	a 11	b 12	c 6

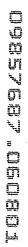




No.	Ср	Bridge	Flu
2162	a 12	b 12	c 6
2163	a 13	b 12	c 6
2164	a 14	b 12	c 6
2165	a 15	b 12	c 6
2166	a 16	b 12	c 6
2167	a 17	b 12	c 6
2168	a 18	b 12	c 6
2169	a 19	b 12	c 6
2170	a 20	b 12	c 6
2171	a 21	b 12	c 6
2172	a 22	b 12	c 6
2173	a 23	b 12	c 6
2174	a 24	b 12	c 6
2175	a 25	b 12	c 6
2176	a 1	b 13	c 6
2177	a 2	b 13	c 6
2178	a 3	b 13	c 6
2179	a 4	b 13	c 6
2180	a 5	b 13	c 6
2181 2182	a 6 a 7	b 13 b 13	c 6 c 6
2183	a <i>7</i>	b 13	c 6
2184	a 9	b 13	c 6
2185	a 10	b 13	c 6
2186	a 10	b 13	c 6
2187	a 12	b 13	c 6
2188	a 13	b 13	c 6
2189	a 14	b 13	c 6
2190	a 15	b 13	c 6
2191	a 16	b 13	c 6
2192	a 17	b 13	c 6
2193	a 18	b 13	c 6
2194	a 19	b 13	с6
2195	a 20	b 13	c 6
2196	a 21	b 13	c6 ·
2197	a 22	b 13	c 6
· 2198	a 23	b 13	c 6
2199	a 24	b_13	c6
2200	a 25	b 13	c 6
2201	a 1	b 14	c 6
2202	a 2	b 14	c 6
2203	a 3	b 14	<u> </u>
2204	a 4	b 14	c 6
2205	a 5	b 14	<u>c6</u>
2206	a 6	b 14	c6
2207	a 7	b 14	c 6





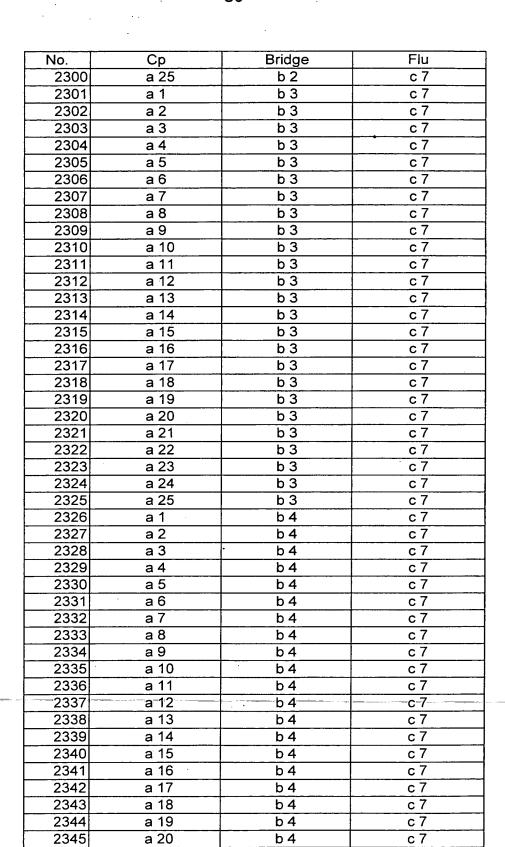






		Ţ	
No.	Ср	Bridge	Flu
2254	a 4	b1	c 7
2255	a 5	b1	c 7
2256	a 6	b1	c 7
2257	a 7	b1	c 7
2258	a 8	b1	c 7
2259	a 9	b 1	c 7
2260	a 10	b1	c 7
2261	a 11	b 1	c 7
2262	a 12	b 1	c 7
2263	a 13	b 1	c 7
2264	a 14	b 1	c 7
2265	a 15	b 1	c 7
2266	a 16	b 1	c 7
2267	a 17	b 1	c 7
2268	a 18	b 1	c 7
2269	a 19	b 1	c 7
2270	a 20	b 1	c 7
2271	a 21	b 1	c 7
2272	a 22	b 1	c 7
2273	a 23	b 1	c 7
2274	a 24	b 1	c 7
2275	a 25	b 1	c 7
2276	a 1	b 2	c 7
2277	a 2	b 2	ċ 7
2278	a 3	b 2	c 7
2279	a 4	b 2	c 7
2280	a 5	b 2	c 7
2281	a 6	b 2	c 7
2282	a 7	b 2	c 7
2283	a 8	b 2	c 7
2284	a 9	b 2	c 7
2285	a 10	b 2	c 7
2286	a 11	b 2	c 7
2287	a 12	b 2	c 7
2288	a 13	b 2	c 7
2289	a 14	b 2	c 7
2290	a 15	b2	c 7
2291	a-1,6	b_2	ε-7
2292	a 17	b 2	c 7
2293	a 18	b 2	c 7
2294	a 19	b 2	c 7
2295	a 20	b 2	c 7
2296	a 21	b 2	c 7
2297	a 22	b 2	c 7
2298	a 23	b 2	c 7
2299	a 24	b 2	c 7





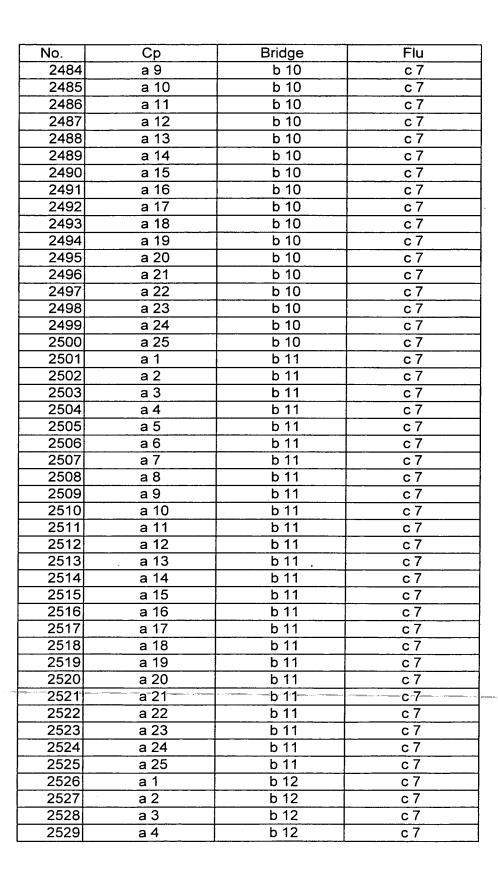


No.	Ср	Bridge	Flu
2346	a 21	b 4	c 7
2347	a 22	b4	c 7
2348	a 23	b 4	c 7
2349	a 24	b4	c 7
2350	a 25	b4	c 7
2351	a 1	b 5	c 7
2352	a 2	b 5	c 7
2353	a 3	b 5	c 7
2354	a 4	b 5	c 7
2355	a 5	b 5	c 7
2356	a 6	b 5	c 7
2357	a 7	b 5	c 7
2358	a 8	b 5	c 7
2359	a 9	b 5	c 7
2360	a 10	b 5	c 7
2361	a 11	b 5	c 7
2362	a 12	b 5	c 7
2363	a 13	b 5	c 7
2364	a 14	b 5	c 7
2365	a 15	b 5	c 7
2366	a 16	b 5	c 7
2367	a 17	b 5	c 7
2368	a 18	b 5	c 7
2369	a 19	b 5	c 7
2370	a 20	b 5	c 7
2371	a 21	b 5	c 7
2372	a 22	b 5	c 7
2373	a 23	b 5	c 7
2374	a 24	b 5	c 7
2375	a 25	b 5	c 7
2376	a 1	b 6	c 7
2377	a 2	b 6	c 7
2378	a 3	b 6	c 7
2379	a 4	b 6	c 7
2380	a 5	b 6	c 7
2381	a 6	b 6	c 7
2382	a 7	b 6	c 7
2383	— a 8— ⊸	b-6	<u> </u>
2384	a 9	b 6	<u>c7</u>
2385	a 10	b 6	c 7
2386	a 11	b 6	<u>c7</u>
2387	a 12	b 6	c 7
2388	a 13	b 6	c 7
2389	a 14	b 6	c 7
2390	a 15	b 6	c 7
2391	a 16	b 6	c 7

No.	Ср	Bridge	Flu
2392	a 17	b 6	c 7
2393	a 18	b6	c 7
2394	a 19	b6	c 7
2395	a 20	b6	c 7
2396	a 21	b 6	c 7
2397	a 22	b 6	c 7
2398	a 23	b6	c 7
2399	a 24	b6	c 7
2400	a 25	b 6	c 7
2401	a 1	b 7	c 7
2402	a 2	b 7	c 7
2403	a 3	b 7	c 7
2404	a 4	b 7	c 7
2405	a 5	b 7	c 7
2406	a 6	b 7	c 7
2407	a 7	b 7	c 7
2408	a 8	b 7	c 7
2409	a 9	b 7	c 7
2410	a 10	b 7	c 7
2411	a 11	b 7	c 7
2412	a 12	, b7	c 7
2413	a 13	b 7	c 7
2414	a 14	b 7	c 7
2415	a 15	b 7	c 7
2416	a 16	b 7	c 7
2417	a 17	b 7	c 7
2418	a 18	b 7	c 7
2419	a 19	b 7	c 7
2420	a 20	b 7	c 7
2421	a 21	b 7	c 7
2422	a 22	b 7	c 7
2423	a 23	b 7	c 7
2424	a 24	b 7	c 7
2425	a 25	b 7	c 7
2426	a 1	b 8	c 7
2427	a 2	b 8	c 7
2428	a 3	b 8	c 7
2429	a 4	- b-8	с7
2430	a 5	b 8	c 7
2431	a 6	b 8	c 7
2432	a 7	b 8	c 7
2433	a 8	b 8	c 7
2434	a 9	b 8	c 7
2435	a 10	b 8	c 7
2436	a 11	b 8	c 7
2437	a 12	. b8	c 7



No.	Ср	Bridge	Flu
2438	a 13	b 8	c 7
2439	a 14	b 8	c 7
2440	a 15	b 8	c 7
2441	a 16	b 8	c7
2442	a 17	b 8	c7
2443	a 18	b 8	c 7
2444	a 19	b 8	c 7
2445	a 20	b 8	c 7
2446	a 21	b 8	c 7
2447	a 22	b 8	c 7
2448	a 23	b 8	c 7
2449	a 24	b 8	c 7
2450	a 25	b 8	c 7
2451	a 1	b 9	c 7
2452	a 2	b 9	c 7
2453	a 3	b 9	c7
2454	a 4	b 9	c 7
2455	a 5	b 9	c 7
2456	a 6	b 9	c 7
2457	a 7	b 9	c 7
2458	a 8	b 9	c7
2459	a 9	b 9	c 7
2460	a 10	b 9	c 7
2461	a 11	b 9	c 7
2462	a 12	b 9	c 7
2463	a 13	b 9	c 7
2464	a 14	b 9	c 7
2465	a 15	b 9	c 7
2466	a 16	b 9	c 7
2467	a 17	b 9	c 7
2468	a 18	b 9	c 7
2469	a 19	b 9	c 7
2470	a 20	b 9	c 7
2471	a 21	b 9	c 7
2472	a 22	b 9	c 7
2473	a 23	b 9	c 7
2474	a 24	b 9	c 7
2475	a 25	b-9	c-7
2476	a 1	b 10	c 7
2477	a 2	b 10	c 7
2478	a 3	b 10	c 7
2479	a 4	b 10	c 7
2480	a 5	b 10	c 7
2481	a 6	b 10	c 7
2482	a 7	b 10	c 7
2483	a 8	b 10	c 7



No.	Ср	Bridge	Flu
2530	а 5	b 12	c 7
		b 12	
2531	a 6		c 7
2532	a 7	b 12	c 7
2533	a 8	b 12	c 7
2534	a 9	b 12	c 7
2535	a 10	b 12	c 7
2536	a 11	b 12	c 7
2537	a 12	b 12	c 7
2538	a 13	b 12	c 7
2539	a 14	b 12	c 7
2540	a 15	b 12	c 7
2541	a 16	b 12	c 7
2542	a 17	b 12	c 7
2543	a 18	b 12	c 7
2544	a 19	b 12	c 7
2545	a 20	b 12	c 7
2546	a 21	b 12	c 7
2547	a 22	b 12	c 7
2548	a 23	b 12	c 7
2549	a 24	b 12	c 7
2550	a 25	b 12	c 7
2551	a 1	b 13	c 7
2552	a 2	b 13	c 7
2553	a 3	b 13	c7
2554	a 4	b 13	c7
2555	a 5	b 13	c 7
2556	a 6	b 13	c 7
2557	a 7	b 13	c 7
2558	a 8	b 13	c 7
2559	a 9	b 13	c 7
2560	a 10	b 13	c 7
2561	a 11	b 13	c 7
2562	a 12	b 13	c 7
2563	a 13	b 13	c 7
2564	a 14	b 13	c 7
2565	a 15	b 13	c 7
2566	a 16	b 13	c 7
2567	a 17	b-13	с7
2568	a 18	b 13	c 7
2569	a 19	b 13	c 7
2570	a 20	b 13	c 7
2571	a 21	b 13	c 7
2572	a 22	b 13	c 7
2573	a 23	b 13	c 7
2574	a 24	b 13	c 7
2575	a 25	b 13	c 7
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No.	Ср	Bridge	Flu
2576	a 1	b 14	c 7
2577	a 2	b 14	c 7
2578	a 3	b 14	c 7
2579	a 4	b 14	c 7
2580	a 5	b 14	c7
2581	a 6	b 14	c7
2582	a 7	b 14	c7
2583	a 8	b 14	c 7
2584	a 9	b 14	c 7
2585	a 10	b 14	c 7
2586	a 11	b 14	c7
2587	a 12	b 14	c7
2588	a 13	b 14	c 7
2589	a 14	b 14	c 7
2590	a 15	b 14	c 7
2591	a 16	b 14	c 7
2592	a 17	b 14	c 7
2593	a 18	b 14	c 7
2594	a 19	b 14	c 7
2595	a 20	b 14	c 7
2596	a 21	b 14	c 7
2597	a 22	b 14	c 7
2598	a 23	b 14	c 7
2599	a 24	b 14	c 7
2600	a 25	b 14	c 7
2601	a 1	b 15	c 7
2602	a 2	b 15	c 7
2603	a 3	b 15	c7
2604	a 4	b 15	c 7
2605	a 5	b 15	c 7
2606	a 6	b 15	c 7
2607	a 7	b 15	c 7
2608		b 15	c 7
2609	a 9	b 15	c7
2610	a 10	b 15	c 7
2611	a 11	b 15	c 7
2612	a 12	b 15	c 7
2613	a 13	b 15	c-7
2614	a 14	b 15	c 7
2615	a 15	b 15	c 7
2616	a 16	b 15	c 7
2617	a 17	b 15	c 7
2618	a 18	b 15	c 7
2619	a 19	b 15	c 7
2620	a 20	b 15	c 7
2621	a 21	b 15	c 7

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No.	Ср	Bridge	Flu
2622	a 22	b 15	c 7
2623	a 23	b 15	c 7
2624	a 24	b 15	c 7
2625	a 25	b 15	c 7

According to the above table, the ligand structure of No. 752 means a combination of a2-b1-c3, so that when the metal part MQj is ZrCl2, the following metallocene compound is exemplified.

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Specific examples of MQj include ZrCl2, ZrBr2, ZrMe2, Zr(OTs)2, Zr(OMs)2, Zr(OTf)2, TiCl2, TiBr2, TiMe2, Ti(OTs)2, Ti(OMs)2, Ti(OTf)2, HfCl2, HfBr2, HfMe2, Hf(OTs)2, Hf(OMs)2 and Hf(OTf)2, wherein Ts indicates a p-toluenesulfonyl group, Ms indicates a methanesulfonyl group, and Tf indicates a trifluoromethanesulfonyl group.

Examples of the metallocene compounds wherein the substituent group on the Cp ring and the substituent group on the bridge part are bonded to form a ring include the following compounds.

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Preferred examples of the metallocene compounds represented by the formula (1) or (2) according to the invention include:

a metallocene compound of the formula (1) wherein R^{1} , R^{13} and R^{14} are each methyl, R^{3} is tert-butyl, R^{2} , R^4 , R^5 , R^7 , R^8 , R^9 , R^{10} and R^{12} are each hydrogen, R^6 and R^{11} are each tert-butyl, M is zirconium, Y is carbon, Q is chlorine, and j is 2;

a metallocene compound of the formula (1) wherein R^{13} and R^{14} are each methyl, R^3 is 1-methyl-1cyclohexyl, R^1 , R^2 , R^4 , R^5 , R^6 , R^8 , R^9 , R^{11} and R^{12} are each hydrogen, R^7 and R^{10} are each tert-butyl, M is zirconium, Y is carbon, Q is chlorine, and j is 2;

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a metallocene compound of the formula (1) wherein R^{13} and R^{14} are each methyl, R^3 is tert-butyl, R^1 , R^2 , R^4 , R^5 , R^8 , R^9 and R^{12} are each hydrogen, R^6 and R^7 are bonded to form -(C(CH₃)₂CH₂CH₂C(CH₃)₂)- and

thereby form a ring, R^{10} and R^{11} are bonded to form - $(C(CH_3)_2CH_2C(CH_3)_2)$ - and thereby form a ring, M is zirconium, Y is carbon, Q is chlorine, and j is 2;

a metallocene compound of the formula (1) wherein R^{13} and R^{14} are each methyl, R^3 is trimethylsilyl, R^1 , R^2 , R^4 , R^5 , R^8 , R^9 and R^{12} are each hydrogen, R^6 and R^7 are bonded to form $-(C(CH_3)_2CH_2C(CH_3)_2)$ and thereby form a ring, R^{10} and R^{11} are bonded to form $-(C(CH_3)_2CH_2CH_2C(CH_3)_2)$ and thereby form a ring, M is zirconium, M is carbon, M is chlorine, and M is M is

a metallocene compound of the formula (1) wherein R^{13} and R^{14} are each methyl, R^3 is 1,1-dimethylpropyl, R^1 , R^2 , R^4 , R^5 , R^6 , R^8 , R^9 , R^{11} and R^{12} are each hydrogen, R^7 and R^{10} are each tert-butyl, M is zirconium, Y is carbon, Q is chlorine, and j is 2;

a metallocene compound of the formula (1) wherein R^{13} and R^{14} are each methyl, R^3 is 1-ethyl-1-methylpropyl, R^1 , R^2 , R^4 , R^5 , R^6 , R^8 , R^9 , R^{11} and R^{12} are each hydrogen, R^7 and R^{10} are each tert-butyl, M is zirconium, Y is carbon, Q is chlorine, and j is 2;

a metallocene compound of the formula (1) wherein R^{13} and R^{14} are each methyl, R^3 is 1,1,3-trimethylbutyl, R^1 , R^2 , R^4 , R^5 , R^6 , R^8 , R^9 , R^{11} and R^{12} are each hydrogen, R^7 and R^{10} are each tert-butyl, R^8 is zirconium, Y is carbon, Q is chlorine, and j is 2;

a metallocene compound of the formula (1) wherein R^{13} and R^{14} are each methyl, R^3 is 1,1-dimethylbutyl, R^1 , R^2 , R^4 , R^5 , R^6 , R^8 , R^9 , R^{11} and R^{12} are each hydrogen, R^7 and R^{10} are each tert-butyl, M is

hydrogen, R^7 and R^{10} are each tert-butyl, M is zirconium, Y is carbon, Q is chlorine, and j is 2;

a metallocene compound of the formula (1) wherein $\rm R^{13}$ and $\rm R^{14}$ are each methyl, $\rm R^3$ is tert-butyl, $\rm R^1$, $\rm R^2$, $\rm R^4$, $\rm R^5$, $\rm R^7$, $\rm R^8$, $\rm R^9$, $\rm R^{10}$ and $\rm R^{12}$ are each hydrogen, $\rm R^6$

and R¹¹ are each tert-butyl, M is zirconium, Y is carbon, Q is chlorine, and j is 2;

a metallocene compound of the formula (1) wherein R^3 , R^{13} and R^{14} are each phenyl, R^1 , R^2 , R^4 , R^5 , R^8 , R^9 and R^{12} are each hydrogen, R^6 and R^7 are bonded to form $-(C(CH_3)_2CH_2C(CH_3)_2)$ and thereby form a ring,

 R^{10} and R^{11} are bonded to form -

(C(CH3)2CH2CH2C(CH3)2) - and thereby form a ring, M is zirconium, Y is carbon, Q is chlorine, and j is 2;

a metallocene compound of the formula (1) wherein R^3 is trimethylsilyl, R^{13} and R^{14} are each phenyl, R^1 ,

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 R^2 , R^4 , R^5 , R^8 , R^9 and R^{12} are each hydrogen, R^6 and R^7 are bonded to form $-(C(CH_3)_2CH_2C(CH_3)_2)-$ and thereby form a ring, R^{10} and R^{11} are bonded to form $-(C(CH_3)_2CH_2CH_2C(CH_3)_2)-$ and thereby form a ring, M is

5 zirconium, Y is carbon, Q is chlorine, and j is 2;

a metallocene compound of the formula (1) wherein R^{13} is methyl, R^{14} is phenyl, R^3 is tert-butyl, R^1 , R^2 , R^4 , R^5 , R^6 , R^8 , R^9 , R^{11} and R^{12} are each hydrogen, R^7 and R^{10} are each tert-butyl, M is zirconium, Y is carbon, Q is chlorine, and j is 2;

a metallocene compound of the formula (1) wherein R^{13} and R^{14} are each ethyl, R^3 is tert-butyl, R^1 , R^2 , R^4 , R^5 , R^6 , R^8 , R^9 , R^{11} and R^{12} are each hydrogen, R^7 and R^{10} are each tert-butyl, M is zirconium, Y is carbon, Q is chlorine, and j is 2;

a metallocene compound of the formula (2) wherein R^1 is methyl, R^3 is tert-butyl, R^2 , R^4 , R^5 , R^6 , R^7 , R^8 , R^9 , R^{10} , R^{11} and R^{12} are each hydrogen, M is zirconium, Y is carbon, Q is chlorine, j is 2, and A is -(CH₂)5-;

a metallocene compound of the formula (2) wherein R^1 is methyl, R^3 is tert-butyl, R^2 , R^4 , R^5 , R^6 , R^8 , R^9 , R^{11} and R^{12} are each hydrogen, R^7 and R^{10} are each tert-butyl, M is zirconium, Y is carbon, Q is chlorine, j is 2, and A is -(CH₂)5-;

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a metallocene compound of the formula (2) wherein \mathbb{R}^3 is trimethylsilyl, \mathbb{R}^1 , \mathbb{R}^2 , \mathbb{R}^4 , \mathbb{R}^5 , \mathbb{R}^7 , \mathbb{R}^8 , \mathbb{R}^9 , \mathbb{R}^{10} and \mathbb{R}^{12} are each hydrogen, \mathbb{R}^6 and \mathbb{R}^{11} are each tertbutyl, M is zirconium, Y is carbon, Q is chlorine, j is 2, and A is -(CH₂)5-;

a metallocene compound of the formula (2) wherein R^3 is trimethylsilyl, R^1 , R^2 , R^4 , R^5 , R^6 , R^8 , R^9 , R^{11} and R^{12} are each hydrogen, R^7 and R^{10} are each tertbutyl, M is zirconium, Y is carbon, Q is chlorine, j is 2, and A is $-(CH_2)5-$;

a metallocene compound of the formula (2) wherein R^3 is tert-butyl, R^1 , R^2 , R^4 , R^5 , R^6 , R^8 , R^9 , R^{11} and R^{12} are each hydrogen, R^7 and R^{10} are each tert-butyl, M is zirconium, Y is carbon, Q is chlorine, j is 2, and A is $-(CH_2)_4-$;

a metallocene compound of the formula (2) wherein R^3 is 1,1-dimethylpropyl, R^1 , R^2 , R^4 , R^5 , R^6 , R^8 , R^9 , R^{11} and R^{12} are each hydrogen, R^7 and R^{10} are each tert-butyl, M is zirconium, Y is carbon, Q is chlorine, j is 2, and A is -(CH₂)5-;

a metallocene compound of the formula (2) wherein \mathbb{R}^3 is tert-butyl, \mathbb{R}^1 , \mathbb{R}^2 , \mathbb{R}^4 , \mathbb{R}^5 , \mathbb{R}^8 , \mathbb{R}^9 and \mathbb{R}^{12} are each hydrogen, \mathbb{R}^6 and \mathbb{R}^7 are bonded to form - $(\mathbb{C}(CH_3)_2CH_2CH_2C(CH_3)_2)$ - and thereby form a ring, \mathbb{R}^{10} and \mathbb{R}^{11} are bonded to form - $(\mathbb{C}(CH_3)_2CH_2CH_2C(CH_3)_2)$ -

and thereby form a ring, M is zirconium, Y is carbon, Q is chlorine, j is 2, and A is $-(CH_2)_4-$;

a metallocene compound of the formula (1) wherein R^1 , R^{13} and R^{14} are each methyl, R^3 is tert-butyl, R^2 , R^4 , R^5 , R^6 , R^8 , R^9 , R^{11} and R^{12} are each hydrogen, R^7 and R^{10} are each tert-butyl, M is zirconium, Y is carbon, Q is chlorine, and j is 2;

a metallocene compound of the formula (1) wherein R^{13} and R^{14} are each methyl, R^3 is tert-butyl, R^1 , R^2 , 10 R^4 , R^5 , R^6 , R^8 , R^9 , R^{11} and R^{12} are each hydrogen, R^7 and R^{10} are each tert-butyl, M is zirconium, Y is carbon, Q is chlorine, and j is 2;

 R^1 , R^{13} and R^{14} are each methyl, R^3 is tert-butyl, R^2 , R^4 , R^5 , R^6 , R^7 , R^8 , R^9 , R^{10} , R^{11} and R^{12} are each hydrogen, M is zirconium, Y is carbon, Q is chlorine, and j is 2;

a metallocene compound of the formula (1) wherein

a metallocene compound of the formula (1) wherein

 R^{13} and R^{14} are each methyl, R^3 is trimethylsilyl, R^1 , 20 R^2 , R^4 , R^5 , R^6 , R^8 , R^9 , R^{11} and R^{12} are each hydrogen, R^7 and R^{10} are each tert-butyl, M is zirconium, Y is carbon, Q is chlorine, and j is 2; and

a metallocene compound of the formula (1) wherein R^{13} and R^{14} are each phenyl, R^3 is trimethylsilyl, R^1 , R^2 , R^4 , R^5 , R^6 , R^8 , R^9 , R^{11} and R^{12} are each hydrogen,

 ${\bf R}^7$ and ${\bf R}^{10}$ are each tert-butyl, M is zirconium, Y is carbon, Q is chlorine, and j is 2.

There is no specific limitation on the process for preparing the metallocene compound represented by the formula (1) or (2), and the compound can be prepared by, for example, the below-described process.

First, the ligand precursor (5) used as starting material for preparing the metallocene compound represented by the formula (1) can be prepared through the following step (A) or (B).

[A]

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$$R^2$$
 R^2 R^2 R^2 R^2 R^2 R^4 or R^1 R^{13} R^{14} R^{14} R^{14} R^{14} R^{14} R^{14}

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Toponymey.coca

$$\begin{bmatrix} B \end{bmatrix}$$

$$R^{12} \xrightarrow{L^{+}} R^{5}$$

$$R^{13} \xrightarrow{R^{14}} R^{14} = \begin{bmatrix} Z_{1}^{1} & Z_{2}^{2} & & & & & \\ R_{13} & & & & & \\ R_{14} & & & & & \\ R_{12} & & & & & \\ R_{13} & & & & & \\ R_{14} & & & & & \\ R_{14} & & & & & \\ R_{15} & & & & & \\ R_{14} & & & & & \\ R_{15} & & & \\ R_{15} & & &$$

(5)

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In the compounds shown in the above steps (A) and (B), R^1 to R^{14} and Y have the same meanings as those of R^1 to R^{14} and Y in the formula (1), respectively, L is an alkali metal, and Z^1 and Z^2 may be the same or different and are each a halogen or an anionic ligand.

With regard to the cyclopentadiene (7), the precursor compound (10) and the ligand precursor (5), presence of isomers different in only the position of a double bond in the cyclopentadienyl ring can be thought, but only one example is shown. Each of them may be another isomer different in only the position of a double bond in the cyclopentadienyl ring or a mixture thereof.

The ligand precursor (6) used as starting material for preparing the metallocene compound represented by the formula (2) can be prepared through the following step (C) or (D).

[.C]

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HODDS YDDYDDA

(6)

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In the compounds shown in the above steps (C) and (D), R^1 to R^{14} , Y and A have the same meanings as those of R^1 to R^{14} , Y and A in the formula (2), respectively, L is an alkali metal, and Z^1 and Z^2 may be the same or different and are each a halogen or an anionic ligand.

With regard to the cyclopentadiene (7), the precursor compound (18) and the ligand precursor (6), presence of isomers different in only the position of a double bond in the cyclopentadienyl ring can be thought, but only one example is shown. Each of them may be another isomer different in only the position of a double bond in the cyclopentadienyl ring or a mixture thereof.

The cyclopentadiene (7) that is a precursor common to the metallocene compounds represented by the formulas (1) and (2) can be prepared through, for example, the following step (E) or (F).

In the compounds shown in the step (E), R^1 , R^2 , R^3 and R^4 have the same meanings as those of R^1 , R^2 , R^3

and R^4 in the formula (1) or (2), respectively, M^1 is an alkali metal or an alkaline earth metal, Z^3 is the same as R^3 or is a halogen or an anionic ligand, and e is a valence of M^1 .

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In the compounds shown in the step (F), R^1 , R^2 , R^3 and R^4 have the same meanings as those of R^1 , R^2 , R^3 and R^4 in the formula (1) or (2), respectively, L is an alkali metal, and Z^1 is a halogen or an anionic ligand.

When ${\bf R}^3$ is a substituent group represented by ${\bf CR}^{15}{\bf R}^{16}{\bf R}^{17}$, the cyclopentadiene (7) can be prepared also through the following step (G).

20 [G]

$$\begin{bmatrix} R^{2} & L^{+} & R^{2} \\ R^{1} & O & R^{4} & R^{1} \\ (24) & (26) \end{bmatrix} \xrightarrow{R^{15}} R^{16} \xrightarrow{R^{16}} R^{17} L \xrightarrow{R^{16}} R^{17} L \xrightarrow{R^{17}} R^{16} \xrightarrow{R^{17}} R^{17} \xrightarrow{R^{17}} R^{17}$$

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In the step (G), R^1 , R^2 and R^4 have the same meanings as those of R^1 , R^2 and R^4 in the formula (1) or (2), respectively, R^{15} , R^{16} and R^{17} are each selected from a hydrogen atom, a hydrocarbon group and a silicon-containing hydrocarbon group and may be the same or different, and L is an alkali metal.

In the steps (E) to (G), though, examples of methods to introduce the substituent group \mathbb{R}^3 are shown, the substituent groups \mathbb{R}^1 , \mathbb{R}^2 and \mathbb{R}^4 can also be introduced similarly to those methods.

The alkali metal used for the reactions in the steps (A) to (G) is lithium, sodium or potassium, and the alkaline earth metal is magnesium or calcium. The halogen is fluorine, chlorine, bromine or iodine.

15 Examples of the anionic ligands include alkoxy groups, such as methoxy, tert-butoxy and phenoxy; carboxylate groups, such as acetate and benzoate; and sulfonate groups, such as mesylate and tosylate.

Next, an example of the process for preparing a

metallocene compound from the ligand precursor

represented by the formula (5) or (6) is described.

In the first place, the ligand precursor represented by the formula (5) or (6) that is obtained by the reaction of the step (A), (B), (C) or (D) is brought into contact with an alkali metal, an alkali

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metal hydride or an organic alkali metal in an organic solvent at a reaction temperature of -80 to 200°C to prepare a di-alkali metal salt.

Examples of the organic solvents used for the

5 above reaction include aliphatic hydrocarbons, such as pentane, hexane, heptane, cyclohexane and decalin; aromatic hydrocarbons, such as benzene, toluene and xylene; ethers, such as THF (tetrahydrofuran), diethyl ether, dioxane and 1,2-dimethoxyethane; and

10 halogenated hydrocarbons, such as dichloromethane and chloroform.

Examples of the alkali metals used for the reaction include lithium, sodium and potassium.

Examples of the alkali metal hydrides include sodium hydride and potassium hydride. Examples of the organic alkali metals include methyllithium, butyllithium and phenyllithium.

In the next place, the di-alkali metal salt is allowed to react, in an organic solvent, with a compound represented by the following formula (30):

 MZ_k (30)

wherein M is a metal selected from Group 4 of the
25 periodic table, each Z may be the same or different

20

and is selected from a halogen, an anionic ligand and a neutral ligand capable of coordination by a lone pair, and k is an integer of 3 to 6.

Thus, the metallocene compound represented by the formula (1) or (2) can be synthesized.

Preferred examples of the compounds represented by the formula (30) include trivalent or tetravalent titanium fluoride, chloride, bromide or iodide; tetravalent zirconium fluoride, chloride, bromide or iodide; tetravalent hafnium fluoride, chloride, bromide or iodide; and complexes of these compounds with ethers such as THF, diethyl ether, dioxane and 1,2-dimethoxyethane.

Examples of the organic solvents used include the same ones as previously described.

The reaction of the di-alkali metal salt with the compound represented by the formula (30) is preferably an equimolar reaction, and can be carried out in the aforesaid organic solvent at a reaction temperature of -80 to 200°C.

The metallocene compound obtained by the reaction can be isolated and purified by, for example, extraction, recrystallization or sublimation.

Next, the metallocene compound represented by the formula (1a) or (2a) is described.

Another embodiment of the metallocene compound of the invention is represented by the following formula (1a) or (2a).

5

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$$R^{1}$$
 R^{14}
 R^{13}
 R^{12}
 R^{12}
 R^{10}
 R^{9}
 R^{8}
 R^{7}

...(1a)

...(2a)

In the formula (la) or (2a), R³ has the same

meaning as that of R³ in the formula (1) or (2); R¹,
R², and R⁴ to R¹⁴ have the same meanings as those of
R¹, R², and R⁴ to R¹⁴ in the formula (1) or (2),
respectively; and A, Y, M, Q and j have the same
meanings as those of A, Y, M, Q and j in the formula

(1) or (2), respectively. In case of the compound of
the formula (la) wherein R³ is tert-butyl or
trimethylsilyl and R¹³ and R¹⁴ are methyl groups or
phenyl groups at the same time, R⁶ and R¹¹ are not
hydrogen atoms at the same time.

 ${\bf R}^3$ is preferably a sterically bulky substituent group, more preferably a substituent group of 4 or more carbon atoms.

Examples of the metallocene compounds represented
5 by the formula (1a) or (2a) according to the invention are given below.

Examples of the ligand structure excluding $MQ_{\dot{j}}$ (metal part) in the metallocene compound are described first. Examples of Cp (cyclopentadienyl ring part),

10 Bridge (bridge part) and Flu (fluorenyl ring part) are the same as those previously described with respect to the metallocene compound represented by the formula (1) or (2).

No.	Ср	Bridge	Flu
1	a 1	b 1	c 1
2	a 2	b 1	c 1
3	a 3	b1	c1 .
4	a 4	b 1	c 1
5	a 5	b 1	c1
6	a 6	b 1	c 1
7	a 7	b 1	c 1
8	a 8	b 1	c 1
9	a 9	b1	c 1
10	a 10	b 1	c 1
11	a 11	b 1	c 1
12	a 12	b 1	c 1
13	a 13	b1	c 1
14	a 14	b 1	c 1
15	a 15	b 1	c 1
16	a 16	b 1	c 1
17	a 17	b 1	c 1
18	a 18	b 1	c 1
19	a 19	b 1	c 1
20	a 20	b 1	c 1
21	a 21	b 1	c 1
22	a 22	b 1	c 1
23	a 23	b 1	c 1
24	a 24	b 1	c 1
25	a 25	b 1	c 1
26	a 1	b 2	c 1
27	a 2	b 2	c 1
28	a 3	b 2	c 1
29	a 4	b 2	c 1
30	a 5	b 2	c 1
31	a 6	b 2	c 1
32	a 7	b 2	c 1
33	a 8	b 2	c 1
34	a 9	b 2	c 1
35	a 10	b 2	c 1
36	a 11	b 2	c 1
37	a 12	b-2	— - с 1 —
38	a 13	b 2	c 1
39	a 14	b 2	c 1
40	a 15	b 2	c 1
41	a 16	b 2	c 1
42	a 17	b 2	c 1
43	a 18	b 2	c 1
44	a 19	b 2	c 1
45	a 20	b 2	c 1

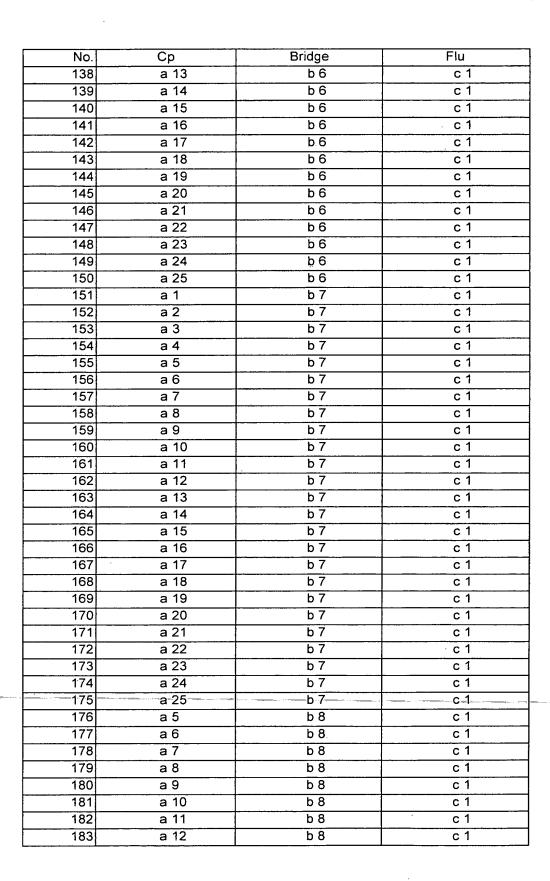


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No.	Cp	Bridge	Flu
46	a 21	b 2	c1
47	a 22	b 2	c1
48	a 23	b 2	c 1
49	a 24	b 2	c 1
50	a 25	b 2	c 1
51	a 1	b 3	c 1
52	a 2	b 3	c 1
53	a 3	b 3	c 1
54	a 4	b 3	c 1
55	a 5	b 3	c 1
56	a 6	b 3	c1
57	a 7	b 3	c 1
58	a 8	b 3	c1
59	a 9	b 3	c 1
60	a 10	b 3	c 1
61	a 11	b 3	c 1
62	a 12	b 3	c 1
63	a 13	b 3	c 1
64	a 14	b 3	c 1
65	a 15	b 3	c 1
66	a 16	b 3	c 1
67	a 17	b 3	c 1
68	a 18	b 3	c 1
69	a 19	b 3	c 1
70	a 20	b 3	c 1
71	a 21	b 3	c 1
72	a 22	b 3	c 1
73	a 23	b 3	c 1
74	a 24	b 3	c 1
75	a 25	b 3	c 1
76	a 1	b 4	c 1
77	a 2	b 4	c 1
78	a 3	b 4	c 1
79	a 4	b 4	c 1
80	a 5	b 4	c 1
81	a 6	b 4	c 1
82	a 7	b 4	c 1
	a 8	b.4	- c_1
84	a 9	b 4	c 1
85	a 10	b 4	c 1
86	a 11	b 4	c 1
87	a 12	b 4	c 1
88	a 13	b 4	c 1
89	a 14	b 4	c 1
90	a 15	b 4	c 1
91	a 16	b 4	c 1





No.	Ср	Bridge	Flu
92	a 17	b 4	c1
93	a 18	b 4	c 1
94	a 19	b 4	c 1
95	a 20	b 4	c 1
96	a 21	b 4	c1.
97	a 22	b 4	c 1
98	a 23	b 4	c 1
99	a 24	b 4	c 1
100	a 25	b 4	c 1
101	a 1	b 5	c 1
102	a 2	b 5	c 1
103	a 3	b 5	c 1
104	a 4	b 5	c 1
105	a 5	b 5	c 1
106	a 6	b 5	c 1
107	a 7	b 5	c 1
108	a 8	b 5	c 1
109	a 9	b 5	c 1
110	a 10	b 5	c 1
111	a 11	b 5	c 1
112	a 12	b 5	c 1
113	a 13	b 5	. c 1
114	a 14	b 5	c 1
115	a 15	b 5	c1
116	a 16	b 5	c1
117	a 17	b 5	c 1
118	a 18	b 5	c 1
119	a 19	b 5	c 1
120	a 20	b 5	c 1
121	a 21	b 5	c 1
122	a 22	b 5	c 1
123	a 23	b 5	c 1
124	a 24	b 5	c 1
125	a 25	b 5	c 1
126	a 1	b 6	c 1
127	a 2	b 6	c 1
128	a 3	b 6	c 1
129	a4	b-6	c-1
130	a 5	b 6	c 1
131	a 6	b 6	c 1
132	a 7	b 6	c 1
133	a 8	b 6	c 1
134	a 9	b 6	c 1
135	a 10	b 6	c 1
136	a 11	b 6	c 1
137	a 12	b 6	c 1
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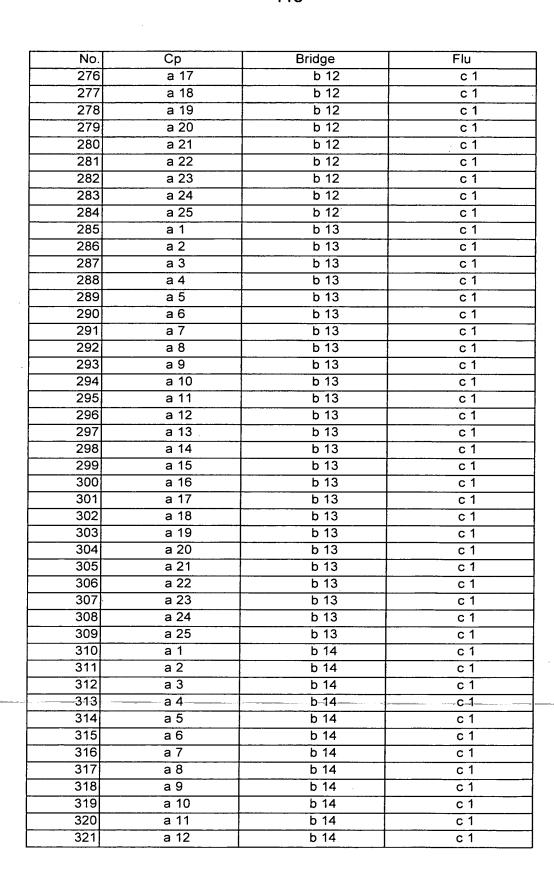
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No.	Ср	Bridge	Flu
184	a 13	b 8	c 1
185	a 14	b 8	c1
186	a 15	b 8	c 1
187	a 16	b 8	c1
188	a 17	b 8	c 1
189	a 18	b 8	c 1
190	a 19	b 8	c1
191	a 20	b 8	c 1
192	a 21	b 8	c 1
193	a 22	b 8	c 1
194	a 23	b 8	c 1
195	a 24	b 8	c 1
196	a 25	b 8	c 1
197	a 5	b 9	c 1
198	a 6	b 9	c 1
199	a 7	b 9	c 1
200	a 8	b 9	c 1
201	a 9	b 9	c 1
202	a 10	b 9	c 1
203	a 11	b 9	c 1
204	a 12	b 9	c 1
205	a 13	b 9	c 1
206	a 14	b 9	c 1
207	a 15	b 9	c 1
208	a 16	b 9	c 1
209	a 17	b 9	c 1
210	a 18	b 9	c 1
211	a 19	b 9	c 1
212	a 20	b 9	c 1
213	a 21	b 9	c 1
214	a 22	b 9	c1
215	a 23	b 9	c 1
216	a 24	b 9	c 1
217	a 25	b 9	c 1
218	a 5	b 10	c1
219	a 6	b 10	c 1
220	а7	b 10	c 1
221	a-8	b-10	c_1
222	a 9	b 10	c 1
223	a 10	b 10	c 1
224	a 11	b 10	c 1
225	a 12	b 10	c 1
226	a 13	b 10	c 1
227	a 14	b 10	c 1
228	a 15	b 10	c 1
229	a 16	b 10	c 1





No.	<u> </u>	Deiden	Г
No.	Cp 47	Bridge	Flu
230	a 17	b 10	c 1
231	a 18	b 10	c 1
232	a 19	b 10	c 1
233	a 20	b 10	c 1
234	a 21	b 10	c 1
235	a 22	b 10	c 1
236	a 23	b 10	c 1
237	a 24	b 10	c 1
238	a 25	b 10	c 1
239	a 5	b 11	c 1
240	a 6	b 11	c 1
241	a 7	b 11	c 1
242	a 8	b 11	c 1
243	a 9	b 11	c 1
244	a 10	b 11	c 1
245	a 11	b 11	c 1
246	a 12	b 11	c 1
247	a 13	b 11	c 1
248	a 14	b 11	, c 1
249	a 15	b 11	c 1
250	a 16	b 11	c 1
251	a 17	b 11	c 1
252	a 18	b 11	c 1
253	a 19	b 11	c 1
254	a 20	b 11	c 1
255	a 21	b 11	c 1
256	a 22	b 11	c 1
257	a 23	b 11	c 1
258	a 24	b 11	c 1
259	a 25	b 11	c 1
260	a 1	b 12	c 1
261	a 2	b 12	c 1
262	a 3	b 12	c 1
263	a 4	b 12	c 1
264	a 5	b 12	c 1
265	a 6	b 12	c 1
266	a 7	b 12	c 1
267	a 8	b_12	c1
268	a 9	b 12	c 1
269	a 10	b 12	c 1
270	a 11	b 12	c 1
271	a 12	b 12	c 1
272	a 13	b 12	c 1
273	a 14	b 12	c 1
274	a 15	b 12	c 1
275	a 16	b 12	c 1



No.	<u> </u>	Did	. <u> </u>
No.	Ср	Bridge	Flu.
322	a 13	b 14	c1
323	a 14	b 14	c 1
324	a 15	b 14	c1
325	a 16	b 14	c1
326	a 17	b 14	c1
327	a 18	b 14	c1
328	a 19	b 14	c 1
329	a 20	b 14	c 1
330	a 21	b 14	c 1
331	a 22	b 14	c1
332	a 23	b 14	c 1
333	a 24	b 14	c 1
334	a 25	b 14	c 1
335	· a1	b 15	c 1
336	a 2	b 15	c 1
337	a 3	b 15	c 1
338	a 4	b 15	c 1
339	a 5	b 15	c 1
340	a 6	b 15	c 1
341	a 7	b 15	c 1
342	a 8	b 15	c 1
343	a 9	b 15	c 1
344	a 10	b 15	c 1
345	a 11	b 15	c 1
346	a 12	b 15	c 1
347	a 13	b 15	c 1
348	a 14	b 15	c 1
349	a 15	b 15	c 1
350	a 16	b 15	c 1
351	a 17	b 15	c 1
352	a 18	b 15	c 1
353	a 19	b 15	c 1
354	a 20	b 15	c 1
355	a 21	b 15	c 1
356	a 22	b 15	c 1
357	a 23	b 15	c 1
358	a 24	b 15	c 1
359	a-25	b=15	c1
360	a 1	b1	c 2
361	a 2	b 1	c 2
362	а 3	b 1	c 2
363	a 4	b 1	c 2
364	a 5	b 1	c 2
365	a 6	b 1	c 2
366	a 7	b 1	c 2
367	a 8	b 1	c 2
			



No	<u>Cn</u>	Pridge	Flu
No. 368	Ср а 9	Bridge b 1	c 2
369	a 10	b 1	c 2
370	a 11	b 1	c 2
371	a 12	b 1	c 2
372	a 13	b 1	c 2
373	a 14	b 1	c 2
374	a 15	b 1	c 2
375	a 16	b 1	c 2
376	a 17	b 1	c 2
377	a 18	b 1	c 2
378	a 19	b 1	c 2
379	a 20	b 1	c 2
380	a 21	b 1	c 2
381	a 22	b 1	c 2
382	a 23	b 1	c 2
383	a 24	b 1	c 2
384	a 25	b 1	c 2
385	a 1	0.2	c 2
386	a 2	b 2	c 2
387	a 3	b 2	c 2
388	a 4	b 2	c 2
389	a 5	b 2	c 2
390	a 6	b 2	c 2
391	a 7	b 2	c 2
392	a 8	b 2	c 2 c 2
393 394	a 9 a 10	b 2 b 2	c 2
394	a 10	b 2	c 2
395	a 12	b 2	c 2
397	a 12	b 2	c 2
398	a 14	b 2 ⁻	c 2
399	a 15	b 2	c 2
400	a 16	b 2	c 2
400	a 17	b 2	c 2
401	a 18	b 2	c 2
403	a 19	b 2	c 2
404	a 20	b 2	c 2
405	a 20		
406	a 22	b 2	c 2
407	a 23	b 2	c 2
408	a 24	b 2	c 2
409	a 25	b 2	c 2
410	a 1	b 3	c 2
411	a 2	b 3	c 2
412	a 3	b 3	c 2
413	a 4	b 3	c 2
413	a 4	0.0	0.2



No.	Ср	Bridge	Flu
414	a 5	b 3	c 2
415	a 6	b 3	c 2
416	a 7	b 3	c 2
417	a 8	b 3	c 2
418	a 9	b 3	c 2
419	a 10	b 3	c 2
420	a 11	b 3	c 2
421	a 12	b 3	c 2
422	a 13	b 3	c 2
423	a 14	b 3	c 2
424	a 15	b 3	c 2
425	a 16	b 3	c 2
426	a 17	b 3	c 2
427	a 18	b 3	c 2
428	a 19	b 3	c 2
429	a 20	b 3	c 2
430	a 21	b 3	c 2
431	a 22	b 3	c 2
432	a 23	b 3	c 2
433	a 24	b 3	c 2
434	a 25	b 3	c 2
435	a 1	b 4	c 2
436	a 2	b 4	c 2
437	a 3	b 4	c 2
438	a 4	b 4	c 2
439	a 5	b 4	c 2
440	a 6	b 4	c 2
441	a 7	b 4	c 2
442	a 8	b 4	c 2
443	a 9	b 4	c 2
444	a 10	b 4	c 2
445	a 11	b 4	c 2
446	a 12	b 4	c 2
447	a 13	b 4	c 2
448	a 14	b 4	c 2
449	a 15	b 4	c 2
450	a 16	b 4	c 2
451	a 17—	- b4-	
452	a 18	b 4	c 2
453	a 19	b 4	c 2
454	a 20	b 4	c 2
455	a 21	b 4	c 2
456	a 22	b 4	c 2
457	a 23	b 4	c 2
458	a 24	b 4	c 2
459	a 25	b 4	c 2



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No.	Ср	Bridge	Flu
460	a 1	b 5	c 2
461	a 2	b 5	c 2
462	a 3	b 5	c 2
463	a 4	b 5	c 2
464	a 5	b 5	c 2
465	a 6	b 5	c 2
466	a 7	b 5	c 2
467	a 8	b 5	c 2
468	a 9	b 5	c 2
469	a 10	b 5	c 2
470	a 11	b 5	c 2
471	a 12	b 5	c 2
472	a 13	b 5	c 2
473	a 14	b 5	c 2
474	a 15	b 5	c 2
475	a 16	b 5	c 2
476	a 17	b 5	c 2
477	a 18	b 5	c 2
478	a 19	b 5	c 2
479	a 20	b 5	c 2
480	a 21	b 5	c 2
481	a 22	b 5	c 2
482	a 23	b 5	c 2
483	a 24	b 5	c 2
484	a 25	b 5	c 2
485	a 1	b 6	c 2
486	a 2	b 6	c 2
487	а 3	b 6	c 2
488	a 4	b 6	c 2
489	a 5	b 6	c 2
490	a 6	b 6	c 2
491	a 7	b 6	c 2
492	a 8	b 6	c 2
493	a 9	b 6	c 2
494	a 10	b 6	c 2
495	a 11	b 6	c 2
496	a 12	b 6	c 2
497	a 13	b 6 — —	
498	a 14	b 6	c 2
499	a 15	b 6	c 2
500	a 16	b 6	c 2
501	a 17	b 6	c 2
502	a 18	b 6	c 2
503	a 19	b 6	c 2
504	a 20	b 6	c 2
505	a 21	b 6	c 2
			



No.	Ср	Bridge	Flu
506	a 22	b 6	c 2
507	a 23	b 6	c 2
508	a 24	b 6	c 2
509	a 25	b 6	c 2
510	a 1	b 7	c 2
511	a 2	b 7	c 2
512	a 3	b 7	c 2
513	a 4	b 7	c 2
514	a 5	b 7	c 2
515	a 6	b 7	c 2
516	a 7	b 7	c 2
517	a 8	b 7	c 2
518	a 9	b 7	c 2
519	a 10	b 7	c 2
520	a 11	b 7	c 2
521	a 12	b 7	c 2
522	a 13	b 7	c 2
523	a 14	b 7	c 2
524	a 15	b 7	c 2
525	a 16	b 7	c 2
526	a 17	b 7	c 2
527 528	a 18	b 7	c 2
529	a 19 a 20	b 7 b 7	c 2 c 2
530	a 21	b 7	c 2
531	a 22	b 7	c 2
532	a 23	b 7	c 2
533	a 24	b 7	c 2
534	a 25	b 7	c 2
535	a 1	b 8	c 2
536	a 2	b 8	c 2
537	a 3	b 8	c 2
538	a 4	b 8	c 2
539	a 5	b 8	c 2
540	a 6	b 8	c 2
541	a 7	b 8	c 2
542	a 8	b 8	c 2
543	a-9	- b 8-	c2
544	a 10	b 8	c 2
545	a 11	b 8	c 2
546	a 12	b 8	c 2
547	a 13	b 8	c 2
548	a 14	b 8	c 2
549	a 15	b 8	c 2
550	a 16	b 8	c 2
551	a 17	b 8	c 2
			



No.	<u> </u>	Bridge	Flu
552	a 18	b 8	c 2
553		b 8	c 2
554		• b8	c 2
555		b 8	c 2
556		b 8	c 2
557	a 23	b 8	c 2
558		b 8	c 2
559	1	b 8	c 2
560	4	b 9	c 2
561	a 2	b 9	c 2
562	a 3	b 9	c 2
563		b 9	c 2
564	a 5	b 9	c 2
565		b 9	c 2
566		b 9	c 2
567	a 8	b 9	c 2
568	a 9	b 9	c 2
569	a 10	b 9	c 2
570	a 11	b 9	c 2
571	a 12	b 9	c 2
572	a 13	b 9	c 2
573	a 14	b 9	c 2
574	a 15	b 9	c 2
575	a 16	b 9	c 2
576	a 17	b 9	c 2
577	a 18	b 9	c 2
578	a 19	b 9	c 2
579	a 20	b 9	c 2
580	a 21	b 9	c 2
581	a 22	b 9	c 2
582	a 23	b 9	c 2
583	a 24	b 9	c 2
584	a 25	b 9	c 2
585		b 10	c 2
586	a 2	b 10	c 2
587	а3	b 10	c 2
588	a 4	b 10	c 2
589	a-5	b_10	c 2
590	a 6	b 10	c 2
591	a 7	b 10	c 2
592	a 8	b 10	c 2
593	a 9	b 10	c 2
594	a 10	b 10	c 2
595	a 11	b 10	c 2
596	a 12	b 10	c 2
597	a 13	b 10	c 2



No.	Ср	Bridge	Flu
598	a 14	b 10	c 2
599	a 15	b 10	c 2
600	a 16	b 10	c 2
601	a 17	b 10	c 2
602	a 18	b 10	c 2
603	a 19	b 10	c 2
604	a 20	b 10	c 2
605	a 21	b 10	c 2
606	a 22	b 10	c 2
607	a 23	b 10	c 2
608	a 24	b 10	c 2
609	a 25	b 10	c 2
610	a 1	b 11	c 2
611	a 2	b 11	c 2
612	a 3	b 11	c 2
613	a 4	b 11	c 2
614	a 5	b 11	c 2
615	a 6	b 11	c 2
616	a 7	b 11	c 2
617	a 8	b 11	c 2
618	a 9	b 11	c 2
619	a 10	b 11	c 2
620	a 11	b 11	c 2
621	a 12	b 11	c 2
622	a 13	b 11	c 2
623	a 14	b 11	c 2
624	a 15	b 11	c 2
625	a 16	b 11	c 2
626	a 17	b 11	c 2
627	a 18	b 11	c 2
628	a 19	b 11	c 2
629	a 20	b 11	c 2
630	a 21	b 11	c 2
631	a 22	b 11	c 2
632	a 23	b 11	c 2
633	a 24	b 11	c 2
634	a 25	b 11	c 2
-635			c-2
636	a 2	b 12	c 2
637	a 3	b 12	c 2
638	a 4	b 12	c 2
639	a 5	b 12	c 2
640	a 6	, b 12	c 2
641	a 7	b 12	c 2
642	a 8	b 12	c 2
643	a 9	b 12	c 2
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No.	•	Bridge	Flu
644	L.	b 12	c 2
645	a 11	b 12	c 2
646	a 12	b 12	c 2
647	a 13	b 12	c 2
648	l .	b 12	c 2
649		b 12	c 2
650		b 12	c 2
651		b 12	c 2
652	.	b 12	c 2
653		b 12	c 2
654		b 12	c 2
655		b 12	c 2
656		b 12	c 2
657		b 12	c 2
658		b 12	c 2
659		b 12	
660		b 12	c 2
	I .		c 2
661	a 2 a 3	b 13	c 2
662	L	b 13	c 2
663		b 13	c 2
664		b 13	c 2
665	1	b 13	c 2
666		b 13	c 2
667		b 13	c 2
668		b 13	c 2
669		b 13	c 2
670		b 13	c 2
671	a 12	b 13	c 2
672	a 13	b 13	c 2
673	a 14	b 13	c 2
674	a 15	b 13	c 2
675	a 16	b 13	c 2
676	a 17	b 13	c 2
677		b 13	c 2
678		b 13	c 2
679	a 20	b 13	c 2
680	a 21	b 13	c 2
681	a.22	b 13	c 2
682	a 23	b 13	c 2
683	a 24	b 13	c 2
684	a 25	b 13	c 2
685	a 1	b 14	c 2
686	a 2	b 14	c 2
687	a 3	b 14	c 2
688	a 4	b 14	c 2
689	a 5	b 14	c 2
			



No.	Ср	Bridge	Flu
690	a 6	b 14	c 2
691	a 7	b 14	c 2
692	a 8	b 14	c 2
693	a 9	b 14	c 2
694	a 10	b 14	c 2
695	a 11	b 14	c 2
696	a 12	b 14	c 2
697	a 13	b 14	c 2
698	a 14	b 14	· c2
699	a 15	b 14	c 2
700	a 16	b 14	c 2
701	a 17	b 14	c 2
702	a 18	b 14	c 2
703	a 19	b 14	c 2
704	a 20	b 14	c 2
705	a 21	b 14	c 2
706	a 22	b 14	c 2
707	a 23	b 14	c 2
708	a 24	b 14	c 2
709	a 25	b 14	c 2
710	a 1	b 15	c 2
711	a 2	b 15	c 2
712	a 3	b 15	c 2
713	a 4	b 15	c 2
714	a 5	b 15	c 2
715	a 6	b 15	c 2
716	a 7	b 15	c 2
717	a 8	b 15	c 2
718	a 9	b 15	c 2
719	a 10	b 15	c 2
720	a 11	b 15	c 2
721	a 12	b 15	c 2
722	a 13	b 15	c 2
723	a 14	b 15	c 2
724 725	a 15 a 16	b 15 b 15	c 2 c 2
725	a 17	b 15	c 2
720	a 17 a 18	b 15	c2
728	a 19	b 15	c 2
729	a 20	b 15	c 2
730	a 21	b 15	c 2
730	a 22	b 15	c 2
731	a 23	b 15	c 2
732	a 24	b 15	c 2
734	a 25	b 15	c 2
735	a 1	b 10	c 3
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No.	1	Bridge	Flu
736		b 1	c 3
737	1	b 1	c 3
738		b 1	c 3
739	a 5	b 1	c 3
740	a 6	b 1	c 3
741	a 7	b 1	c 3
742		b 1	c 3
743	a 9	b 1	c 3
744	a 10	b 1	c 3
745	a 11	b 1	c 3
746		b 1	c 3
747		b 1	c 3
748	1	b 1	c 3
749		b 1	c 3
750		b 1	c 3
751	a 17	b 1	c 3
752		b 1	c 3
753		b 1	c 3
754	a 20	b 1	c 3
755	a 21	b 1	c 3
756	a 22	b 1	c 3
757	a 23	b 1	c 3
758	a 24	b 1	c 3
759	a 25	b 1	c 3
760	a 1	b 2	c 3
761	a 2	b 2	c 3
762	a 3	b 2	c 3
763	a 4	b 2	c 3
764	a 5	b 2	c 3
765	a 6	b 2	c 3
766	a 7	b 2	c 3
767	a 8	b 2	c 3
768	a 9	b 2	c 3
769		b 2	c 3
770 771	a 11 a 12	b 2	c 3
772	a 12	b 2 b 2	c 3
- 773	a-14	b.2	c 3
774		b 2	c_3
775	a 15 a 16	b 2	c 3 c 3
776	a 17	b 2	
777	a 18	b 2	C 3
778	a 19	b 2	c 3
779	a 20	b 2	c 3
779	a 21	b 2	c 3
			c 3
781	a 22	b 2	c 3

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Cp	Bridge	Flu
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		c 3
		c 3
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		c 3
	b 4	c 3
	Cp a 23 a 24 a 25 a 1 a 2 a 3 a 4 a 5 a 6 a 7 a 8 a 9 a 10 a 11 a 12 a 13 a 14 a 15 a 16 a 17 a 18 a 19 a 20 a 21 a 22 a 23 a 24 a 25 a 1 a 22 a 23 a 24 a 25 a 1 a 22 a 3 a 24 a 25 a 1 a 22 a 3 a 24 a 25 a 1 a 22 a 3 a 24 a 25 a 1 a 22 a 3 a 24 a 25 a 1 a 22 a 3 a 24 a 25 a 1 a 22 a 3 a 4 a 5 a 6 a 7 a 8 a 9 a 10 a 11 a 12 a 13 a 14 a 15 a 16 a 17 a 18	a 23 b 2 a 24 b 2 a 25 b 2 a 1 b 3 a 2 b 3 a 3 b 3 a 4 b 3 a 5 b 3 a 6 b 3 a 7 b 3 a 8 b 3 a 9 b 3 a 10 b 3 a 11 b 3 a 12 b 3 a 13 b 3 a 14 b 3 a 15 b 3 a 16 b 3 a 17 b 3 a 18 b 3 a 20 b 3 a 21 b 3 a 22 b 3 a 23 b 3 a 24 b 3 a 25 b 3 a 1 b 4 a 2 b 4 a 3 b 4 a 4 b 4 a 5 b 4 a 6 b 4 a 7 b 4 a 8 b 4 a

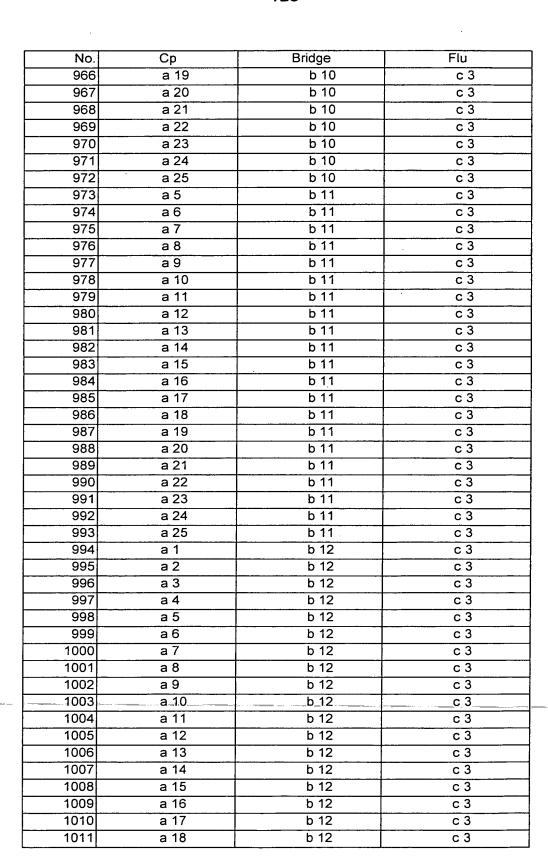
No.	Ср	Bridge	Flu
828	a 19	b 4	с 3
829	a 20	b 4	c 3
830	a 21	b 4	c 3
831	a 22	b 4	с 3
832	a 23	b 4	c 3
833	a 24	b 4	c 3
834	a 25	b 4	c 3
835	a 1	b 5	c 3
836	a 2	b 5	c 3
837	a 3	b 5	c 3
838	a 4	b 5	c 3
839	a 5	b 5	c 3
840	a 6	b 5	c 3
841	a 7	b 5	c 3
842	a 8	b 5	c 3
843	a 9	b 5	c 3
844	a 10	b 5	c 3
845	a 11	b 5	c 3
846	a 12	b 5	c 3
847	a 13	b 5	c 3
848	a 14	b 5	c 3
849	a 15	b 5	c 3
850	a 16	b 5	c 3
851	a 17	b 5	c 3
852	a 18	b 5	c 3
853	a 19	b 5	c 3
854	a 20	b 5	c 3
855	a 21	b 5	c 3
856	a 22	b 5	c 3
857	a 23	b 5	c 3
858	a 24	b 5	c 3
859	a 25	b 5	c 3
860	a 1	b 6	c 3
861	a 2	b 6	c 3
862	a 3	b 6	c 3 c 3
863	a 4	b 6	
864	a 5	b 6	c 3 — c 3—
865	a 6	b-6-	c 3
866	a 7	b 6	
867	a 8	b 6	c 3
868	a 9	_ b 6	c 3
869	a 10	b 6	
870	a 11	b 6	c 3
871	a 12	b 6	c 3
872	a 13	b 6	c 3
873	a 14	b 6	с3



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No.	Ср	Bridge	Flu
874		b 6	c 3
875	I _ · · · · · ·	b 6	c 3
876		b 6	c 3
877	a 18	b 6	c 3
878	a 19	b 6	c 3
879	a 20	b 6	
880	a 20	b 6	c 3
881	a 22	b 6	c 3
882	a 23		c 3
883	a 24	b 6 b 6	c 3
884	a 24 a 25	b 6	c 3
885	a 23	b 7	c 3
886	a 2	b 7	c 3
887	a 3	b 7	c 3
888	a 4	b 7	c 3
889	a 5	b 7	c 3
890	a 6	b 7	c 3
891	a 7	b 7	c 3
892	a 8	b 7	c 3
893	a 9	b 7	c 3
894	a 10	b 7	c 3
895	a 11	b 7	c 3
896	a 12	b 7	c 3
897	a 13	b 7	c 3
898	a 14	b 7	c 3
899	a 15	b 7	c 3
900	a 16	b 7	c 3
901	a 17	b 7	c 3
902	a 18	b 7	c 3
903	a 19	b 7	c 3
904	a 20	b 7	c 3
905	a 21	b 7	c 3
906	a 22	b 7	c 3
907	a 23	b 7	c 3
908	a 24	b 7	c 3
909	a 25	b 7	c 3
910	a 5	b 8	c 3
911	a.6	b.8	c3
912	а7 .	b 8	c 3
913	a 8	b 8	c 3
914	a 9	b 8	c 3
915	a 10	b 8	c 3
916	a 11	b 8	c 3
917	a 12	b 8	c 3
918	a 13	b 8	c 3
919	a 14	b 8	c 3

No		Bridge	Flu
No.	Ср а 15	b 8	c 3
920		b 8	c 3
921	a 16	b 8	c 3
922	a 17		
923	a 18	b 8	c 3
924	a 19	b 8	c 3
925	a 20	b 8	c 3
926	a 21	b 8	c 3
927	a 22	b 8	c 3 c 3
928	a 23	b 8	
929	a 24	b 8	c 3
930	a 25	b 8	c 3
931	a 5	b 9	c 3 c 3
932	a 6	b 9	
933	a 7	b 9 b 9	c 3 c 3
934	a 8	b 9	c 3
935 936	a 9 a 10	b 9	c 3
937	a 10	b 9	c3
938	a 12	b 9	c 3
939	a 13	b 9	c 3
940	a 14	b 9	c 3
941	a 15	b 9	c 3
942	a 16	b 9	c3
943	a 17	b 9	c 3
944	a 18	b 9	c 3
945	a 19	b 9	c 3
946	a 20	b 9	c 3
947	a 21	b 9	c 3
948	a 22	b 9	c 3
949	a 23	b 9	с 3
950	a 24	b 9	с 3
951	a 25	b 9	с 3
952	a 5	b 10	c 3
953	a 6	b 10	с 3
954	a 7	b 10	c 3
955	a 8	b 10	c 3
956	a 9	b 10	c 3
957	a 10- — -		c.3
958	a 11	b 10	c 3
959	a 12	b 10	c 3
960	a 13	b 10	c 3
961	a 14	b 10	c 3
962	a 15	b 10	c 3
963	a 16	b 10	c 3
964	a 17	b 10	c 3
965	a 18	b 10	c 3





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No.	Ср	Bridge	Flu
1012	a 19	b 12	c 3
1013	a 20	b 12	c 3
1014	a 21	b 12	c 3
1015	a 22	b 12	c 3
1016	a 23	b 12	c 3
1017	a 24	b 12	c 3
1018	a 25	b 12	c 3
1019	a 1	b 13	c 3
1020	a 2	b 13	c 3
1021	a 3	b 13	c 3
1022	a 4	b 13	c 3
1023	а5	b 13	c 3
1024	a 6	b 13	c 3
1025	a 7	b 13	c 3
1026	a 8	b 13	c 3
1027	a 9	b 13	c 3
1028	a 10	b 13	c 3
1029	a 11	b 13	c 3
1030	a 12	b 13	c 3
1031	a 13	b 13	c 3
1032	a 14	b 13	c 3
1033	a 15	b 13	c 3
1034	a 16	b 13	c 3
1035	a 17	b 13	c 3
1036	a 18	b 13	c 3
1037	a 19	b 13	c 3
1038	a 20	b 13	c 3
1039	a 21	b 13	c 3
1040	a 22	b 13	c 3
1041	a 23	b 13	c 3
1042	a 24	b 13	c 3
1043	a 25	b 13	c 3
1044	a 1	b 14	c 3
1045	a 2	b 14	c 3
1046	a 3	b 14	c 3
1047	a 4	b 14	c 3
1048	a 5	b 14	c 3
1049	a 6	- b 14	c-3
1050	a 7	b 14	c 3
1051	a 8	b 14	c 3
1052	a 9	b 14	c 3
1053	a 10	b 14	c 3
1054 1055	a 11	b 14	c 3
	a 12	b 14	c 3
1056	a 13	b 14	c 3
1057	a 14	b 14	c 3





No.	Ср	Bridge	Flu
1058	a 15	b 14	c 3
	a 16	b 14	c 3
1060	a 17	b 14	c 3
1061	a 18	b 14	c 3
1062	a 19	b 14	c 3
1063	a 20	b 14	c 3
1064	a 21	b 14	c 3
1065	a 22	b 14	c 3
1066	a 23	b 14	c 3
1067	a 24	b 14	c 3
1068	a 25	b 14	c 3
1069	a 1	b 15	c 3
1070	a 2	b 15	c 3
1071	a 3	b 15	c 3
1072	a 4	b 15	c 3
1073	a 5	b 15	c 3
1074	a 6	b 15	c 3
1075	a 7	b 15	c 3
1076	a 8	b 15	c 3
1077	a 9	b 15	c 3
1078	a 10	b 15	c 3
1079	a 11	b 15	c 3
1080	a 12	b 15	c 3
1081	a 13	b 15	c 3
1082	a 14	b 15	c 3
1083	a 15	b 15	c 3
1084	a 16	b 15	c 3
1085	a 17	b 15	c 3
1086	a 18	b 15	c 3
1087	a 19	b 15	c 3
1088	a 20	b 15	c 3
1089	a 21	b 15	c 3
1090	a 22	b 15	c 3
1091	a 23	b 15	c 3
1092	a 24	b 15	c 3
1093	a 25	b 15	c 3
1094	a 1	b 1	c 4
1095	a-2	b_1	c-4
1096	a 3	b 1	c 4
1097	a 4	b 1	c 4
1098	a 5	b 1	c 4
1099	a 6	b 1	c 4
1100	a 7	. b1	c 4
1101	a 8	b 1	c 4
1102	a 9	b 1	c 4
1103	a 10	b 1	c 4



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No.	Ср	Bridge	Flu
1104	a 11	b 1	c 4
1105	a 12	b 1	c 4
1106	a 13	b 1	. c4
1107	a 14	b 1	c 4
1108	a 15	b 1	c 4
1109	a 16	b 1	c 4
1110	a 17	b 1	c 4
1111	a 18	b 1	c 4
1112	a 19	b 1	c 4
1113	a 20	b 1	c 4
1114	a 21	b 1	c 4
1115	a 22	b 1	c 4
1116	a 23	b 1	c 4
1117	a 24	b 1	c 4
1118	a 25	b 1	c 4
1119	a 1	b 2	c 4
1120	a 2	b 2	c 4
1121	a 3	b 2	c 4
1122	a 4	b 2	c 4
1123	a 5	b 2	c 4
1124	a 6	b 2	c 4
1125	a 7	b 2	c 4
1126	a 8	b 2	c 4
1127	a 9	b 2	c 4
1128	a 10	b 2	c 4
1129	a 11	b 2	c 4
1130	a 12	b 2	c 4
1131	a 13	b 2	c 4
1132	a 14	b 2	c 4
1133	a 15	b 2	c 4
1134	a 16	b 2	c 4
1135	a 17	b 2	c 4
1136	a 18	b 2	c 4
1137	a 19	b 2	c 4
1138	a 20	b 2	c 4
1139	a 21	b 2	c 4
1140	a 22	b 2	c 4
<u> </u>	a 23-	— — b 2— —	c.4
1142	a 24	b 2	c 4
1143	a 25	b 2	c 4
1144	a 1	b 3	c 4
1145	a 2	b 3	c 4
1146	a 3	b 3	c 4
1147	a 4	b 3	c 4
1148	a 5	b 3	c 4
1149	a 6	b 3	c 4



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No.	Ср	Bridge	Flu
1150	a 7	b 3	c 4
1151	a 8	b 3	c 4
1152	a 9	b 3	c 4
1153	a 10	b 3	c 4
1154	a 11	b 3	c 4
1155	a 12	b 3	c 4
1156	a 13	b 3	c 4
1157	a 14	b 3	c 4
1158	a 15	b 3	c 4
1159	a 16	b 3	c 4
1160	a 17	b 3	c 4
1161	a 18	b 3	c 4
1162	a 19	b 3	c 4
1163	a 20	b 3	c 4
1164	a 21	b 3	c 4
1165	a 22	b 3	c 4
1166	a 23	b 3	c 4
1167	a 24	b 3	c 4
1168	a 25	b 3	c 4
1169	a 1	b 4	c 4
1170	a 2	b 4	c 4
1171	a 3	b 4	c 4
1172	a 4	b 4	c 4
1173	a 5	b 4	c 4
1174	a 6	b 4	c 4
1175	a 7	b 4	c 4
1176	a 8	b 4	c 4
1177	a 9	b 4	c 4
1178	a 10	b 4	c 4
1179	a 11 a 12	b 4 b 4	c 4
1180	a 12	b 4	c 4 c 4
1181 1182	a 14	b 4	c 4
1183	a 14	b 4	c 4
1184	a 16	b 4	c 4
1185	a 17	b 4	c 4
1186	a 18	b 4	c 4
1187	a 19	b 4	c.4
1188	a 20	b 4	c 4
1189	a 21	b 4	c 4
1190	a 22	b 4	c 4
1191	a 23	b 4	c 4
1192	a 24	b 4	c 4
1193	a 25	b 4	c 4
1194	a 1	b 5	c 4
1195	a 2	b 5	c 4





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No.	Ср	Bridge	Flu
1196	а 3	b 5	c 4
1197	a 4	b 5	c 4
1198	a 5	b 5	c 4
1199	a 6	b 5	c 4
1200	a 7	b 5	c 4
1201	a 8	b 5	c 4
1202	a 9	b 5	c 4
1203	a 10	b 5	c 4
1204	a 11	b 5	c 4
1205	a 12	b 5	c 4
1206	a 13	b 5	c 4
1207	a 14	b 5	c 4
1208	a 15	b 5	c 4
1209	a 16	b 5	c 4
1210	a 17	b 5	c 4
1211	a 18	b 5	c 4
1212	a 19	b 5	c 4
1213	a 20	b 5	c 4
1214	a 21	b 5	c 4
1215	a 22	b 5	c 4
1216	a 23	b 5	c 4
1217	a 24	b 5	c 4
1218	a 25	b 5	c 4
1219	a 1	b 6	c 4
1220	a 2	b 6	c 4
1221	a 3	b 6	c 4
1222	a 4	b 6	c 4
1223	a 5	b 6	c 4
1224	a 6	b 6	c 4
1225	a 7	b 6	c 4
1226	a 8	b 6	c 4
1227 1228	a 9	b6	c 4
1229	a 10	b6	c 4
1230	a 11	b6	c 4
1230	a 12 a 13	b6	c 4
1231		b6	c 4
1232	a 14 a 15	b 6	c 4
1234	a 16	b.6 b.6	c_4
1234	a 17	b 6	c 4
1235	a 17	b 6	C 4
1237	a 19	. b6	c 4
1237	a 20	. b6	c 4
1239	a 21	b 6	c 4
1239	a 22	b 6	c 4
1241	a 23	b 6	c 4
1241		D 0	U4



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No.	Ср	Bridge	Flu
1242	a 24	b 6	c 4
1243	a 25	b 6	c 4
1244	a 1	b 7	c 4
1245	a 2	b 7	c 4
1246	a 3	b 7	c 4
1247	a 4	b 7	c 4
1248	a 5	b 7	c 4
1249	a 6	b 7	c 4
1250	a 7	b 7	c 4
1251	a 8	b 7	c 4
1252	a 9	b 7	c 4
1253	a 10	b 7	c 4
1254	a 11	b 7	c 4
1255	a 12	b 7	c 4
1256	a 13	b 7	c 4
1257	a 14	b 7	c 4
1258	a 15	b 7	c 4
1259	a 16	b 7	c 4
1260	a 17	b 7	c 4
1261	a 18	b 7	c 4
1262	a 19	b 7	c 4
1263	a 20	b 7	c 4
1264	a 21	b 7	c 4
1265	a 22	b 7	c 4
1266	a 23	b 7	c 4
1267	a 24	b 7	c 4
1268	a 25	b 7	c 4
1269	a 5	b 8	c 4
1270	a 6	b 8	c 4
1271	a 7	b 8	c 4
1272	a 8	b 8	c 4
1273	a 9	b 8	c 4
1274	a 10	b 8	c 4
1275	a 11	b 8	c 4
1276	a 12	b 8	c 4
1277	a 13	b 8	c4
1278	a 14	b 8	c 4
1279	a-15	b-8	c.4
1280	a 16	b 8	c 4
1281	a 17	b 8	c 4
1282	a 18	b 8	c 4
1283	a 19	b 8	c 4
1284	a 20	b 8	c 4
1285	a 21	b 8	c 4
1286	a 22	b 8	c 4
1287	a 23	b 8	c 4

No.	Ср	Bridge	Flu
1288	a 24	b 8	c 4
1289	a 25	b 8	c 4
1290	a 5	b 9	c 4
1291	a 6	b 9	c 4
1292	a 7	b 9	c 4
1293	a 8	b 9	c 4
1294	a 9	b 9	c 4
1295	a 10	b 9	c 4
1296	a 11	b 9	c 4
1297	a 12	b 9	c 4
1298	a 13	b 9	c 4
1299	a 14	b 9	c 4
1300	a 15	b 9	c 4
1301	a 16	b 9	c 4
1302	a 17	b 9	c 4
1303	a 18	b 9	c 4
1304	a 19	b 9	c 4
1305	a 20	b 9	c 4
1306	a 21	b 9	c 4
1307	a 22	b 9	c 4
1308	a 23	b 9	c 4
1309	a 24	b 9	. c4
1310	a 25	b 9	c 4
1311	a 5	b 10	c 4
1312	a 6	b 10	c 4
1313	a 7	b 10	c 4
1314	a 8	b 10	c 4
1315	a 9	b 10	c 4
1316	a 10	b 10	c 4
1317	a 11	b 10	. c4
1318	a 12	b 10 b 10	c 4
1319 1320	a 13 a 14	b 10	c 4 c 4
	a 14	b 10	c 4
1321 1322	a 16	b 10	c 4
1323	a 17	b 10	c 4
1324	a 18	b 10	c 4
1325	a_19	b_10	c_4
1326	a 20	b 10	c 4
1327	a 21	b 10	c 4
1328	a 22	b 10	c 4
1329	a 23	b 10	c 4
1330	a 24	b 10	c 4
1331	a 25	b 10	c 4
1331	a 25	b 10	c 4
1333	a 6	b 11	c 4
1300		5 1 1	07



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No.	Ср	Bridge	Flu
1334	a 7	b 11	c 4
1335	a 8	b 11	c 4
1336	a 9	b 11	c 4
1337	a 10	b 11	c 4
1338	a 11	b 11	c 4
1339	a 12	b 11	c 4
1340	a 13	b 11	c 4
1341	a 14	b 11	c 4
1342	a 15	b 11	c 4
1343	a 16	b 11	c 4
1344	a 17	b 11	c 4
1345	a 18	b 11	c 4
1346	a 19	b 11	c 4
1347	a 20	b 11	c 4
1348	a 21	b 11	c 4
1349	a 22	b 11	c 4
1350	a 23	b 11	c 4
1351	a 24	b 11	c 4
1352	a 25	b 11	c 4
1353	a 1	b 12	c 4
1354	a 2	b 12	c 4
1355	a 3	b 12	c 4
1356	a 4	b 12	c 4
1357	a 5	b 12	c 4
1358	a 6	b 12	c 4
1359	a 7	b 12	c 4
1360	a 8	b 12	c 4
1361	a 9	b 12	c 4
1362	a 10	b 12	c 4
1363	a 11	b 12	c 4
1364	a 12	b 12	c 4
1365	a 13	b 12	c 4
1366	a 14	b 12	c 4
1367	a 15	b 12	c 4
1368	a 16	b 12	c 4
1369	a 17	b 12	c 4
1370	a 18	b 12	c 4
1371	a 19	b 12	c4
1372	a 20	b 12	c 4
1373	a 21	b 12	c 4
1374	a 22	b 12	c 4
1375	a 23	b 12	c 4
1376	a 24	b 12	c 4
1377	a 25	b 12	c 4
1378	a 1	b 13	c 4
1379	a 2	b 13	c 4





No.	Ср	Bridge	Flu
1380	a 3	b 13	c 4
1381	a 4	b 13	c 4
1382	a 5	b 13	c 4
1383	a 6	b 13	c 4
1384	a 7	b 13	c 4
1385	a 8	b 13	c 4
1386	a 9	b 13	c 4
1387	a 10	b 13	c 4
1388	a 11	b 13	c 4
1389	a 12	b 13	c 4
1390	a 13	b 13	c 4
1391	a 14	b 13	c 4
1392	a 15	b 13	c 4
1393	a 16	b 13	c 4
1394	a 17	b 13	c 4
1395	a 18	b 13	. c 4
1396	a 19	b 13	c 4
1397	a 20	b 13	c 4
1398	a 21	b 13	c 4
1399	a 22	b 13	c 4
1400	a 23	b 13	c 4
1401	a 24	b 13	c 4
1402	a 25	b 13	c 4
1403	a 1	b 14 .	c 4
1404	a 2	b 14	c 4
1405	a 3	b 14	c 4
1406	a 4	b 14	c 4
1407	a 5	b 14	c 4
. 1408	a 6	b 14	c 4
1409	a 7	b 14	c 4
1410	a 8	b 14	c 4
1411	a 9	b 14	c 4
1412	a 10	b 14	c 4
1413	a 11	b 14	c 4
1414	a 12	b 14	c 4
1415	a 13	b 14	c 4
1416	a 14	b 14	c 4
1417	a 15	-b-14	c4
1418	a 16	b 14	c 4
1419	a 17	b 14	c 4
1420	a 18	b 14	c 4
1421	a 19	b 14	c 4
1422	a 20	b 14	c 4
1423	a 21	b 14	c 4
1424	a 22	b 14	c 4
1425	a 23	b 14	c 4



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No.	Ср	Bridge	Flu
1426	a 24	b 14	c 4
1427	a 25	b 14	c 4
1428	a 1	b 15	c 4
1429	a 2	b 15	c 4
1430	a 3	b 15	c 4
1431	a 4	b 15	c 4
1432	a 5	b 15	c 4
1433	a 6	b 15	c 4
1434	a 7	b 15	c 4
1435	a 8	b 15	c 4
1436	a 9	b 15	c 4
1437	a 10	b 15	c 4
1438	a 11	b 15	c 4
1439	a 12	b 15	c 4
1440	a 13	b 15	c 4
1441	a 14	b 15	c 4
1442	a 15	b 15	c 4
1443	a 16	b 15	c 4
1444	a 17	b 15	c 4
1445	a 18	b 15	c 4
1446	a 19	b 15	c 4
1447	a 20	b 15	c 4
1448	a 21	b 15	c 4
1449	a 22	b 15	c 4
1450	a 23	b 15	c 4
1451	a 24	b 15	c 4
1452	a 25	b 15	c 4
1453	a 1	b 1	c 5
1454	a 2	b 1	c 5
1455	a 3	b 1	c 5
1456	a 4	b 1	c 5
1457	a 5	b 1	c 5
1458	a 6	b 1	c 5
1459	a 7	b 1	c 5
1460	a 8	b 1	c 5
1461	a 9	b 1	c 5
1462	a 10	b 1	c 5
1463	a 11	b1	c-5
1464	a 12	b 1	c 5
1465	a 13	b 1	c 5
1466	a 14	b 1	c 5
1467	a 15	b 1	c 5
1468	a 16	b 1	c 5
1469	a 17	b 1	c 5
1470	a 18	b 1	c 5
1471	a 19	b 1	c 5



No.	Ср	Bridge	Flu
1472	a 20	b 1	c 5
1473	a 21	b 1	· c 5
1474	a 22	b 1	c 5
1475	a 23	b1	c 5
1476	a 24	b 1	c 5
1477	a 25	b 1	c 5
1478	a 1	b 2	c 5
1479	a 2	b 2	c 5
1480	a 3	b 2	c 5
1481	a 4	b 2	c 5
1482	a 5	b 2	c 5
1483	a 6	b 2	c 5
1484	a 7	b 2	c 5
1485	a 8	b 2	c 5
1486	a 9	b 2	c 5
1487	a 10	b 2	c 5
1488	a 11	b 2	c 5
1489	a 12	b 2	c 5
1490	a 13	b 2	c 5
1491	a 14	b 2	c 5
1492	a 15	b 2	c 5
1493	a 16	b 2	c 5
1494	a 17	b 2	c 5
1495	a 18	b 2	c 5
1496	a 19	b 2	c 5
1497	a 20	b 2	c 5
1498	a 21	b 2	c 5
1499	a 22	b 2	c 5
1500	a 23	b 2	c 5
1501	a 24	b 2	c 5
1502	a 25	b 2	c 5
1503	a 1	b 3	c 5
1504	a 2	b 3	c 5
1505	a 3	b 3	c 5
1506	a 4	b 3	c 5
1507	a 5	b 3	c 5
1508	a 6	b 3	c 5
1509	a 7	b3	с 5
1510	a 8	b 3	c 5
1511	a 9	b 3	c 5
1512	a 10	b 3	c 5
1513	a 11	b 3	c 5
1514	a 12	b 3	c 5
1515	a 13	b 3	c 5
1516	a 14	b 3	c 5
1517	a 15	b 3	c 5



No.	Ср	Bridge	Flu
1518	a 16	b 3	c 5
1519	a 17	b 3	c 5
1520	a 18	b 3	c 5
1521	a 19	b 3	c 5
1522	a 20	b 3	c 5
1523	a 21	b 3	c 5
1524	a 22	b 3	c 5
1525	a 23	b 3	c 5
1526	a 24	b 3	c 5
1527	a 25	b 3	c 5
1528	a 1	b 4	c 5
1529	a 2	b 4	c 5
1530	a 3	b 4	c 5
1531	a 4	b 4	c 5
1532	a 5	b 4	c 5
1533	a 6	b 4	c 5
1534	a 7	b 4	c 5
1535	a 8	b 4	c 5
1536	a 9	b 4	c 5
1537	a 10	b 4	c 5
1538	a 11	b 4	c 5
1539	a 12	b 4	c 5 ·
1540	a 13	b 4	c 5
1541	a 14	b 4	c 5
1542	a 15	b 4	c 5
1543	a 16	b 4	c 5
1544	a 17	b 4	c 5
1545	a 18	b 4	c 5
1546	a 19	b 4	c 5
1547	a 20	b 4	c 5
1548	a 21	b 4	c 5
1549	a 22	b 4	c 5
1550	a 23	b 4	c 5
1551	a 24	b 4	c 5
1552	a 25	b 4	c 5
1553	a 1	b 5	c 5
1554	a 2	b 5	c 5
1555	a-3	b-5	———с5———
1556	a 4	b 5	c 5
1557	a 5	b 5	c 5
1558	a 6	b 5	c 5
1559	a 7	b 5	c 5
1560	a 8	b 5	c 5
1561	a 9	b 5	c 5
1562	a 10	b 5	c 5
1563	a 11	b 5	c 5



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No.	Ср	Bridge	Flu
1564	a 12	b 5	c 5
1565	a 13	b 5	c 5
1566	a 14	b 5	c 5
1567	a 15	b 5	c 5
1568	a 16	b 5	c 5
1569	a 17	b 5	c 5
1570	a 18	b 5	c 5
1571	a 19	b 5	c 5
1572	a 20	b 5	c 5
1573	a 21	b 5	c 5
1574	a 22	b 5	c 5
1575	a 23	b 5	c 5
1576	a 24	b 5	c 5
1577	a 25	b 5	c 5
1578	a 1	b 6	c 5
1579	a 2	b 6	c 5
1580	a 3	b 6	c 5
1581	a 4	b 6	c 5
1582	a 5	b 6	c 5
1583	a 6	b 6	c 5
1584	a 7	b 6	c 5
1585	a 8	b 6	c 5
1586	a 9	b 6	c 5
1587	a 10	b 6	c 5
1588	a 11	b 6	c 5
1589	a 12	b 6	c 5
1590	a 13	b 6	c 5
1591	a 14	b 6	c 5
1592	a 15	b 6	c 5
1593	a 16	b 6	c 5
1594	a 17	b 6	c 5
1595	a 18	b 6	c 5
1596	a 19	b 6	c 5
1597	a 20	b 6	c 5
1598	a 21	b 6	c 5
1599	a 22	b6	c 5
1600	a 23	b 6	c 5
1601	a 24 —	b6	c-5
1602	a 25	b 6	c 5
1603	a 1	b 7	c 5
1604	a 2	b 7	c 5
1605	a 3	b 7	c 5
1606	a 4	b 7	c 5
1607	a 5	b 7	c 5
1608	a 6	b 7	c 5
1609	a 7	b 7	c 5



No.	Ср	Bridge	Flu
1610	a 8	b 7	c 5
1611	a 9	b 7	c 5
1612	a 10	b 7	c 5
1613	a 11	b 7	c 5
1614	a 12	b 7	c 5
1615	a 13	b 7	c 5
1616	a 14	b 7	c 5
1617	a 15	b 7	c 5
1618	a 16	b 7	c 5
1619	a 17	b 7	c 5
1620	a 18	b 7	c 5
1621	a 19	b 7	c 5
1622	a 20	b 7	c 5
1623	a 21	b 7	c 5
1624	a 22	b 7	c 5
1625	a 23	b 7	c 5
1626	a 24	b 7	c 5
1627	a 25	b 7	c 5
1628	a 5	b 8	c 5
1629	a 6	b 8	c 5
1630	a 7	b 8	c 5
1631	a 8	b 8	c 5
1632	a 9	b 8	c 5
1633	a 10	b 8	c 5
1634	a 11	b 8	c 5
1635	a 12	b 8	c 5
1636	a 13	b 8	c 5
1637	a 14	b 8	c 5
1638	a 15	b 8	c 5 c 5
1639	a 16	b 8 b 8	c 5
1640	a 17 a 18	b 8	c 5
1641 1642	a 19	b 8	c 5
1643	a 20	b 8	c 5
1643	a 21	b 8	c 5
1645	a 22	b 8	c 5
1646	a 23	b 8	c 5
1647	a 24		c5
1648	a 25	b 8	c 5
1649	a 5	b 9	c 5
1650	a 6	b 9	c 5
1651	a 7	b 9	c 5
1652	a 8	b 9	c 5
1653	a 9	b 9	c 5
1654	a 10	b 9	c 5
1655	a 11	b 9	c 5

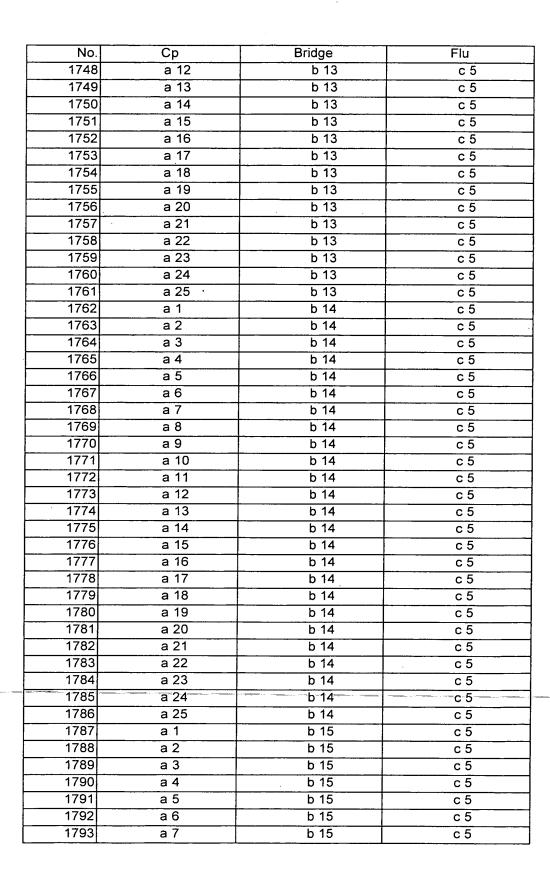


No.	Ср	Bridge	Flu
1656	a 12	b 9	c 5
1657	a 13	b 9	c 5
1658	a 14	b 9	c 5
1659	a 15	b 9	c 5
1660	a 16	b 9	. c5
1661	a 17	b 9	c 5
1662	a 18	b 9	c 5
1663	a 19	b 9	c 5
1664	a 20	b 9	c 5
1665	a 21	b 9	c 5
1666	a 22	b 9	c 5
1667	a 23	b 9	c 5
1668	a 24	b 9	c 5
1669	a 25	b 9	c 5
1670	a 5	b 10	c5 .
1671	a 6	b 10	c 5
1672	a 7	b 10	c 5
1673	a 8	b 10	c 5
1674	a 9	b 10	c 5
1675	a 10	b 10	c 5
1676	a 11	b 10	c 5
1677	a 12	b 10	c 5
1678	a 13	b 10	c 5
1679	a 14	b 10	c 5
1680	a 15	b 10	c 5
1681	a 16	b 10	c 5
1682	a 17	b 10	c 5
1683	a 18 a 19	b 10 b 10	c 5
1684 1685	a 19	b 10	c 5 c 5
1686	a 21	b 10	c 5
1687	a 22	b 10	c 5
1688	a 23	b 10	c 5
1689	a 24	b 10	c 5
1690	a 25	b 10	c 5
1691	a 5	b 11	c 5
1692	a 6	b 11	c 5
1693	a 7	b 11	c5
1694	a 8	b 11	c 5
1695	a 9	b 11	c 5
1696	a 10	b 11	c 5
1697	a 11	b 11	c 5
1698	a 12	b 11	c 5
1699	a 13	b 11	c 5
1700	a 14	b 11	c 5
1701	a 15	b 11	c 5





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No.	Ср	Bridge	Flu
1702	a 16	b 11	c 5
1703	a 17	b 11	c 5
1704	a 18	b 11	c 5
1705	a 19	b 11	c 5
1706	a 20	b 11	c 5
1707	a 21	b 11	c 5
1708	a 22	b 11	c 5
1709	a 23	b 11	c 5
1710	a 24	b 11	c 5
1711	a 25	b 11	c 5
1712	a 1	b 12	c 5
1713	a 2	b 12	c 5
1714	a 3	b 12	c 5
1715	a 4	b 12	c 5
1716	a 5	b 12	c 5
1717	a 6	b 12	c 5
1718	a 7	b 12	c 5
1719	a 8	b 12	c 5
1720	a 9	b 12	c 5
1721	a 10	b 12	c 5
1722	a 11	b 12	c 5
1723	a 12	b 12	c 5
1724	a 13	b 12	c 5
1725	a 14	b 12	c 5
1726 1727	a 15	b 12	c 5
1727	a 16 a 17	b 12	c 5
1729	a 18	b 12	c 5
1730	a 19	b 12	c 5
1730	a 20	b 12 b 12	c 5
1731	a 21	b 12	c 5 c 5
1733	a 22	b 12	C 5
1734	a 23	b 12	c 5
1735	a 24	b 12	c 5
1736	a 25	b 12	c 5
1737	a 1	b 13	c 5
1738	a 2	b 13	c 5
1739	a 3	b 13	-c5
1740	a 4	b 13	c 5
1741	a 5	b 13	c 5
1742	a 6	b 13	c 5
1743	a 7	b 13	c 5
1744	a 8	b 13	c 5
1745	a 9	b 13	c 5
1746	a 10	b 13	c 5
1747	a 11	b 13	c5
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No.	Ср	Bridge	Flu
1794	а8	b 15	c 5
1794	a 9	b 15	. c5
1795	a 10	b 15	C 5
1790	a 10	b 15	c 5
1797	a 12	b 15	<u> </u>
1799	a 12	b 15	c.5
1800	a 14	b 15	c 5
1801	a 15	b 15	c 5
1802	a 16	b 15	c 5
1803	a 17	b 15	c 5
1804	a 18	b 15	c 5
1805	a 19	b 15	c 5
1806	a 20	b 15	c 5
1807	a 21	b 15	c 5
1808	a 22	b 15	c 5
1809	a 23	b 15	c 5
1810	a 24	b 15	c 5
1811	a 25	b 15	c 5
1812	a 25	b 15	c 6
1813	a 2	b 1	c 6
1814	a 3	b 1	c 6
1815	a 4	b 1	c 6
1816	a 5	b 1	c 6
1817	a 6	b 1	C 6
1818	a 7	b 1	c 6
1819	a <i>r</i> a 8	b 1	c 6
1820	a 9	b 1	c 6
1821	a 10	b 1	c 6
1822	a 11	b 1	c 6
1823	a 12	b 1	c 6
1824	a 13	b 1	c 6
1825	a 14	b 1	c 6
1826	a 15	b 1	c 6
1827	a 16	b 1	c 6
1828	a 17	b 1	c 6
1829	a 18	b 1	c 6
1830	a 19	b 1	c 6
1831	a 20	b1	c6
1832	a 21	b 1	c 6
1833	a 22	b 1	c 6
1834	a 23	b 1	c 6
1835	a 24	b 1	c 6
1836	a 25	b 1	c 6
1837	a 1	b 2	c 6
1838	a 2	b 2	c 6
1839	a 3	b 2	c 6
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No.	Ср	Bridge	Flu
1840	a 4	b 2	c 6
1841	a 5	- b2	c 6
1842	a 6	b 2	c 6
1843	a 7	b 2	c 6
1844	a 8	b 2	c 6
1845	a 9	b 2	c 6
1846	a 10	b 2	c 6
1847	a 11	b 2	c 6
1848	a 12	b 2	c 6
1849	a 13	b 2	c 6
1850	a 14	b 2	c 6
1851	a 15	b 2	c 6
1852	a 16	b 2	c 6
1853	a 17	b 2	c 6
1854	a 18	b 2	c 6
1855	a 19	b 2	c 6
1856	a 20	b 2	c 6
1857	a 21	b 2	c 6
1858	a 22	b 2	c 6
1859	a 23	b 2	c 6
1860	a 24	b 2	c 6
1861	a 25	b 2	c 6
1862	a 1	b 3	c 6
1863	a 2	b 3	c 6
1864	a 3	b 3	c 6
1865	a 4	b 3	c 6
1866	a 5	b 3	c 6
1867	a 6	b 3	c 6
1868	a 7	b 3	c 6
1869	a 8	b 3	c 6
1870	a 9	b 3	c 6
1871	a 10	b 3	c 6
1872 1873	a 11	b 3	c 6
	a 12	b 3	c 6
1874 1875	a 13	b 3	c 6
1876	a 14	b 3	c 6
1877	a 15 a 16	b 3	c 6
1878		b 3	c6
1879	a 17	b 3	c 6
1880	a 18 a 19	b 3 b 3	c 6
1881	a 20		c 6
1882	a 20	b 3 b 3	c 6
1883	a 21	b 3	c 6
1884	a 23	b 3	c 6
1885	a 23	b 3	c 6
1000	a 24	υS	c 6



No.	Ср	Bridge	Flu
1886	a 25	b 3	c 6
1887	a 1	b 4	c 6
1888	a 2	b 4	c 6
1889	a 3	b 4	c 6
1890	a 4	b 4	c 6
1891	a 5	b 4	c 6
1892	a 6	b 4	c 6
1893	a 7	b 4	c 6
1894	a 8	b 4	c 6
1895	a 9	b 4	c 6
1896	a 10	b 4	c 6
1897	a 11	b 4	c 6
1898	à 12	b 4	c 6
1899	a 13	b 4	c 6
1900	a 14	b 4	c 6
1901	a 15	b 4	c 6
1902	a 16	b 4	c 6
1903	a 17	b 4	c 6
1904	a 18	b 4	c 6
1905	a 19	b 4	c 6
1906	a 20	b 4	c 6
1907	a 21	b 4	c 6
1908	a 22	b 4	c 6
1909	a 23	b 4	c 6
1910	a 24	b 4	c 6
1911	a 25	b 4	c 6
1912	a 1	b 5	c 6
1913	a 2	b 5	c 6
1914	a 3	b 5	c 6
1915	a 4	b 5	c 6
1916	a 5	b 5	c 6
1917	a 6	b 5	c 6
1918	a 7	b 5	c 6
1919	a 8	b 5	c 6
1920	a 9	b 5	c 6
1921	a 10	b 5	c 6
1922	a 11	b 5	c 6
1923	a 12	b 5	c-6
1924	a 13	b 5	c 6
1925	a 14	b 5	c 6
1926	a 15	b 5	c 6
1927	a 16	b 5	c 6
1928	a 17	b 5	c 6
1929	a 18	b 5	c 6
1930	a 19	b 5	c 6
1931	a 20	b 5	c 6
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No.	Ср	Bridge	Flu
1932	a 21	b 5	c 6
1933	a 22	b 5	c 6
1934	a 23	b 5	c 6
1935	a 24	b 5	c 6
1936	a 25	b 5	c 6
1937	a 1	b 6	c 6
1938	a 2	b 6	c 6
1939	a 3	b 6	c 6
1940	a 4	b 6	c 6
1941	a 5	b 6	c 6
1942	а 6	b 6	c 6
1943	a 7	b 6	c 6
1944	a 8	b 6	c 6
1945	a 9	b 6	c 6
1946	a 10	b 6	c 6
1947	a 11	b 6	c 6
1948	a 12	b 6	c 6
1949	a 13	b 6	c 6
1950	a 14	b 6	c 6
1951	a 15	b 6	c 6
1952	a 16	b 6	c 6
1953	a 17	b 6	c 6
1954	a 18	b 6	c 6
1955	a 19	b 6	c 6
1956	a 20	b 6	c 6
1957	a 21	b 6	c 6
1958	a 22	b 6	c 6
1959	a 23	b 6	c 6
1960	a 24	b 6	c 6
1961	a 25	b 6	c 6
1962	a 1	b 7	c 6
1963	a 2	b 7	c 6
1964	a 3	b 7	c 6
1965 1966	a 4 a 5	b 7 b 7	c 6
1967	a 6	b 7	c 6 c 6
1968	a 7	b 7	
1969	a 8	b 7	c 6
1969	a 9	b 7	c 6 c 6
1970	a 10	b 7	c 6
1971	a 10	b 7	c 6
1972	a 12	b 7	c 6
1973	a 12	b 7	c 6
1974	a 13	b 7	c 6
1975	a 15	b 7	c 6
1977	a 16	b 7	
1977	a 10	u /	c 6



No.	Ср	Bridge	Flu
1978	a 17	b 7	c 6
1979	a 18	b 7	c 6
1980	a 19	b 7	c 6
1981	a 20	b 7	c 6
1982	a 21	b 7	c 6
1983	a 22	b 7	c 6
1984	a 23	b 7	c 6
1985	a 24	b 7	c 6
1986	a 25	b 7	c 6
1987	a 1	b 8	c 6
1988	a 2	b 8	c 6
1989	a 3	b 8	c 6
1990	a 4	b 8	c 6
1991	a 5	b 8	c 6
1992	a 6	b 8	c 6
1993	a 7	b 8	c 6
1994	a 8	b 8	c 6
1995	a 9	b 8	c 6
1996	a 10	b 8	c 6
1997	a 11	b 8	c 6
1998	a 12	b 8	c 6
1999	a 13	b 8	c 6
2000	a 14	b 8	c 6
2001	a 15	b 8	c 6
2002	a 16	b 8	c 6
2003	a 17	b 8	c 6
2004	a 18	b 8	c 6
2005	a 19	b 8	c 6
2006	a 20	b 8	c 6
2007	a 21	b 8	c 6
2008	a 22	b 8	c 6
2009	a 23	b 8	c 6
2010 2011	a 24	b 8	c 6
2017	a 25	b 8	c 6
2012	a 1 a 2	b 9	c 6
2013	a 3	b 9	c 6
2014	a 3	b 9	c 6
2015	a 5	b 9	C 6
2017	a 6	b 9	c 6
2017	a 7	b 9	c 6
2019	a 8	b 9	c 6
2020	a 9	b 9	c 6
2020	a 10	b 9	c 6
2021	a 10	b 9	c 6
2022	a 12		c 6
2023	a 12	b 9	c 6



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No.	Cp - 12	Bridge	Flu
2024	a 13	b 9	c 6
2025	a 14	b 9	c 6
2026	a 15	b 9	c 6
2027	a 16	b 9	c 6
2028	a 17	b 9	c 6
2029	a 18	b 9	c 6
2030	a 19	b 9	c 6
2031	a 20	b 9	c 6
2032	a 21	b 9	c 6
2033	a 22	b 9	c 6
2034	a 23	b 9	c 6
2035	a 24	b 9	c 6
2036	a 25	b 9	c 6
2037	a 1	b 10	c 6
2038	a 2	b 10	c 6
2039	a 3	b 10	c 6
2040	a 4	b 10	c 6
2041	a 5	b 10	c 6
2042	a 6	b 10	c 6
2043	a 7	b 10	c 6
2044	a 8	b 10	c 6
2045 2046	a 9	b 10 b 10	0 0
2046	a 10 a 11	b 10	c 6
2047	a 11	b 10	c 6 c 6
2048	a 12	b 10	c 6
2049	a 13	b 10	c 6
2050	a 14	b 10	c 6
2051	a 16	b 10	c 6
2052	a 17	b 10	c 6
2054	a 18	b 10	c 6
2055	a 19	b 10	c 6
2056	a 20	b 10	c 6
2057	a 21	b 10	c 6
2058	a 22	b 10	c 6
2059	a 23	b 10	c 6
2060	a 24	b 10	c 6
2061	a 25	b 10	c6
2062	a 1	b 11	c 6
2063	a 2	b 11	c 6
2064	a 3	b 11	c 6
2065	a 4	b 11	c 6
2066	a 5	b 11	c 6
2067	a 6	b 11	c 6
2068	a 7	b 11	c 6
2069	a 8	b 11	c 6



No.	Ср	Bridge	Flu
2070	a 9	b 11	c 6
2071	a 10	b 11	c 6
2072	a 11	b 11	. c6
2073	a 12	b 11	c 6
2074	a 13	b 11	c 6
2075	a 14	b 11	c 6
2076	a 15	b 11	c 6
2077	a 16	b 11	c 6
2078	a 17	b 11	c 6
2079	a 18	b 11	c 6
2080	a 19	b 11	c 6
2081	a 20	b 11	c 6
2082	a 21	b 11	c 6
2083	a 22	b 11	c 6 .
2084	a 23	b 11	c 6
2085	a 24	b 11	c 6
2086	a 25	b 11	c 6
2087	a 1	b 12	c 6
2088	a 2	b 12	c 6
2089	a 3	b 12	c 6
2090	a 4	b 12	c 6
2091	a 5	b 12	c 6
2092	a 6	b 12	c 6
2093	a 7	b 12	c 6
2094	a 8	b 12	c 6
2095	a 9	b 12	c 6
2096	a 10	b 12	c 6
2097	a 11	b 12	c 6
2098	a 12	b 12	c 6
2099	a 13	b 12	c 6
2100	a 14	b 12	c 6
2101	a 15	b 12	c 6
2102	a 16	b 12	c 6
2103	a 17	b 12	c 6
2104	a 18	b 12	c 6
2105	a 19	b 12	c 6
2106	a 20	b 12	c 6
2107	a 21	b 12	c 6
2108	a 22	b 12	c 6
2109	a 23	b 12	c 6
2110	a 24	b 12	c 6
2111	a 25	b 12	c 6
2112	a 1	b 13	c 6
2113	a 2	b 13	c 6
2114	a 3	b 13	c 6
2115	a 4	b 13	c 6



No.		Bridge	Flu
2116		b 13	c 6
2117		b 13	c 6
2118		b 13	c 6
2119		b 13	c 6
2120	1	b 13	c 6
2121		b 13	c 6
2122		b 13	c 6
2123		b 13	c 6
2124		b 13	c 6
2125	T .	b 13	c 6
2126		b 13	c 6
2127		b 13	c 6
2128		b 13	c 6
2129	1	b 13	c 6
2130		b 13	c 6
2131	a 20	b 13	c 6
2132	L	b 13	c 6
2133		b 13	c 6
2134	L	b 13	c 6
2135		b 13	c 6
2136		b 13	c 6
2137	a 1	b 14	c 6
2138	a 2	b 14	c 6
2139	a 3	b 14	c 6
2140	a 4	b 14	c 6
2141	a 5	b 14	c 6
2142	a 6	b 14	c 6
2143	a 7	b 14	c 6
2144	a 8	b 14	c 6
2145 2146	a 9 a 10	b 14	c 6
2140	a 10	b 14 b 14	c 6
2148	a 12	b 14 b 14	c 6
2149	a 13	b 14	c 6
2150	a 14	b 14	c 6
2151	a 15	b 14	c 6 c 6
2152	a 16	b 14	c 6
2153	a 10	b 14	c-6
2154	a 18	b 14	c 6
2155	a 19	b 14	c 6
2156	a 20	b 14	c 6
2157	a 21	b 14	c 6
2158	a 22	b 14	c 6
2159	a 23	b 14	c 6
2160	a 24	b 14	c 6
2161	a 25	b 14	c 6
2101	G 23	D 14	U D





No.	Ср	Bridge	Flu
2162	a 1	b 15	c 6
2163		b 15	c 6
2164	a 3	b 15	c 6
2165	a 4	b 15	c 6
2166		b 15	c 6
2167	a 6	b 15	c 6
2168	a 7	b 15	c 6
2169	a 8	b 15	c 6
2170	a 9	b 15	c 6
2171	a 10	b 15	c 6
2172	. a 11	b 15	c 6
2173	a 12	b 15	c 6
2174	a 13	b 15	c 6
2175	a 14	b 15	c 6
2176	a 15	b 15	c 6
2177	a 16	b 15	c 6
2178	a 17	b 15	c 6
2179	a 18	b 15	c 6
2180	a 19	b 15	c 6
2181	a 20	b 15	c 6
2182	a 21	b 15	c 6
2183	a 22	b 15	c 6
2184	a 23	b 15	c 6
2185	a 24	b 15	c 6
2186	a 25	b 15	c 6
2187	a 1	. b 1	c 7
2188	a 2	b 1	c 7
2189	a 3	b 1	c 7
2190	a 4	b 1	c 7
2191	a 5	b 1	c 7
2192	a 6	b 1	c 7
2193	a 7	b 1	c 7
2194	a 8	b 1	c 7
2195		b 1	c 7
2196	a 10	b 1	c 7
2197	a 11	b 1	c 7
2198	a 12	b 1	c 7
2199	a-13	b1	c_7
2200	a 14	b 1	c 7
2201	a 15	b 1	c 7
2202	a 16	b 1	c 7
2203	a 17	b 1	c 7
2203	a 18	b 1	c 7
2204	a 19	b 1	c 7
2206	a 20	b 1	c 7
2207	a 21	b 1	c 7
2207	αΖΙ	ו ע	<i>U /</i>



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No.	Ср	Bridge	Flu
2208	a 22	b 1	c 7
2209	a 23	b 1	c 7
2210	a 24	b 1	c 7
2211	a 25	b 1	c 7
2212	a 1	b 2	c 7
2213	a 2	b 2	c 7
2214	a 3	b 2	c 7
2215	a 4	b 2	c 7
2216	a 5	b 2	c 7
2217	a 6	b 2	c 7
2218	a 7	b 2	c 7
2219	a 8	b 2	c 7
2220	a 9	b 2	c 7
2221	a 10	b 2	c 7
2222	a 11	b 2	c 7
2223	a 12	b 2	c 7
2224	a 13	b 2	c 7
2225	a 14	b 2	c 7
2226	a 15	b 2	c 7
2227	a 16	b 2	c 7
2228	a 17	b 2	c 7
2229	a 18	b 2	c 7
2230	a 19	b 2	c 7
2231	a 20	b 2	c 7
2232	a 21	b 2	c 7
2233	a 22	b 2	c 7
2234	a 23	b 2	c 7
2235 2236	a 24	b 2	c 7
2237	a 25 a 1	b 2 b 3	c 7
2238	<u>а і</u> а 2	b 3	c 7 c 7
2239	a 3	b 3	c 7
2239	a 4	b 3	c 7
2240	a 5	b 3	c 7
2241	a 6	b 3	c 7
2243	a 7	b 3	c 7
2244	a 8	b 3	c 7
2245	a 9	b3	c.7
2246	a 10	b 3	c 7
2247	a 11	b 3	c 7
2248	a 12	b 3	c 7
2249	a 13	b 3	c 7
2250	a 14	b 3	c 7
2251	a 15	b 3	c 7
2252	a 16	b 3	c 7
2253	a 17	b 3	c 7
2200	u 17	5.5	0 /



No.	Ср	Bridge	Flu
2254	•	b 3	c 7
2255		b 3	c 7
2256		b 3	c 7
2257	a 21	b 3	c 7
2258	a 22	b 3	c 7
2259	a 23	b 3	c 7
2260	a 24	b 3	c 7
2261	a 25	b 3	c 7
2262	a 1	b 4	c 7
2263	a 2	b 4	c 7
2264	a 3	b 4	c 7
2265	a 4	b 4	c 7
2266	a 5	b 4	c 7
2267	a 6	b 4	c 7
2268	a 7	b 4	c 7
2269	a 8	b 4	c 7
2270	a 9	b 4	c 7
2271	a 10	b 4	c 7
2272	a 11	b 4	c 7
2273	a 12	b 4	c 7
2274	a 13	b 4	c 7
2275	a 14	b 4	c 7
2276	a 15	b 4	c 7
2277	a 16	b 4	c 7
2278	a 17	b 4	c 7
2279	a 18	b 4	c 7
2280	a 19	b 4	c 7
2281	a 20	b 4	c 7
2282	a 21	b 4	c 7
2283	a 22	b 4	c 7
2284	a 23	b 4	c 7
2285	a 24	b 4	c7
2286	a 25	b 4	c 7
2287	a 1	b 5	c 7
2288	a 2	b 5	c 7
2289	a 3	b 5	c 7
2290	a 4	b 5	c 7
2291	- a 5	——————————————————————————————————————	с7
2292	a 6	b 5	c 7
2293	a 7	b 5	c 7
2294	a 8	b 5	c 7
2295	a 9	b 5	c 7
2296	a 10	b 5	c 7
2297	a 11	b 5	c 7
2298	a 12	b 5	c 7
2299	a 13	b 5	c 7





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No.	<u> </u>	Bridge	Flu
2300		b 5	c 7
2301		b 5	c 7
2302	L	b 5	c 7
2303	a 17	b 5	c 7
2304	a 18	b 5	c 7
2305	a 19	b 5	с7
2306	a 20	b 5	c 7
2307	a 21	b 5	c 7
2308	a 22	b 5	c 7
2309	a 23	b 5	c 7
2310	a 24	b 5	c 7
2311	a 25	b 5	c 7
2312	a 1	b 6	c 7
2313	a 2	b 6	c 7
2314	a 3	b 6	c 7
2315	a 4	b 6	c 7
2316	a 5	b 6	c 7
2317	a 6	b 6	c 7
2318	a 7	b 6	c 7
2319	a 8	b 6 .	c7
2320	a 9	b 6	c 7
2321	a 10	b 6	c 7
2322	a 11	b 6	c 7
2323	a 12	b 6	c 7
2324	a 13	b 6	c 7
2325	a 14	b 6	c 7
2326	a 15	b 6	c 7
2327	a 16	b 6	c 7
2328	a 17	b6	c 7
2329	a 18	b 6	c 7
2330	a 19	b 6	c 7
2331	a 20	b6	c 7
2332	a 21	b 6	c 7
2333		b6	c 7
2334		b 6	c 7
2335	a 24	b6	c 7
2336	a 25	b6	c 7
2337	a_1	b-7	—
2338	a 2	b 7	c 7
2339	a 3	b 7	c 7
2340	a 4	b 7	c 7
2341	a 5	b 7	c 7
2342	a 6	b 7	c 7
2343	a 7	b 7	c 7
2344	a 8	b 7	c 7
2345	a 9	b 7	c 7



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No.	Ср	Bridge	Flu
2346	a 10	b 7	c 7
2347	a 11	b 7	c7
2348	a 12	b 7	c7
2349	a 13	b 7	c7
2350	a 14	b 7	c7
2351	a 15	b 7	c7
2352	a 16	b 7	c 7
2353	a 17	b 7	c 7
2354	a 18	b 7	c 7
2355	a 19	b 7	c 7
2356	a 20	b 7	c 7
2357	a 21	b 7	c 7
2358	a 22	b 7	c 7
2359	a 23	b 7	c 7
2360	a 24	b 7	C 7
2361	a 25	b 7	c 7
2362	a 1	b 8	c 7
2363	a 2	b 8	c7
2364	a 3	b 8	c7
2365	a 4	b 8	c 7
2366	a 5	b 8	c7
2367	a 6	b 8	c 7
2368	a 7	b 8	. c7
2369	a 8	b 8	c 7
2370	a 9	b 8	c 7
2371	a 10	b 8	c 7
2372	a 11	b 8	c 7
2373	a 12	b 8	c 7
2374	a 13	b 8	c 7
2375	a 14	b 8	c 7
2376	a 15	b 8	c 7
2377	a 16	b 8	c 7
2378	a 17	b 8	c 7
2379	a 18	b 8	c 7
2380	a 19	b 8	c 7
2381 2382	a 20	b 8	c 7
2382	a 21	b 8	c 7
2383	a 22	b8	c7
2385	a 23	b 8	c 7
2386	a 24 a 25	b 8	c 7
2387	a 25	b 8	c7
2388	a 2	b 9	c 7
2389	a 3	b 9	c 7
2390	a 4	b 9 b 9	c 7
2390	a 5	b 9	c 7
2331	a J	กล	· c7



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No	0-		<u></u>
No.	Ср	Bridge	Flu
2392	а 6	b 9	c 7
2393	a 7	b 9	c 7
2394	a 8	b 9	c 7
2395	a 9	b 9	c 7
2396	a 10	b 9	c 7
2397	a 11	b 9	c 7
2398	a 12	b 9	c 7
2399	a 13	b 9	c 7
2400	a 14	b 9	c 7
2401	a 15	b 9	c 7
2402	a 16	b 9	c 7
2403	a 17	b 9	c 7
2404	a 18	b 9	c 7
2405	a 19	b 9	c 7
2406	a 20	b 9	c 7
2407	a 21	b 9	c 7
2408	a 22	b 9	c 7
2409	a 23	b 9	c 7
2410	a 24	b 9	c 7
2411	a 25	b 9	c 7
2412	a 1	b 10	c 7
2413	a 2	b 10	c 7
2414	a 3	b 10	c 7
2415	a 4	b 10	c 7
2416 2417	a 5	b 10	c 7
2417	a 6 a 7	b 10	c 7
2419	a 8	b 10	. c7
2420	a	b 10	c 7
2421	a 10	b 10 b 10	c 7
2422	a 10	b 10	c 7
2423	a 12	b 10	c7
2424	a 13	b 10	c7
2425	a 14	b 10	c 7
2426	a 15	b 10	c 7
2427	a 16	b 10	c 7
2428	a 17	b 10	c 7
2429	a_18	b_10	c7
2430	a 19	b 10	c 7
2431	a 20	b 10	c 7
2432	a 21	b 10	c 7
2433	a 22	b 10	c 7
2434	a 23	b 10	c 7
2435	a 24	b 10	c 7
2436	a 25	b 10	c 7
2437	a 1	b 11	c 7





No.	<u>'</u>	Bridge	Flu
2438		b 11	c 7
2439	<u> </u>	b 11	c 7
2440		b 11	c 7
2441	<u>.i</u>	b 11	c 7
2442	I.,	b 11	c 7
2443	<u></u>	b 11	c 7
2444	L.	b 11	c 7
2445		b 11	c 7
2446		b 11	c 7
2447		b 11	c 7
2448	i .	b 11	c 7
2449		b 11	c 7
2450		b 11	c 7
2451	a 15	b 11	c 7
2452	a 16	b 11	c 7
2453	a 17	b 11	c 7
2454	a 18	b 11	c 7
2455	a 19	b 11	c 7
2456	a 20	b 11	c 7
2457	a 21	b 11	c 7
2458	a 22	b 11	c 7
2459	a 23	b 11	c 7
2460	a 24	b 11	c 7
2461	a 25	b 11	c 7
2462	a 1	b 12	c 7
2463	a 2	b 12	c 7
2464	a 3	b 12	c 7
2465	a 4	b 12	c 7
2466	a 5	b 12	c 7
2467	a 6	b 12	c 7
2468	a 7	b 12	c 7
2469	a 8	b 12	c 7
2470	a 9	b 12	c 7
2471	a 10	b 12	c 7
2472	a 11	b 12	c 7
2473 2474	a 12	b 12	c 7
- 2474	a 13	b 12	- c7
	a 14	b-12	c_7
2476 2477	a 15	b 12	c 7
2477	a 16 a 17	b 12	c 7
2478		b 12	c 7
	a 18	b 12	c 7
2480 2481	a 19	b 12	c 7
2481	a 20	b 12	c 7
2482	a 21	b 12	c 7
2483	a 22	b 12	c 7





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No		Bridge	Flu
2484		b 12	c 7
2485		b 12	c 7
2486		b 12	c 7
2487		b 13	c 7
2488		b 13	c 7
2489	<u> </u>	b 13	c 7
2490	<u> </u>	b 13	c 7
2491		b 13	c 7
2492		b 13	c 7
2493		b 13	c 7
2494	<u></u>	b 13	c 7
2495		b 13	c 7
2496		b 13	c 7
2497		b 13	c 7
2498		b 13	c 7
2499		b 13	c 7
2500		b 13	c 7
2501		b 13	c 7
2502		b 13	c 7
2503	L	b 13	c 7
2504		b 13	c 7
2505		b 13	c 7
2506	a 20	b 13	c 7
2507	a 21	b 13	c 7
2508	a 22	b 13	c 7
2509	a 23	b 13	c 7
2510	a 24	b 13	c 7
2511	a 25	b 13	c 7
2512	a 1	b 14	c 7
2513	a 2	b 14	c 7
2514	a 3	b 14	c 7
2515	a 4	b 14	c 7
2516	a 5	b 14	c 7
2517	a 6	b 14	c 7
2518	a 7	b 14	c 7
2519 2520	a 8	b 14	c 7
	a 9	b 14	c 7
	a_10		с7
2522 2523	a 11	b 14	c 7
2523	a 12	b 14	c 7
L	a 13	b 14	c 7
2525	a 14	b 14	c 7
2526 2527	a 15	b 14	c 7
	a 16	b 14	c 7
2528	a 17	b 14	c 7
2529	a 18	b 14	c 7

No.		Bridge	Flu
2530		b 14	c 7
2531	a 20	b 14	c7 ·
2532	a 21	b 14	c 7
2533	a 22	b 14	c 7
2534	a 23	b 14	c 7
2535	a 24	b 14	c 7
2536	a 25	b 14	c 7
2537	a 1	b 15	c 7
2538	a 2	b 15	c 7
2539	a 3	b 15	c 7
2540	a 4	b 15	c 7
2541	a 5	b 15	c 7
2542	a 6	b 15	c 7
2543	a 7	b 15	c 7
2544	a 8	b 15	c 7
2545	a 9	b 15	c 7
2546	a 10	b 15	c 7
2547	a 11	b 15	c 7
2548	a 12	b 15	c 7
2549	a 13	b 15	c 7
2550	a 14	b 15	c 7
2551	a 15	b 15	c 7
2552	a 16	b 15	c 7
2553	a 17	b 15	c 7
2554	a 18	b 15	c 7
2555	a 19	b 15	c 7
2556	a 20	b 15	c 7
2557	a 21	b 15	c 7
2558	a 22	b 15	c 7
2559	a 23	b 15	. с7
2560	a 24	b 15	c 7
2561	a 25	b 15	c 7

According to the above table, the ligand structure of No. 736 means a combination of a2-b1-c3, so that

5 when the metal part MQj is ZrCl2, the following metallocene compound is exemplified.

ZrCl₂

Specific examples of MQ_j include ZrCl₂, ZrBr₂,

10 ZrMe₂, Zr(OTs)₂, Zr(OMs)₂, Zr(OTf)₂, TiCl₂, TiBr₂,

TiMe₂, Ti(OTs)₂, Ti(OMs)₂, Ti(OTf)₂, HfCl₂, HfBr₂,

HfMe₂, Hf(OTs)₂, Hf(OMs)₂ and Hf(OTf)₂.

Examples of the metallocene compounds wherein the substituent group on the Cp ring and the substituent group on the bridge part are bonded to form a ring include the following compounds.

Preferred examples of the metallocene compounds represented by the formula (1a) or (2a) according to the invention include:

a metallocene compound of the formula (1a) wherein R^1 , R^{13} and R^{14} are each methyl, R^3 is tert-butyl, R^2 , R^4 , R^5 , R^7 , R^8 , R^9 , R^{10} and R^{12} are each hydrogen, R^6 and R^{11} are each tert-butyl, M is zirconium, Y is carbon, Q is chlorine, and j is 2;

a metallocene compound of the formula (1a) wherein 10 R^{13} and R^{14} are each methyl, R^3 is 1-methyl-1-cyclohexyl, R^1 , R^2 , R^4 , R^5 , R^6 , R^8 , R^9 , R^{11} and R^{12} are each hydrogen, R^7 and R^{10} are each tert-butyl, M is zirconium, Y is carbon, Q is chlorine, and j is 2;

a metallocene compound of the formula (1a) wherein R¹³ and R¹⁴ are each methyl, R³ is tert-butyl, R¹, R², R⁴, R⁵, R⁸, R⁹ and R¹² are each hydrogen, R⁶ and R⁷ are bonded to form $-(C(CH_3)_2CH_2C(CH_3)_2)$ and thereby form a ring, R¹⁰ and R¹¹ are bonded to form $-(C(CH_3)_2CH_2CH_2C(CH_3)_2)$ and thereby form a ring, M is

20 zirconium, Y is carbon, Q is chlorine, and j is 2;

a metallocene compound of the formula (1a) wherein R^{13} and R^{14} are each methyl, R^3 is trimethylsilyl, R^1 , R^2 , R^4 , R^5 , R^8 , R^9 and R^{12} are each hydrogen, R^6 and R^7 are bonded to form $-(C(CH_3)_2CH_2CH_2C(CH_3)_2)$ and

25 thereby form a ring, R^{10} and R^{11} are bonded to form -

(C(CH3)2CH2CH2C(CH3)2) - and thereby form a ring, M is zirconium, Y is carbon, Q is chlorine, and j is 2;

a metallocene compound of the formula (1a) wherein \mbox{R}^{13} and \mbox{R}^{14} are each methyl, \mbox{R}^3 is 1,1-dimethylpropyl,

5 R^1 , R^2 , R^4 , R^5 , R^6 , R^8 , R^9 , R^{11} and R^{12} are each hydrogen, R^7 and R^{10} are each tert-butyl, M is zirconium, Y is carbon, Q is chlorine, and j is 2;

a metallocene compound of the formula (1a) wherein \mbox{R}^{13} and \mbox{R}^{14} are each methyl, \mbox{R}^3 is 1-ethyl-1-

10 methylpropyl, R^1 , R^2 , R^4 , R^5 , R^6 , R^8 , R^9 , R^{11} and R^{12} are each hydrogen, R^7 and R^{10} are each tert-butyl, M is zirconium, Y is carbon, Q is chlorine, and j is 2;

a metallocene compound of the formula (1a) wherein $\ensuremath{\mathsf{R}}^{13}$ and $\ensuremath{\mathsf{R}}^{14}$ are each methyl, $\ensuremath{\mathsf{R}}^3$ is 1,1,3-

trimethylbutyl, R^1 , R^2 , R^4 , R^5 , R^6 , R^8 , R^9 , R^{11} and R^{12} are each hydrogen, R^7 and R^{10} are each tert-butyl, M is zirconium, Y is carbon, Q is chlorine, and j is 2;

a metallocene compound of the formula (1a) wherein 20 R^{13} and R^{14} are each methyl, R^3 is 1,1-dimethylbutyl, R^1 , R^2 , R^4 , R^5 , R^6 , R^8 , R^9 , R^{11} and R^{12} are each hydrogen, R^7 and R^{10} are each tert-butyl, M is zirconium, Y is carbon, Q is chlorine, and j is 2;

a metallocene compound of the formula (1a) wherein 25 $\,$ R¹³ and R¹⁴ are each methyl, R³ is tert-butyl, R¹, R²,

 R^4 , R^5 , R^7 , R^8 , R^9 , R^{10} and R^{12} are each hydrogen, R^6 and R^{11} are each tert-butyl, M is zirconium, Y is carbon, Q is chlorine, and j is 2;

a metallocene compound of the formula (1a) wherein R^3 , R^{13} and R^{14} are each phenyl, R^1 , R^2 , R^4 , R^5 , R^8 , R^9 and R^{12} are each hydrogen, R^6 and R^7 are bonded to form $-(C(CH_3)_2CH_2C(CH_3)_2)$ and thereby form a ring, R^{10} and R^{11} are bonded to form -

 $(C(CH_3)_2CH_2C(CH_3)_2)$ - and thereby form a ring, M is

10 zirconium, Y is carbon, Q is chlorine, and j is 2;

a metallocene compound of the formula (1a) wherein $\rm R^3$ is trimethylsilyl, $\rm R^{13}$ and $\rm R^{14}$ are each phenyl, $\rm R^1$, $\rm R^2$, $\rm R^4$, $\rm R^5$, $\rm R^8$, $\rm R^9$ and $\rm R^{12}$ are each hydrogen, $\rm R^6$ and $\rm R^7$ are bonded to form -(C(CH₃)₂CH₂CH₂C(CH₃)₂)- and

thereby form a ring, R^{10} and R^{11} are bonded to form - $(C(CH_3)_2CH_2C(CH_3)_2)$ - and thereby form a ring, M is zirconium, Y is carbon, Q is chlorine, and j is 2;

a metallocene compound of the formula (1a) wherein $\rm R^{13}$ is methyl, $\rm R^{14}$ is phenyl, $\rm R^3$ is tert-butyl, $\rm R^1,\ R^2,$

20 R^4 , R^5 , R^6 , R^8 , R^9 , R^{11} and R^{12} are each hydrogen, R^7 and R^{10} are each tert-butyl, M is zirconium, Y is carbon, Q is chlorine, and j is 2;

a metallocene compound of the formula (1a) wherein ${\rm R}^{13}$ and ${\rm R}^{14}$ are each ethyl, ${\rm R}^3$ is tert-butyl, ${\rm R}^1$, ${\rm R}^2$,

25 R^4 , R^5 , R^6 , R^8 , R^9 , R^{11} and R^{12} are each hydrogen, R^7

10

15

and R^{10} are each tert-butyl, M is zirconium, Y is carbon, Q is chlorine, and j is 2;

a metallocene compound of the formula (2a) wherein R^1 is methyl, R^3 is tert-butyl, R^2 , R^4 , R^5 , R^6 , R^7 , R^8 , R^9 , R^{10} , R^{11} and R^{12} are each hydrogen, M is zirconium, Y is carbon, Q is chlorine, j is 2, and A is -(CH₂)5-;

a metallocene compound of the formula (2a) wherein R^1 is methyl, R^3 is tert-butyl, R^2 , R^4 , R^5 , R^6 , R^8 , R^9 , R^{11} and R^{12} are each hydrogen, R^7 and R^{10} are each tert-butyl, M is zirconium, Y is carbon, Q is chlorine,

a metallocene compound of the formula (2a) wherein R^3 is trimethylsilyl, R^1 , R^2 , R^4 , R^5 , R^7 , R^8 , R^9 , R^{10} and R^{12} are each hydrogen, R^6 and R^{11} are each tertbutyl, M is zirconium, Y is carbon, Q is chlorine, j

j is 2, and A is -(CH₂)₅-;

is 2, and A is $-(CH_2)_5-;$

a metallocene compound of the formula (2a) wherein $\rm R^3$ is trimethylsilyl, $\rm R^1$, $\rm R^2$, $\rm R^4$, $\rm R^5$, $\rm R^6$, $\rm R^8$, $\rm R^9$, $\rm R^{11}$ and $\rm R^{12}$ are each hydrogen, $\rm R^7$ and $\rm R^{10}$ are each tert-

butyl, M is zirconium, Y is carbon, Q is chlorine, j
is 2, and A is -(CH₂)5-;

a metallocene compound of the formula (2a) wherein $\rm R^3$ is tert-butyl, $\rm R^1,~R^2,~R^4,~R^5,~R^6,~R^8,~R^9,~R^{11}$ and $\rm R^{12}$ are each hydrogen, $\rm R^7$ and $\rm R^{10}$ are each tert-butyl,

25

M is zirconium, Y is carbon, Q is chlorine, j is 2, and A is $-(CH_2)_4-;$

a metallocene compound of the formula (2a) wherein R^3 is 1,1-dimethylpropyl, R^1 , R^2 , R^4 , R^5 , R^6 , R^8 , R^9 , R^{11} and R^{12} are each hydrogen, R^7 and R^{10} are each tert-butyl, M is zirconium, Y is carbon, Q is chlorine, j is 2, and A is -(CH₂)5-; and

a metallocene compound of the formula (2a) wherein R^3 is tert-butyl, R^1 , R^2 , R^4 , R^5 , R^8 , R^9 and R^{12} are each hydrogen, R^6 and R^7 are bonded to form - $(C(CH_3)_2CH_2C(CH_3)_2)$ - and thereby form a ring, R^{10} and R^{11} are bonded to form - $(C(CH_3)_2CH_2C(CH_3)_2)$ - and thereby form a ring, M is zirconium, Y is carbon, Q is chlorine, j is 2, and A is - $(CH_2)_4$ -.

There is no specific limitation on the process for preparing the metallocene compound represented by the formula (1a) or (2a), and the compound can be prepared by, for example, a process similar to the process for preparing the metallocene compound represented by the formula (1) or (2).

Next, the metallocene compound represented by the formula (1b) or (2b) is described.

A further embodiment of the metallocene compound of the invention is represented by the following formula (1b) or (2b).

$$R^{21}$$
 R^{14}
 R^{13}
 R^{12}
 R^{12}
 R^{10}
 R^{9}
 R^{8}
 R^{7}
 R^{10}
 R^{10}

$$R^{21}$$
 R^{22}
 R^{12}
 R^{12}
 R^{10}
 R^{9}
 R^{8}
 R^{7}
 R^{10}
 R^{10}

20

5

In the formula (1b) or (2b), each of R^{21} and R^{22} has the same meaning as that of R^3 in the formula (1) or (2); each of R^5 to R^{14} has the same meaning as that of R^1 , R^2 or each of R^4 to R^{14} in the formula (1) or (2); and A, Y, M, Q and j have the same meanings as those of A, Y, M, Q and j in the formula (1) or (2), respectively.

 ${\sf R}^{22}$ is preferably a sterically bulky substituent group, more preferably a substituent group of 4 or more carbon atoms.

Examples of the metallocene compounds represented by the formula (1b) or (2b) according to the invention are given below.

The ligand structure excluding MQj (metal part) in the metallocene compound is divided into three parts

of Cp (cyclopentadienyl ring part), Bridge (bridge part) and Flu (fluorenyl ring part), and specific examples of these partial structures and specific examples of ligand structures formed by combination of these partial structures are described first. Examples of Bridge (bridge part) and Flu (fluorenyl ring part) are the same as those previously described with respect to the metallocene compound represented by the formula (1) or (2).

Examples of Cp

		<u> </u>				
	5	- P	a1		7	a7
		si<	a2		-pk	а8
	10		а3		- PK	а9
		-PE	a4			a10
ISEEZEZZEZZEZZEZ	15	-90	а5		S	a11
			а6	<u>!</u>		

20

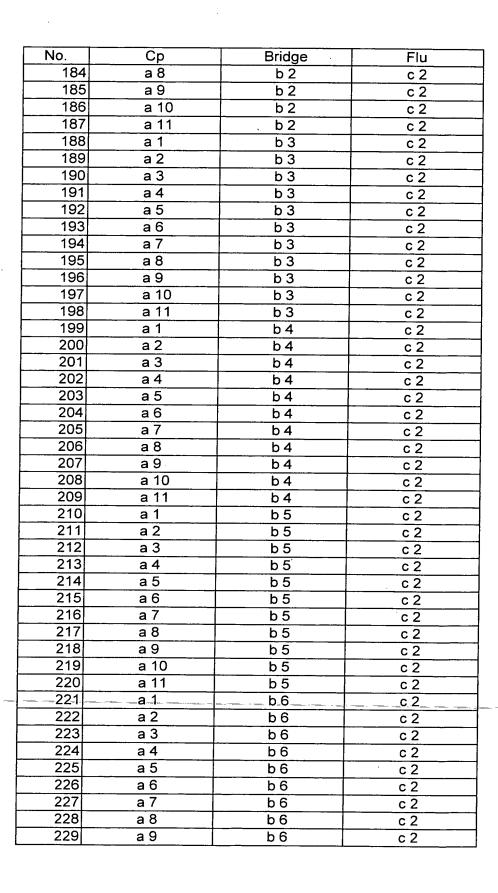
Examples of the ligand structures are described in the following table.

		· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·	
No.	Ср	Bridge	Flu
1	a 1	b 1	c1
2	a 2	b 1	c 1
3	a 3	b 1	c 1
4	a 4	b 1	c 1
5	a 5	b 1	c 1
6	a 6	b 1	c 1
7	a 7	b 1	c 1
8	a 8	b 1	c 1
9	a 9	b1	c 1
10	a 10	b 1	c 1
11	a 11	b 1	c 1
12	a 1	b 2	c 1
13	a 2	b 2	c 1
14	a 3	b 2	c 1
15	a 4	b 2	c 1
16 17	a 5	b 2	<u>c1</u>
18	a 6	b 2	c 1
19	a 7 a 8	b 2	c 1
20	. a 9	b 2 b 2	c 1
21	a 10	b 2	c 1
22	a 11	b 2	c 1 c 1
23	a 1	b 3	c 1
24	a 2	b 3	c 1
25	a 3	b 3	c 1
26	a 4	b 3	c 1
27	a 5	b 3	c 1
28	a 6	b 3	c 1
29	a 7	b 3	c 1
30	a 8	b 3	c 1
31	a 9	b 3	c 1
32	a 10	b 3	c 1
33	a 11	b 3	c 1
34	a 1	b 4	c 1
35	a 2	b 4	c1
36	a 3	b 4	c 1
- 37 -	a4	b4	- c-1
38	a 5	b 4	c 1
39	a 6	b 4	c 1
40	a 7	b 4	c 1
41	a 8	b 4	c 1
42	a 9	b 4	c 1
43	a 10	b 4	c 1
44	a 11	b 4	c 1
45	a 1	b 5	c 1

No.	Ср	Bridge	Flu
46	a 2		c 1
47	a 3	b 5	c 1
48	a 4	b 5	c 1
49	a 5	b 5	c 1
50	a 6	b 5	c 1
51	a 7	b 5	c 1
52	a 8	b 5	c 1
53	a 9	b 5	c 1
54	a 10	b 5	c 1
55	a 11	b 5	c1
56	a 1	b 6	c 1
57	a 2	b 6	c 1
58	a 3	b 6	c 1
59	a 4	b 6	c 1
60	a 5	b6	c 1
61	a 6	b6	c 1
62	a 7	b6	c 1
63	a 8	b 6	c 1
64	a 9	b6	c 1
65	a 10	b 6	c 1
66	a 11	b 6	c 1
67	a 1	b 7	c 1
68	a 2	b 7	c 1
69	a 3	b 7	c 1
70	a 4	b 7	c 1
71	a 5	b 7	c 1
72	a 6	b 7	c 1
73	a 7	b 7	c 1
74	a 8	b 7	c 1
75	a 9	b 7	c 1
76	a 10	b 7	c 1
77	a 11	b 7	c 1
78	a 1	b 8	c 1
79	a 2	b 8	c 1
80	a 3	b 8	c 1
81	a 4	b 8	c 1
82	a 5	b 8	c 1
83	- a 6	b-8	c1
84	a 7	b 8	c1
85	a 8	b 8	c 1
86	a 9	b 8	c 1
87	a 10	b 8	c 1
88	a 11	b 8	c 1
89	a 1	b 9	c 1
90	a 2	b 9	c 1
91	a 3	b 9	c 1

No.	Ср	Bridge	Flu
92	a 4	b 9	c1
93	a 5	b 9	c 1
94	a 6	b 9	c 1
95	a 7	b 9	c 1
96	a 8	b 9	c 1
97	a 9	b 9	c 1
98	a 10	b 9	c 1
99	a 11	b 9	c 1
100	a 1	b 10	c 1
101	a 2	b 10	c 1
102	a 3	b 10	c 1
103	a 4	b 10	c 1
104	a 5	b 10	c 1
105	a 6	b 10	c 1
106	a 7	b 10	c 1
107	a 8	b 10	c 1
108	a 9	b 10	c1
109	a 10	b 10	c 1
110	a 11	b 10	c1
111	a 1	b 11	c1
112	a 2	b 11	c1
113	a 3	b 11	c 1
114	a 4	b 11	c 1
115	a 5	b 11	c 1
116	a 6	b 11	c 1
117	a 7	b 11	c 1
118	a 8	b 11	c 1
119	a 9	b 11	c 1
120	a 10	b 11	c 1
121	a 11	b 11	c 1
122	a 1	b 12	c 1
123	a 2	b 12	c 1
124	a 3	b 12	c 1
125	a 4	b 12	
126	a 5	b 12	c 1
127	a 6	b 12	c 1
128	a 7	b 12	c 1
129	a 8	b 12	c1
130	a 9		
131	a 10	b 12	c 1
131		b 12	c 1
	a 11 a 1	b 12	c 1
133		b 13	c 1
134	a 2	b 13	c 1
135	a 3	b 13	c 1
136	a 4	b 13	c 1
137	a 5	b 13	c 1

No.	Ср	Bridge	Flu
138	a 6	b 13	c 1
139	a 7	b 13	c 1
140	a 8	b 13	c 1
141	a 9	b 13	c 1
142	a 10	b 13	c 1
143	a 11	b 13	c 1
144	a 1	b 14	c1
145	a 2	b 14	c1
146	a 3	b 14	c1
147	a 4	b 14	c1
148	a 5	b 14	c 1
149	a 6	b 14	c 1
150	a 7	b 14	c 1
151	a 8	b 14	c 1
152	a 9	b 14	c 1
153	a 10	b 14	c 1
154	a 11	b 14	c 1
155	a 1	b 15	c 1
156	a 2	b 15	c 1
157	a 3	b 15	c 1
158	a 4	b 15	c 1
159	a 5	b 15	c 1
160	a 6	b 15	c 1
161	a 7	b 15	c 1
162	a 8	b 15	c 1
163	a 9	b 15	c 1
164	a 10	b 15	c 1
165	a 11	b 15	c 1
166	a 1	b1	c 2
167	a 2	b 1	c 2
168	а 3	b 1	c 2
169	a 4	b 1	c 2
170	a 5	b 1	c 2
171	a 6	b 1	c 2
172	a 7	b 1	c 2
173	a 8	b 1	c 2
174	a 9	b 1	c 2
175	a 10	b-1	c_2
176	a 11	b 1	c 2
177	a 1	b 2	c 2
178	a 2	b 2	c 2
179	а 3	b 2	c 2
180	a 4	b 2	c 2
181	a 5	b 2	c 2
182	a 6.	b 2	c 2
183	a 7	b 2	c 2



No.	Ср	Bridge	Flu
230	a 10	b 6	c 2
231	a 11	b 6	c 2
232	a 1	b7	c 2
233	a 2	b 7	. c 2
234	a 3	b 7	c 2
235	a 4	b7	c 2
236	a 5	b 7	c 2
237	a 6	b 7	c 2
238	a 7	b 7	c 2
239	a 8	b 7	c 2
240	a 9	b 7	c 2
241	a 10	b 7	· c2
242	a 11	b 7	c 2
243	a 1	b 8	c 2
244	a 2	b 8	c 2
245	a 3	b 8	c 2
246	a 4	b 8	c 2
247	a 5	b 8	c 2
248	a 6	b 8	c 2
249	a 7	b 8	c 2
250	a 8	b 8	c 2
251	a 9	b 8	c 2
252	a 10	b 8	c 2
253	a 11	b 8	c 2
254	a 1	b 9	c 2
255	a 2	b 9	c 2
256	a 3	b 9	c 2
257	a 4	b 9	c 2
258	a 5	b 9	c 2
259	a 6	b9	c 2
260	a 7	b 9	c 2
261	a 8	b9	c 2
262	a 9	b 9	c 2
263	a 10	b9	c 2
264	a 11	b 9	c 2
265	a 1	b 10	c 2
266	a 2	b 10	c 2
267	a-3	b 10	c_2
268	a 4	b 10	c 2
269	a 5	b 10	c 2
270	a 6	b 10	c 2
271	a 7	b 10	c 2
272	a 8	b 10	c 2
273	a 9	b 10	c 2
274	a 10	b 10	c 2
275	a 11	b 10	c 2

No.	Ср	Bridge	Flu
276	a 1	b 11	c 2
277	a 2	b 11	c 2
278	a 3	b 11	c 2
279	a 4	b 11	c 2
280	a 5	b 11	c 2
281	a 6	b 11	c 2
282	a 7	b 11 .	c 2
283	a 8	b 11	c 2
284	a 9	b 11	c 2
285	a 10	b 11	c 2
286	a 11	b 11	c 2
287	a 1	b 12	c 2
288	a 2	b 12	c 2
289	a 3	b 12	c 2
290	a 4	b 12	c 2
291	a 5	b 12	c 2
292	a 6	b 12	c 2
293	a 7	b 12	c 2
294	a 8	b 12	c 2
295	a 9	b 12	c 2
296	a 10	b 12	c 2
297	a 11	b 12	c 2
298	a 1	b 13	c 2
299	a 2	b 13	c 2
300	a 3	b 13	c 2
301	a 4	b 13	c 2
302	a 5	b 13	c 2
303	a 6	b 13	c 2
304	a 7	b 13	c 2
305	a 8	b 13	c 2
306	a 9	b 13	c 2
307	a 10	b 13	c 2
308	a 11	b 13	c 2
309	a 1	b 14	c 2
310	a 2	b 14	c 2
311	a 3	b 14	c 2
312	a 4	b 14	c 2
313	– a 5 – – –	b_14	c2
314	a 6	b 14	c 2
315	a 7	b 14	c 2
316	a 8	b 14	c 2
317	a 9	b 14	c 2
318	a 10	b 14	c 2
319	a 11	b 14	c 2
320	a 1	b 15	c 2
321	a 2	b 15	c 2

No.	Ср	Bridge	Flu
322	a 3	b 15	c 2
323	a 4	b 15	c 2
324	a 5	b 15	c 2
325	a 6	b 15	c 2
326	a 7	b 15	c 2
327	a 8	b 15	c 2
328	a 9	b 15	c 2
329	a 10	b 15	c 2
330	a 11	b 15	c 2
331	a 1	b 1	c 3
332	a 2	b 1	c 3
333	a 3	b 1	c 3
334	a 4	b 1	c 3
335	a 5	b 1	c 3
336	a 6	b 1	c 3
337	a 7	b 1	c 3
338	a 8	b 1	c 3
339	a 9	b 1	c 3
340	a 10	b 1	c 3
341	a 11	b 1	c 3
342	a 1	b 2	c 3
343	a 2	b 2	c 3
344	a 3	b 2	c 3
345	a 4	b 2	c 3
346	a 5	b 2	c 3
347	a 6	b 2	c 3
348	a 7	b 2	с 3
349	a 8	b 2	c 3
350	a 9	b 2	c 3
351	a 10	b 2	c 3
352	a 11	b 2	с3
353	a 1	b 3	с3
354	a 2	b 3	c 3
355	a 3	b 3	c 3
356	a 4	b 3	c 3
357	a 5	b 3	с3
358	a 6	b3 .	с3
359	a-7	b-3	c3
360	a 8	b 3	c 3
361	a 9	b 3	c 3
362	a 10	b 3	c 3
363	a 11	b 3	c 3
364	a 1	b 4	с 3
365	a 2	b 4	с 3
366	a 3	b 4	с 3
367	a 4	b 4	с 3

No.	Ср	Bridge	Flu
368	a 5	b 4	c 3
369	a 6	b 4	c 3
370	a 7	b 4	c 3
371	a 8	b 4	c 3
372	a 9	b 4	c 3
373	a 10	b 4	c 3
374	a 11	b 4	c 3
375	a 1	b 5	c 3
376	a 2	b 5	c 3
377	a 3	b 5	c 3
378	a 4	b 5	c 3
379	a 5	b 5	c 3
380	a 6	b 5	c 3
381	a 7	b 5	c 3
382	a 8	b 5	c 3
383	a 9	b 5	c 3
384	a 10	b 5	c 3
385	a 11	b 5	c 3
386	a 1	b 6	c 3
387	a 2	b 6	c 3
388	a 3	b 6	с3
, 389	a 4	b 6	c 3
390	a 5	b 6	c 3
391	a 6	b 6	c 3
392	a 7	b 6	c 3
393	a 8	b 6	c 3
394	a 9	b6	c3
395	a 10	b6	c 3
396	a 11	b6	c 3
397	a 1	b 7	c 3
398	a 2	b 7	c3
399	a 3	b7	c 3
400	a 4	b 7	c 3
401	a 5	b7	c 3
402	a 6	b 7	c 3
403	a 7	b 7	c 3
404	a 8	b 7	c 3
405	- a 9	b 7	— — c-3 — — —
406	a 10	b 7	c 3
407	a 11	b 7	c 3
408	a 1	b 8	c 3
409	a 2	b 8	c 3
410	a 3	b 8	c 3
411	a 4	b 8	c 3
412	a 5	b 8	c 3
413	a 6	b 8	c 3

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No.	Ср	Bridge	Flu
414	a 7	b 8	c 3
415	a 8	b 8	c 3
416	a 9	b 8	c 3
417	a 10	b 8	с3
418	a 11	b 8	c 3
419	a 1	b 9	c 3
420	a 2	b 9	c 3
421	a 3	b 9	c 3
422	a 4	b 9	c 3
423	a 5	b 9	c 3
424	a 6	b 9	c 3
425	a 7	b 9	c 3
426	a 8	b 9	c 3
427	a 9	b 9	c 3
428	a 10	b 9	c 3
429	a 11	b 9	c 3
430	a 1	b 10	с3
431	a 2	b 10	c 3
432	a 3	b 10	с3
433	a 4	b 10	c 3
434	a 5	b 10	с3
435	a 6	b 10	с3
436	a 7	b 10	с3
437	a 8	b 10	с3
438	a 9	b 10	с3
439	a 10	b 10	с3
440	a 11	b 10	с3
441	a 1	b 11	с3
442	a 2	b 11	c 3
443	a 3	b 11	c 3
444	a 4	b 11	c 3
445	a 5	b 11	c 3
446	a 6	b 11	c 3
447	a 7	b 11	c 3
448	a 8	b 11	c 3
449	a 9	b 11	c 3
450	a 10	b 11	c 3
451 —	- a 1-1	b=11	— — с 3 — —
452	a 1	b 12	c 3
453	a 2	b 12	c 3
454	a 3	b 12	c 3
455	a 4	b 12	c 3
456	a 5	b 12	c 3
457	a 6	b 12	c 3
458	a 7	b 12	c 3
459	a 8	b 12	c 3

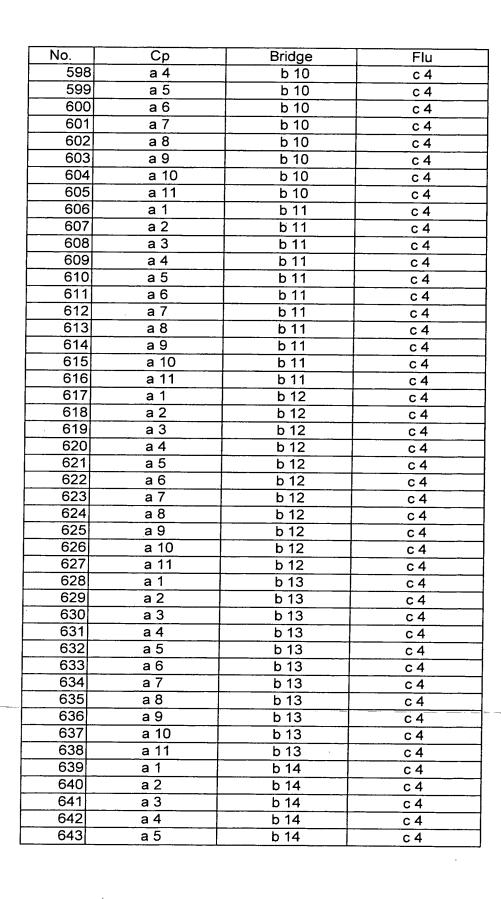
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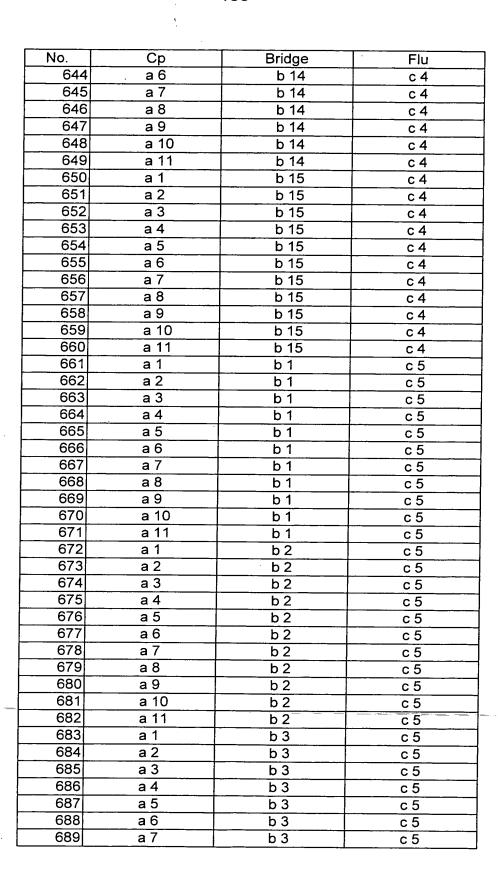
No.	Ср	Bridge	Flu
460	a 9	b 12	c 3
461	a 10	b 12	c 3
462	a 11	b 12	c 3
463	a 1	b 13	c 3
464	a 2	b 13	c 3
465	a 3	b 13	c 3
466	a 4	b 13	c 3
467	a 5	b 13	c 3
468	a 6	b 13	с3
469	a 7	b 13	c 3
470	a 8	b 13	c 3
471	a 9	b 13	c 3
472	a 10	b 13	c 3
473	a 11	b 13	c 3
474	a 1	b 14	c 3
475	a 2	b 14	c 3
476	a 3	b 14	c 3
477	a 4	b 14	c 3
478	a 5	b 14	c 3
479	a 6	b 14	c 3
480	a 7	b 14	c 3
481	a 8	b 14	c 3
482	a 9	b 14	c 3
483	a 10	b 14	c 3
484	a 11	b 14	c 3
485	a 1	b 15	c 3
486	a 2	b 15	c 3
487	a 3	b 15	c 3
488	a 4	b 15	c 3
489	a 5	b 15	c 3
490	a 6	b 15	c 3
491	a 7	b 15	c 3
492	a 8	b 15	c 3
493 494	a 9	b 15	c3
	a 10	b 15	c 3
495	a 11	b 15	c3
496 497	a 1	b 1	c4
	a 2 — —	b_1	- c4
498 499	a 3 a 4	b 1	c 4
500		b 1	c 4
500	a 5	b 1	c 4
501	a 6 a 7	b 1	c 4
502	a / a 8	b 1	c 4
503	a 9	b 1	c 4 c 4
505	a 10	b 1	C 4
303	a 10]		U 4



No.	Ср	Bridge	Flu
506	a 11	b 1	c 4
507	a 1	b 2	c 4
508	a 2	b 2	c 4
509	a 3	b 2	c 4
510	a 4	b 2	c 4
511	a 5	b 2	c 4
512	a 6	b 2 b 2	c 4
513	a 7	b 2	c 4
514	a 8	b 2	c 4
515	a 9	b 2	c 4
516	a 10	b 2	c 4
517	a 11	b 2	c 4
518	a 1	b 3	c 4
519	a 2	b 3	c 4
520	а 3	b 3	c 4
521	a 4	b 3	c 4
522	a 5	b 3	c 4
523	a 6	b 3	c 4
524	a 7	b 3	c 4
525	a 8	b3	c 4
526	a 9	b 3	c 4
527	a 10	b 3	c 4
528	a 11	b3	c 4
529	a 1	b 4	c 4
530	a 2	b 4	c 4
531	а 3	b 4	c 4
532	a 4	b 4	c 4
533	a 5	b 4	c 4
534	a 6	b 4	c 4
535	a 7	b 4	c 4
536	a 8	b 4	c 4
537	a 9	b 4	c 4
538	a 10	b 4	c 4
539	a 11	b 4	c 4
540	a 1	b 5	c 4
541	a 2	b 5	c 4
542	a 3	b 5	c 4
543	a 4 —	b 5	c-4
544	a 5	b 5	c 4
545	a 6	b 5	c 4
546	a 7	b 5	c 4
547	a 8	b 5	c 4
548	a 9	b 5	c 4
549	a 10	b 5	c 4
550	a 11	b 5	c 4
551	a 1	b 6	c 4

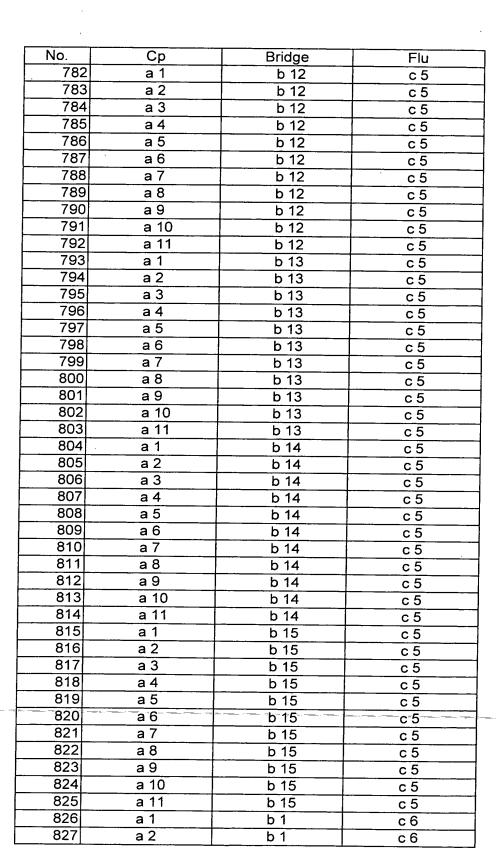
No.	Ср	Bridge	Elu
552	a 2	b 6	c 4
553	a 3	b 6	c 4
554	a 4	b 6	c 4
555	a 5	b 6	c 4
556	a 6	b 6	c 4
557	a 7	b 6	c 4
558	a 8	b 6	c 4
559	a 9	b 6	c 4
560	a 10	b 6	c 4
561	a 11	b 6	c 4
562	a 1	b 7	c 4
563	a 2	b 7	c 4
564	a 3	b 7	c 4
565	a 4	b 7	c 4
566	a 5	b 7	c 4
567	a 6	b 7	c 4
568	a 7	b 7	c 4
569	a 8	b 7	c 4
570	a 9	b 7	c 4
571	a 10	b 7	c 4
572	a 11	b 7	c 4
573	a 1	b 8	c 4
574	a 2	b 8	c 4
575	a 3	b 8	c 4
576	a 4	b 8	c 4
577	a 5	b 8	c 4
578	a 6	b 8	c 4
579	a 7	b 8	c 4
580	a 8	b 8	c 4
581	a 9	b 8	c 4
582	a 10	b 8	c 4
583	a 11	b 8	c 4
584	a 1	b 9	c 4
585	a 2	b 9	c 4
586 587	a 3	b 9	c 4
588	a 4	b 9	c 4
589	a 5 a 6	b 9 	c 4
590	a 7	b 9	c 4
591	a 8	b 9	c 4
592	a 9	b 9	C 4
593	a 10	b 9	c 4
594	a 10	b 9	c 4
595	a 1	b 10	C 4
596	a 2	b 10	c 4
597	a 3	b 10	C4
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No.	Ср	Bridge	Flu
690	a 8	b 3	c 5
691	a 9	b 3	c 5
692	a 10	b 3	c 5
693	a 11	b 3	c 5
694	a 1	b 4	c 5
695	a 2	b 4	c 5
696	a 3	b 4	c 5
697	a 4	b 4	c 5
698	a 5	b 4	c 5
699	a 6	b 4	c 5
700	a 7	b 4	c 5
701	a 8	b 4	c 5
702	a 9	b 4	c 5
703	a 10	b 4	c 5
704	a 11	b 4	c 5
705	a 1	b 5	c 5
706	a 2	b 5	c 5
707	а 3	b 5	c 5
708	a 4	b 5	c 5
709	a 5	b 5	c 5
710	a 6	b 5	c 5
711	a 7	b 5	c 5
712	a 8	b 5	c 5
713	a 9	b 5	c 5
714	a 10	b 5 .	c 5
715	a 11	b 5	c 5
716	a 1	b6	c 5
717	a 2	b 6	c 5
718	a 3	b 6	c 5
719	a 4	b 6	c 5
720	a 5	b 6	c 5
721	a 6	b 6	c 5
722	a 7	b 6	c 5
723	a 8	b 6	c 5
724	a 9	b 6	c 5
725	a 10	b 6	c 5
726	a 11	b 6	c 5
— 727 —	a_1	b_7	c5
728	a 2	b 7	c 5
729	a 3	b 7	<u>c 5</u>
730	a 4	b 7	c 5
731	a 5	b 7	c 5
732	a 6	b 7	c 5
733	a 7	b 7	c 5
734	a 8	b 7	c 5
735	. a 9	b 7	c 5

No.	Ср	Bridge	Flu
736	a 10	b 7	c 5
737	a 11	b 7	c 5
738	a 1	b 8	c 5
739	a 2	b 8	c 5
740	а 3	b 8	c 5
741	a 4	b 8	c 5
742	a 5	b 8	c 5
743	a 6	b 8	c 5
744	a 7	b 8	c 5
745	a 8	b 8	c 5
746	a 9	b 8	c 5
747	a 10	b 8	c 5
748	a 11	b 8	c 5
749	a 1	b 9	c 5
750	a 2	b 9	c 5
751	a 3	b 9	c 5
752	a 4	b 9	c 5
753	a 5	b 9	c 5
754	a 6	b 9	c 5
755	a 7	b 9	c 5
756	a 8	b 9	c 5
757	a 9	b 9	c 5
758	a 10	b 9	c 5
759	a 11	b 9	c 5
760	a 1	b 10	c 5
761	a 2	b 10	c 5
762	a 3	b 10	c 5
763	a 4	b 10	c 5
764	a 5	b 10	c 5
765	a 6	b 10	c 5
766	a 7	b 10	c 5
767	a 8	b 10	c 5
768	a 9	b 10	c 5
769	<u>a 10</u>	b 10	c 5
770	a 11	b 10	c 5
771	a 1	b 11	c <u>5</u>
772	a 2	b 11	c 5
773	a3	b_11	c5
774	a 4	b 11	c 5
775	a 5	b 11	c 5
776	a 6	b 11	c 5
777	a 7	b 11	c 5
778	a 8	b 11	c 5
779	a 9	b 11	c 5
780	a 10	b 11	c 5
781	a 11	b 11	c 5



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No.	Ср	Bridge	Flu
828	a 3	b 1	c 6
829	a 4	b 1	c 6
830	a 5	b 1	c 6
831	a 6	b 1	c 6
832	a 7	b 1	c 6
833	a 8	b 1	c 6
834	a 9	b 1	c 6
835	a 10	b 1	c 6
836	a 11	b 1	c 6
837	a 1	b 2	c 6
838	a 2	b 2	c 6
839	a 3	b 2	c 6
840	a 4	b 2	c 6
841	a 5	b 2	c 6
842	a 6	b 2	c 6
843	a 7	b 2	c 6
844	a 8	b 2	c 6
845	a 9	b 2	c 6
846	a 10	b 2	c 6
847	a 11	b 2	c 6
848	a 1	b 3	c 6
849	a 2	b 3	c 6
850	a 3	b 3	c 6
851	a 4	b 3	c 6
852	a 5	b 3	c 6
853	a 6	b 3	c 6
854	a 7	b 3	c 6
855	a 8	b 3	c 6
856	a 9	b 3	c 6
857	a 10	b 3	c 6
858	a 11	b 3	c 6
859	a 1	b 4	c 6
860	a 2	b 4	c 6
861	a 3	b 4	c 6
862	a 4	b 4	c 6
863	a 5	b 4	c 6
864	a 6	b 4	c 6
865	_ <u>a</u> 7	b 4	c 6
866	a 8	b 4	c 6
867	a 9	b 4	c 6
868	a 10	b 4	c 6
869	a 11	b 4	c 6
870	a 1	b 5	c 6
871	a 2	b 5	c 6
872	a 3	b 5	c 6
873	a 4	b 5	c 6



No. Cp Bridge Flu 874 a 5 b 5 c 6 875 a 6 b 5 c 6 876 a 7 b 5 c 6 877 a 8 b 5 c 6 878 a 9 b 5 c 6 879 a 10 b 5 c 6 880 a 11 b 5 c 6 881 a 1 b 6 c 6 882 a 2 b 6 c 6 883 a 3 b 6 c 6 884 a 4 b 6 c 6 885 a 5 b 6 c 6 886 a 6 b 6 c 6 887 a 7 b 6 c 6 889 a 9 b 6 c 6 889 a 9 b 6 c 6 890 a 10 b 6 c 6 891 a 11 b 6 c 6 892 a 1 b 7 <			r	<u></u>
875 a 6 b 5 c 6 876 a 7 b 5 c 6 877 a 8 b 5 c 6 878 a 9 b 5 c 6 879 a 10 b 5 c 6 880 a 11 b 5 c 6 881 a 1 b 6 c 6 882 a 2 b 6 c 6 883 a 3 b 6 c 6 884 a 4 b 6 c 6 885 a 5 b 6 c 6 886 a 6 b 6 c 6 887 a 7 b 6 c 6 887 a 7 b 6 c 6 889 a 9 b 6 c 6 890 a 10 b 6 c 6 891 a 11 b 6 c 6 891 a 11 b 7 c 6 893 a 2 b 7 c 6 894 a 3 b 7 <t< td=""><td></td><td></td><td></td><td></td></t<>				
876 a 7 b 5 c 6 877 a 8 b 5 c 6 878 a 9 b 5 c 6 8879 a 10 b 5 c 6 880 a 11 b 5 c 6 881 a 1 b 6 c 6 881 a 1 b 6 c 6 882 a 2 b 6 c 6 883 a 3 b 6 c 6 884 a 4 b 6 c 6 885 a 5 b 6 c 6 886 a 6 b 6 c 6 887 a 7 b 6 c 6 887 a 7 b 6 c 6 889 a 9 b 6 c 6 890 a 10 b 6 c 6 891 a 11 b 6 c 6 892 a 1 b 7 c 6 893 a 2 b 7 c 6 894 a 3 b 7 <t< td=""><td>L</td><td></td><td></td><td>-1</td></t<>	L			-1
877 a 8 b 5 c 6 878 a 9 b 5 c 6 879 a 10 b 5 c 6 880 a 11 b 5 c 6 881 a 1 b 6 c 6 882 a 2 b 6 c 6 883 a 3 b 6 c 6 884 a 4 b 6 c 6 885 a 5 b 6 c 6 886 a 6 b 6 c 6 887 a 7 b 6 c 6 887 a 7 b 6 c 6 887 a 7 b 6 c 6 889 a 9 b 6 c 6 890 a 10 b 6 c 6 891 a 11 b 6 c 6 892 a 1 b 7 c 6 893 a 2 b 7 c 6 894 a 3 b 7 c 6 895 a 4 b 7 <td< td=""><td></td><td>a 6</td><td></td><td></td></td<>		a 6		
878 a 9 b 5 c 6 879 a 10 b 5 c 6 880 a 11 b 5 c 6 881 a 1 b 6 c 6 882 a 2 b 6 c 6 883 a 3 b 6 c 6 884 a 4 b 6 c 6 885 a 5 b 6 c 6 886 a 6 b 6 c 6 887 a 7 b 6 c 6 887 a 7 b 6 c 6 889 a 9 b 6 c 6 890 a 10 b 6 c 6 891 a 11 b 6 c 6 891 a 11 b 7 c 6 892 a 1 b 7 c 6 893 a 2 b 7 c 6 894 a 3 b 7 c 6 895 a 4 b 7 c 6 897 a 6 b 7 <t< td=""><td></td><td></td><td></td><td></td></t<>				
879 a 10 b 5 c 6 880 a 11 b 5 c 6 881 a 1 b 6 c 6 882 a 2 b 6 c 6 883 a 3 b 6 c 6 884 a 4 b 6 c 6 885 a 5 b 6 c 6 886 a 6 b 6 c 6 887 a 7 b 6 c 6 888 a 8 b 6 c 6 889 a 9 b 6 c 6 889 a 9 b 6 c 6 890 a 10 b 6 c 6 891 a 11 b 6 c 6 891 a 11 b 7 c 6 892 a 1 b 7 c 6 893 a 2 b 7 c 6 894 a 3 b 7 c 6 895 a 4 b 7 c 6 897 a 6 b 7 <t< td=""><td></td><td></td><td></td><td></td></t<>				
880 a 11 b 5 c 6 881 a 1 b 6 c 6 882 a 2 b 6 c 6 883 a 3 b 6 c 6 884 a 4 b 6 c 6 885 a 5 b 6 c 6 886 a 6 b 6 c 6 887 a 7 b 6 c 6 887 a 7 b 6 c 6 888 a 8 b 6 c 6 890 a 10 b 6 c 6 891 a 11 b 6 c 6 891 a 11 b 7 c 6 892 a 1 b 7 c 6 893 a 2 b 7 c 6 894 a 3 b 7 c 6 895 a 4 b 7 c 6 896 a 5 b 7 c 6 897 a 6 b 7 c 6 898 a 7 b 7 <td< td=""><td></td><td></td><td></td><td>c 6</td></td<>				c 6
881 a 1 b 6 c 6 882 a 2 b 6 c 6 883 a 3 b 6 c 6 884 a 4 b 6 c 6 885 a 5 b 6 c 6 886 a 6 b 6 c 6 887 a 7 b 6 c 6 887 a 7 b 6 c 6 888 a 8 b 6 c 6 889 a 9 b 6 c 6 889 a 9 b 6 c 6 890 a 10 b 6 c 6 891 a 11 b 7 c 6 892 a 1 b 7 c 6 893 a 2 b 7 c 6 893 a 2 b 7 c 6 894 a 3 b 7 c 6 895 a 4 b 7 c 6 897 a 6 b 7 c 6 897 a 6 b 7 c				c 6
882 a 2 b 6 c 6 883 a 3 b 6 c 6 884 a 4 b 6 c 6 885 a 5 b 6 c 6 886 a 6 b 6 c 6 887 a 7 b 6 c 6 887 a 7 b 6 c 6 888 a 8 b 6 c 6 889 a 9 b 6 c 6 889 a 9 b 6 c 6 890 a 10 b 6 c 6 891 a 11 b 6 c 6 891 a 11 b 6 c 6 891 a 11 b 6 c 6 892 a 1 b 7 c 6 893 a 2 b 7 c 6 894 a 3 b 7 c 6 895 a 4 b 7 c 6 896 a 5 b 7 c 6 897 a 6 b 7 <td< td=""><td></td><td></td><td></td><td>c 6</td></td<>				c 6
883 a 3 b 6 c 6 884 a 4 b 6 c 6 885 a 5 b 6 c 6 886 a 6 b 6 c 6 887 a 7 b 6 c 6 888 a 8 b 6 c 6 889 a 9 b 6 c 6 890 a 10 b 6 c 6 891 a 11 b 6 c 6 891 a 11 b 6 c 6 892 a 1 b 7 c 6 893 a 2 b 7 c 6 894 a 3 b 7 c 6 895 a 4 b 7 c 6 896 a 5 b 7 c 6 897 a 6 b 7 c 6 898 a 7 b 7 c 6 899 a 8 b 7 c 6 900 a 9 b 7 c 6 901 a 10 b 7 <td< td=""><td>881</td><td></td><td>b 6</td><td>c 6</td></td<>	881		b 6	c 6
884 a 4 b 6 c 6 885 a 5 b 6 c 6 886 a 6 b 6 c 6 887 a 7 b 6 c 6 888 a 8 b 6 c 6 889 a 9 b 6 c 6 890 a 10 b 6 c 6 891 a 11 b 6 c 6 892 a 1 b 7 c 6 893 a 2 b 7 c 6 894 a 3 b 7 c 6 894 a 3 b 7 c 6 895 a 4 b 7 c 6 896 a 5 b 7 c 6 897 a 6 b 7 c 6 898 a 7 b 7 c 6 899 a 8 b 7 c 6 900 a 9 b 7 c 6 901 a 10 b 7 c 6 902 a 11 b 7 <td< td=""><td></td><td></td><td>b 6</td><td>c 6</td></td<>			b 6	c 6
885 a 5 b 6 c 6 886 a 6 b 6 c 6 887 a 7 b 6 c 6 888 a 8 b 6 c 6 889 a 9 b 6 c 6 890 a 10 b 6 c 6 891 a 11 b 6 c 6 892 a 1 b 7 c 6 893 a 2 b 7 c 6 894 a 3 b 7 c 6 895 a 4 b 7 c 6 896 a 5 b 7 c 6 897 a 6 b 7 c 6 898 a 7 b 7 c 6 899 a 8 b 7 c 6 900 a 9 b 7 c 6 901 a 10 b 7 c 6 901 a 10 b 7 c 6 902 a 11 b 7 c 6 903 a 1 b 8 <t< td=""><td></td><td></td><td></td><td>c 6</td></t<>				c 6
886 a 6 b 6 c 6 887 a 7 b 6 c 6 888 a 8 b 6 c 6 889 a 9 b 6 c 6 890 a 10 b 6 c 6 891 a 11 b 6 c 6 892 a 1 b 7 c 6 893 a 2 b 7 c 6 894 a 3 b 7 c 6 895 a 4 b 7 c 6 896 a 5 b 7 c 6 897 a 6 b 7 c 6 898 a 7 b 7 c 6 899 a 8 b 7 c 6 900 a 9 b 7 c 6 901 a 10 b 7 c 6 902 a 11 b 7 c 6 903 a 1 b 8 c 6 904 a 2 b 8 c 6 905 a 3 b 8 <td< td=""><td></td><td>a 4</td><td>b 6</td><td>c 6</td></td<>		a 4	b 6	c 6
887 a 7 b 6 c 6 888 a 8 b 6 c 6 889 a 9 b 6 c 6 890 a 10 b 6 c 6 891 a 11 b 6 c 6 892 a 1 b 7 c 6 893 a 2 b 7 c 6 894 a 3 b 7 c 6 895 a 4 b 7 c 6 896 a 5 b 7 c 6 897 a 6 b 7 c 6 898 a 7 b 7 c 6 899 a 8 b 7 c 6 900 a 9 b 7 c 6 901 a 10 b 7 c 6 901 a 10 b 7 c 6 902 a 11 b 7 c 6 903 a 1 b 8 c 6 905 a 3 b 8 c 6 905 a 3 b 8 <t< td=""><td>885</td><td>a 5</td><td>b 6</td><td>c 6</td></t<>	885	a 5	b 6	c 6
888 a 8 b 6 c 6 889 a 9 b 6 c 6 890 a 10 b 6 c 6 891 a 11 b 6 c 6 892 a 1 b 7 c 6 893 a 2 b 7 c 6 894 a 3 b 7 c 6 895 a 4 b 7 c 6 896 a 5 b 7 c 6 897 a 6 b 7 c 6 898 a 7 b 7 c 6 899 a 8 b 7 c 6 899 a 8 b 7 c 6 900 a 9 b 7 c 6 901 a 10 b 7 c 6 902 a 11 b 7 c 6 903 a 1 b 8 c 6 904 a 2 b 8 c 6 905 a 3 b 8 c 6 906 a 4 b 8 <td< td=""><td>886</td><td>a 6</td><td>b 6</td><td>c 6</td></td<>	886	a 6	b 6	c 6
888 a 8 b 6 c 6 889 a 9 b 6 c 6 890 a 10 b 6 c 6 891 a 11 b 6 c 6 892 a 1 b 7 c 6 893 a 2 b 7 c 6 894 a 3 b 7 c 6 895 a 4 b 7 c 6 896 a 5 b 7 c 6 897 a 6 b 7 c 6 898 a 7 b 7 c 6 899 a 8 b 7 c 6 899 a 8 b 7 c 6 900 a 9 b 7 c 6 901 a 10 b 7 c 6 902 a 11 b 7 c 6 903 a 1 b 8 c 6 904 a 2 b 8 c 6 905 a 3 b 8 c 6 906 a 4 b 8 <td< td=""><td>887</td><td>a 7</td><td>b 6</td><td></td></td<>	887	a 7	b 6	
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897 a 6 b 7 c 6 898 a 7 b 7 c 6 899 a 8 b 7 c 6 900 a 9 b 7 c 6 901 a 10 b 7 c 6 902 a 11 b 7 c 6 903 a 1 b 8 c 6 904 a 2 b 8 c 6 905 a 3 b 8 c 6 906 a 4 b 8 c 6 907 a 5 b 8 c 6 908 a 6 b 8 c 6 909 a 7 b 8 c 6 910 a 8 b 8 c 6 911 a 9 b 8 c 6 912 a 10 b 8 c 6 913 a 11 b 8 c 6 914 a 1 b 9 c 6 915 a 2 b 9 c 6 916 a 3 b 9 <td< td=""><td></td><td></td><td>b 7</td><td>c 6</td></td<>			b 7	c 6
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915 a 2 b 9 c 6 916 a 3 b 9 c 6 917 a 4 b 9 c 6 918 a 5 b 9 c 6				
916 a 3 b 9 c 6 917 a 4 b 9 c 6 918 a 5 b 9 c 6	1			
917 a 4 b 9 c 6 918 a 5 b 9 c 6				
918 a 5 b 9 c 6				
919 a 6 b 9 c 6				
	919	a 6	b 9	c 6

No.	Ср	Bridge	Flu
920	a 7	b 9	c 6
921	a 8	b 9	c 6
922	a 9	b 9	c 6
923	a 10	b 9	c 6
924	a 11	b 9	c 6
925	a 1	b 10	c 6
926	a 2	b 10	c 6
927	a 3	b 10	c 6
928	a 4	b 10	c6
929	a 5	b 10	c 6
930	a 6	b 10	c6
931	a 7	b 10	c 6
932	a 8	b 10	c 6
933	a 9	b 10	c 6
934	a 10	b 10	c 6
935	a 11	b 10	c 6
936	a 1	b 11	c 6
937	a 2	b 11	c 6
938	a 3	b 11	c 6
939	a 4	b 11	c 6
940	a 5	b 11	c 6
941	a 6	b 11	c 6
942	a 7	b 11	c 6
943	a 8	b 11	c 6
944	a 9	b 11	c 6
945	a 10	b 11	c 6
946	a 11	b 11	c 6
947	a 1	b 12	c 6
948	a 2	b 12	c 6
949	a 3	b 12	c 6
950	a 4	b 12	c 6
951	a 5	b 12	с6
952	a 6	b 12	c 6
953	a 7	b 12	c 6
954	a 8	b 12	c 6
955	a 9	b 12	c 6
956	a 10	b 12	c 6
957	a 11	b_12	c_6
958	a 1	b 13	c6
959	a 2	b 13	c 6
960	a 3	b 13	c 6
961	a 4	b 13	c 6
962	a 5	b 13	c 6
963	a 6	b 13	c 6
964	a 7	b 13	<u>c 6</u>
965	a 8	b 13	c 6

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No.	Ср	Bridge	Flu
966	a 9	b 13	c 6
967	a 10	b 13	c 6
968	a 11	b 13	c 6
969	a 1	b 14	c 6
970	a 2	b 14	c 6
971	a 3	b 14	c 6
972	a 4	b 14	c 6
973	a 5	b 14	c 6
974	a 6	b 14	c 6
975	a 7	b 14	c 6
976	a 8	b 14	c 6
977	a 9	b 14	c 6
978	a 10	b 14	c 6
979	a 11	b 14	c 6
980	a 1	b 15	с6
981	a 2	b 15	c 6
982	a 3	b 15	c 6
983	a 4	b 15	c 6
984	a 5	b 15	c 6
985	a 6	b 15	c 6
986	a 7	b 15	c 6
987	a 8	b 15	c 6
988	a 9	b 15	c 6
989	a 10	b 15	c 6
990	a 11	b 15	c 6
991	a 1	b1	c 7
992	a 2	b1	c 7
993	a 3	b1	c 7
994	a 4	b 1	c 7
995	a 5	b 1	c 7
996	a 6	b1	c 7
997	a 7	b 1	c 7
998	a 8	b1	c 7
999	a 9	ъ1	c 7
1000	a 10	b1	c 7
1001	a 11	b 1	c 7
1002	a 1	b 2	c 7
1003	a_2	b_2	c7
1004	a 3	b 2	c 7
1005	a 4	b 2	c 7
1006	a 5	b 2	с7
1007	a 6	b 2	c 7
1008	a 7	b 2	c 7
1009	a 8	b 2	c 7
1010	a 9	b 2	c 7
1011	a 10	b 2	c 7

No.	Ср	Bridge	Flu
1012	a 11	b 2	c 7
1013	a 1	b3	c 7
1014	a 2	b 3	c 7
1015	a 3	b 3	c 7
1016	a 4	b 3	c 7
1017	a 5	b 3	c 7
1018	a 6	b 3	c 7
1019	a 7	b 3	c 7
1020	a 8	b 3	c7
1021	a 9	b 3	c 7
1022	a 10	b 3	c 7
1023	a 11	b 3	c 7
1024	a_1	b 4	c 7
1025	a 2	b 4	c 7
1026	a 3	b 4	c 7
1027	a 4	b 4	c 7
1028	a 5	b 4	c 7
1029	a 6	b 4	c 7
1030	a 7	b 4	c 7
1031	a 8	b 4	c 7
1032	a 9	b 4	c 7
1033	a 10	b 4	c 7
1034	a 11	b 4	c 7
1035	a 1	b 5	c 7
1036	a 2	b 5	c 7
1037	a 3	b 5	c 7
1038	a 4	b 5	c 7
1039	a 5	b 5	c 7
1040	a 6	b 5	c 7
1041	a 7	b 5	c 7
1042	a 8	b 5	c 7
1043	a 9	b 5	c 7
1044	a 10	b 5	c 7
1045	a 11	b5	c 7
1046	a 1	b 6	c 7
1047	a 2	b 6	c 7
1048	a 3	b 6	c 7
1049 1050	a 4	b-6	c-7
1050	a 5 a 6	b 6	c 7
1051	a 7	b 6 b 6	c 7
1052	a 8	b 6	
1053	a 9	b 6	c 7 c 7
1054	a 10	b 6	c 7
1055	a 10	b 6	с 7 с 7
1057	a 1	b 7	<u>с 7</u> с 7
1007	<u>a I</u>	<u> </u>	<u> </u>

No.	Ср	Bridge	Flu
1058	a 2	b 7	c 7
1059	a 3	b 7	c 7
1060	a 4	b 7	c 7
1061	a 5	b 7	c7
1062	a 6	b 7	c7
1063	a 7	b 7	c7
1064	a 8	b 7	c 7
1065	a 9	b 7	c 7
1066	a 10	b7	c 7
1067	a 11	b7	c 7
1068	a 1	b 8	c 7
1069	a 2	b 8	c 7
1070	a 3	b8	c 7
1070	a 4	b 8	c 7
1071	a4 a5	b 8	c7
1072	as	b 8	c7
1073	ao	b 8	c 7
1075	a <i>r</i>	b 8	c 7
1075	a 9	b 8	c 7
1077	a 10	b8	c 7
1078	a 10	b8	c 7
1079	a 1	b 9	c 7
1080	a 2	b 9	c 7
1081	a 3	b 9	c 7
1082	a 4	b 9	c 7
1083	a 5	b 9	c 7
1084	a 6	b 9	c 7
1085	a 7	b 9	c 7
1086	a 8	b 9	c 7
1087	a 9	b 9	c7
1088	a 10	b 9	c 7
1089	a 11	b 9	c7
1090	a 1	b 10	c 7
1091	a 2	b 10	c 7
1092	a 3	b 10	c7
1093	a 4	b 10	c 7
1094	a 5	b 10	c 7
1095	a 6	b-10	c7
1096	a 7	b 10	c 7
1097	a 8	b 10	c 7
1098	a 9	b 10	c 7
1099	a 10	b 10	c 7
1100	a 11	b 10	c 7
1101	a 1	b 11	c 7
1102	a 2	b 11	c 7
1103	a 3	b 11	c 7
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No.	Ср	Bridge	Flu
1104	a 4	b 11	. c7
1105	a 5	b 11	c 7
1106	а 6	b 11	c 7
1107	a 7	b 11	c 7
1108	a 8	b 11	c 7
1109	a 9	b 11	c 7
1110	a 10	b 11	c 7
1111	a 11	b 11	c 7
1112	a 1	b 12	c 7
1113	a 2	b 12	c 7
1114	a 3	b 12	c 7
1115	a 4	b 12	c 7
1116	a 5	b 12	c 7
1117	a 6	b 12	c 7
1118	a 7	b 12	c7
1119	a 8	b 12	c 7
1120	a 9	b 12	c 7
1121	a 10	b 12	c 7
1122	a 11	b 12	c 7
1123	a 1.	b 13	c 7
1124	a 2	b 13	c7
1125	a 3	b 13	c 7
1126	a 4	b 13	c 7
1127	a 5	b 13	c 7
1128	a 6	b 13	c 7
1129	a 7	b 13	c 7
1130	a 8	b 13	c 7
1131	a 9	b 13	c7
1132	a 10	b 13	c 7
1133	a 11	b 13	c 7
1134	a 1	b 14	c 7
1135	a 2	b 14	c 7
1136	a 3	b 14	c 7
1137	a 4	b 14	c7
1138	a 5	b 14	c 7
1139	a 6	b 14	c 7
1140	a 7	b 14	c 7
1141	a.8	b.14	с7
1142	a 9	b 14	c 7
1143	a 10	b 14	c 7
1144	a 11	b 14	c 7
1145	a 1	b 15	c 7
1146	a 2	b 15	c 7
1147	a 3	b 15	c 7
1148	a 4	b 15	c 7
1149	a 5	b 15	c 7

No.	Ср	Bridge	Flu
1150	a 6	b 15	c7
1151	a 7	b 15	c 7
1152	a 8	b 15	c 7
1153	a 9	b 15	c 7
1154	a 10	b 15	c 7
1155	a 11	b 15	c 7

According to the above table, the ligand structure of No. 331 means a combination of al-bl-c3, so that when the metal part MQj is ZrCl2, the following metallocene compound is exemplified.

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Specific examples of MQj include ZrCl₂, ZrBr₂, ZrMe₂, Zr(OTs)₂, Zr(OMs)₂, Zr(OTf)₂, TiCl₂, TiBr₂, TiMe₂, Ti(OTs)₂, Ti(OMs)₂, Ti(OTf)₂, HfCl₂, HfBr₂, HfMe₂, Hf(OTs)₂, Hf(OMs)₂ and Hf(OTf)₂.

Preferred examples of the metallocene compounds represented by the formula (1b) or (2b) according to the invention include:

a metallocene compound of the formula (1b) wherein R^{21} , R^{13} and R^{14} are each methyl, R^{22} is tert-butyl, R^{5} , R^{6} , R^{7} , R^{8} , R^{9} , R^{10} , R^{11} and R^{12} are each hydrogen, M is zirconium, Y is carbon, Q is chlorine, and j is 2;



a metallocene compound of the formula (1b) wherein R^{21} , R^{13} and R^{14} are each methyl, R^{22} is tert-butyl, R^{5} , R^{6} , R^{8} , R^{9} , R^{11} and R^{12} are each hydrogen, R^{7} and R^{10} are each tert-butyl, M is zirconium, Y is carbon, Q is chlorine, and j is 2;

a metallocene compound of the formula (1b) wherein R^{21} , R^{13} and R^{14} are each methyl, R^{22} is tert-butyl, R^{5} , R^{7} , R^{8} , R^{9} , R^{10} and R^{12} are each hydrogen, R^{6} and R^{11} are each tert-butyl, M is zirconium, Y is carbon, Q is chlorine, and j is 2;

a metallocene compound of the formula (2b) wherein R^{21} is methyl, R^{22} is tert-butyl, R^5 , R^6 , R^7 , R^8 , R^9 , R^{10} , R^{11} and R^{12} are each hydrogen, M is zirconium, Y is carbon, Q is chlorine, j is 2, and A is -(CH₂)5-;

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a metallocene compound of the formula (2b) wherein R^{21} is methyl, R^{22} is tert-butyl, R^5 , R^6 , R^8 , R^9 , R^{11} and R^{12} are each hydrogen, R^7 and R^{10} are each tert-butyl, M is zirconium, Y is carbon, Q is chlorine, j is 2, and A is -(CH₂)5-.

There is no specific limitation on the process for preparing the metallocene compound represented by the formula (1b) or (2b), and the compound can be prepared by, for example, the following process.



In the process for preparing the metallocene compound according to the invention, the metallocene compound represented by the formula (1b) or (2b) is selectively prepared so as not to include an isomeric compound wherein R^1 and R^2 are adjacent to each other. To attain this purpose, it is necessary to selectively prepare the ligand precursor, etc. of the metallocene compound. Such a process is described with reference to the following example.

Process for preparing metallocene compound

The ligand precursor (7) used as starting material for preparing the metallocene compound represented by the formula (1b) can be selectively prepared through the following step (H) or (I).

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DSBS/687.0501

[H]

$$+ R^{11} \xrightarrow{R^{12}} L^{+} R^{5}$$

$$+ R^{10} \xrightarrow{R^{9}} R^{8} R^{7}$$

$$(24b)$$

$$+ R^{11} \xrightarrow{R^{12}} L^{+} R^{5}$$

$$+ R^{14} \xrightarrow{R^{13}} R^{12}$$

$$+ R^{14} \xrightarrow{R^{13}} R^{12}$$

$$+ R^{14} \xrightarrow{R^{13}} R^{12}$$

$$+ R^{15} \xrightarrow{R^{12}} R^{12}$$

$$+ R^{14} \xrightarrow{R^{13}} R^{12}$$

$$+ R^{15} \xrightarrow{R^{12}} R^{12}$$

$$+ R^{14} \xrightarrow{R^{13}} R^{12}$$

$$+ R^{15} \xrightarrow{R^{12}} R^{12}$$

$$+ R^{14} \xrightarrow{R^{14}} R^{14}$$

$$+ R^{15} \xrightarrow{R^{12}} R^{12}$$

$$+ R^{15} \xrightarrow{R^{12}} R^{15}$$

$$+ R^{15} \xrightarrow{R^{15}} R^{15}$$

$$+ R^{1$$

HOBODO "ABOANDED"

[1]

$$+ R^{21} - L^{+} R^{22}$$

$$(27b)$$

$$R^{14}$$

$$R^{13}$$

$$R^{12}$$

$$R^{10}$$

$$R^{9}$$

$$R^{8}$$

$$R^{7}$$

$$(7b)$$

10

In the compounds shown in the above steps (H) and (I), R^5 to R^{14} , R^{21} , R^{22} and Y have the same meanings as those of R^5 to R^{14} , R^{21} , R^{22} and Y in the formula (1b), respectively, L is an alkali metal, and Z^1 and Z^2 may be the same or different and are each a halogen or an anionic ligand.

With regard to the cyclopentadiene (19b), the precursor compound (23b) and the ligand precursor (7b), presence of isomers different in only the position of a double bond in the cyclopentadienyl ring can be thought, but only one example is shown. Each of them may be another isomer different in only the position of a double bond in the cyclopentadienyl ring or a mixture thereof.

By the preparation of a precursor compound through the step (H) or (I), the precursor compound (13b) can be prepared without producing the following isomeric compound (15b) or (16b), and the ligand precursor (7b) can be prepared without producing the following

20 isomeric compound (9b) or (10b).

...(15b)

...(16b)

wherein R^{21} , R^{22} , R^{13} , R^{14} and Y have the same meanings as those of R^{21} , R^{22} , R^{13} , R^{14} and Y in the formula (1b), respectively.

...(9b)

...(10b)

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5

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wherein R^{21} , R^{22} , R^{5} to R^{14} , and Y have the same meanings as those of R^{21} , R^{22} , R^{5} to R^{14} , and Y in the formula (1b), respectively, and the cyclopentadienyl group may be another isomer different in only the

position of a double bond in the cyclopentadienyl ring or a mixture thereof.

The ligand precursor (8b) of the metallocene compound represented by the formula (2b) can be selectively prepared through the following step (J) or (K).

$$\begin{bmatrix} J \end{bmatrix} \\ R^{21} + \begin{bmatrix} Z^1 & Z^2 & \text{or} & Y \\ A & (28b) & (29b) \end{bmatrix} \\ \begin{pmatrix} R^{22} & \text{or} & X^2 \\ A & (29b) & (29b) \end{bmatrix} \\ \begin{pmatrix} R^{21} & X^2 & \text{or} & X^2 \\ A & (29b) & (29b) & (29b) \end{bmatrix} \\ \begin{pmatrix} R^{21} & X^2 & \text{or} & X^2 \\ A & (29b) & (29b$$

[K]

$$R^{12}$$
 R^{12}
 R^{12}
 R^{10}
 R

$$+ R^{21} \xrightarrow{L^{+}} R^{22}$$

$$(27b)$$

$$R^{12}$$

$$R^{10}$$

$$R^{9}$$

$$R^{8}$$

$$R^{7}$$

$$(8b)$$

In the compounds shown in the above steps (J) and (K), R^5 to R^{14} , R^{21} , R^{22} , Y and A have the same meanings as those of R^5 to R^{14} , R^{21} , R^{22} , Y and A in the formula (2b), respectively, L is an alkali metal, and Z^1 and Z^2 may be the same or different and are each a halogen or an anionic ligand.

With regard to the cyclopentadiene (19b), the precursor compound (30b) and the ligand precursor (8b), presence of isomers different in only the position of a double bond in the cyclopentadienyl ring can be thought, but only one example is shown. Each of them may be another isomer different in only the position of a double bond in the cyclopentadienyl ring or a mixture thereof.

By the preparation of a precursor compound through the step (J) or (K), the precursor compound (14b) can be prepared without producing the following isomeric compound (17b) or (18b), and the ligand precursor (8b) can be prepared without producing the following

20 isomeric compound (11b) or (12b).

$$R^{22}$$

$$R^{21}$$

$$R^{21}$$

$$R^{21}$$

$$R^{21}$$

$$R^{21}$$

wherein R^{21} , R^{22} , Y and A have the same meanings as those of R^{21} , R^{22} , Y and A in the formula (2b), respectively.

10

5

$$R^{21}$$
 R^{22}
 R^{21}
 R

15

...(11b) ...(12b)

wherein R²¹, R²², R⁵ to R¹², A and Y have the same meanings as those of R²¹, R²², R⁵ to R¹², A and Y in the formula (2b), respectively, and the cyclopentadienyl group may be another isomer different in only the position of a double bond in the cyclopentadienyl ring or a mixture thereof.

The cyclopentadiene (19) that is a precursor common to the metallocene compounds represented by the formulas (1b) and (2b) can be selectively prepared through, for example, the following step (L).

5 [L] R^{21} + $R^{22}M^{1}Z^{3}_{e-1}$ R^{21} (19b)

In the compounds shown in the step (L), each of R^{21} and R^{22} has the same meaning as described in the formula (1b) or (2b), M^1 is an alkali metal or an alkaline earth metal, Z^3 is the same as R^{22} or is a halogen or an anionic ligand, and e is a valence of M^1 .

As another step for preparing the cyclopentadiene (19b), the following step (M) or (N) is also available. In the step (M) or (N), however, an isomer (20b) wherein R^{21} and R^{22} are adjacent to each other is occasionally produced as a by-product, and therefore, the step (M) or (N) is employable only when the isomer (20b) is not produced owing to combination of R^{21} and R^{22} , reaction conditions, etc.

In the compounds shown in the above steps (M) and (N), R^{21} and R^{22} have the same meanings as those of R^{21} and R^{22} in the formula (1b) or (2b), respectively, L is an alkali metal, and Z^1 is a halogen or an anionic ligand.

When R^{22} is a substituent group represented by $CR^{15}R^{16}R^{17}$, the cyclopentadiene (19b) can be prepared also through the following step (0).

[O]
$$\begin{bmatrix}
R^{15} & R^{16} & R^{17} & R^{15} & R^{16} \\
R^{21} & C & R^{21} & R^{21} & R^{21}
\end{bmatrix}$$
(35b)
$$\begin{bmatrix}
R^{15} & R^{16} & R^{16} & R^{16} & R^{16} & R^{16} & R^{16} & R^{17} & R^{16} & R^{17} & R^{17} & R^{17} & R^{17} & R^{18} & R^{18$$

In the compounds shown in the step (O), R^{21} has the same meaning as that of R^{21} in the formula (1b) or (2b), R^{13} , R^{14} and R^{15} may be the same or different and are each selected from a hydrogen atom, a

5 hydrocarbon group and a silicon-containing hydrocarbon group, and L is an alkali metal.

Also in this step, an isomer (20b) wherein R^{21} and R^{22} are adjacent to each other is occasionally produced as a by-product, and therefore, the step (0) is employable only when the isomer (20b) is not produced owing to combination of R^{21} and R^{22} , reaction conditions, etc.

By the preparation of cyclopentadiene through any one of the steps (L) to (O), the cyclopentadiene (19b)

15 can be prepared without producing the following isomeric compound (20b).

$$\mathbb{R}^{22}$$

$$\mathbb{R}^{21}$$
... (20b)

20

25

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wherein R^{21} and R^{22} have the same meanings as those of R^{21} and R^{22} in the formula (1b) or (2b), respectively, and the cyclopentadienyl group may be another isomer different in only the position of a double bond in the cyclopentadienyl ring or a mixture thereof.

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Examples of the alkali metals, the alkaline earth metals, the halogens and the anionic ligands used for the reactions of the steps (H) to (O) include the same ones as used for the reactions of the aforesaid steps (A) to (G).

Next, an example of the process for preparing the metallocene compound from the ligand precursor represented by the formula (7b) or (8b) is described.

In the first place, the ligand precursor

represented by the formula (7b) or (8b) that is
obtained by the reaction of the step (H), (I), (J) or
(K) is brought into contact with an alkali metal, an
alkali metal hydride or an organic alkali metal in an
organic solvent at a reaction temperature of -80 to

200°C to prepare a di-alkali metal salt.

Examples of the organic solvents used for the above reaction include the same ones as used for preparing the metallocene compound from the ligand precursor represented by the formula (5) or (6).

Examples of the alkali metals and the alkali metal hydrides used for the reaction include the same ones as used for preparing the metallocene compound from the ligand precursor represented by the formula (5) or (6).

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In the next place, the di-alkali metal salt is allowed to react, in an organic solvent, with a compound represented by the following formula (43b): MZ_k (43b)

- wherein M is a metal selected from Group 4 of the periodic table, each Z may be the same or different and is selected from a halogen, an anionic ligand and a neutral ligand capable of coordination by a lone pair, and k is an integer of 3 to 6.
- Thus, the metallocene compound represented by the formula (1b) or (2b) can be synthesized.

Preferred examples of the compounds represented by the formula (43b) include trivalent or tetravalent titanium fluoride, chloride, bromide or iodide; tetravalent zirconium fluoride, chloride, bromide or iodide; tetravalent hafnium fluoride, chloride,

- bromide or iodide; and complexes of these compounds with ethers such as THF, diethyl ether, dioxane and 1,2-dimethoxyethane.
- Examples of the organic solvents used include the same ones as previously described.

The reaction of the di-alkali metal salt with the compound represented by the formula (43b) is preferably an equimolar reaction, and can be carried

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out in the aforesaid organic solvent at a reaction temperature of -80 to $200\,^{\circ}\text{C}$.

The metallocene compound obtained by the reaction can be isolated and purified by, for example,

5 extraction, recrystallization or sublimation.

The metallocene compound prepared by the process of the invention contains no unnecessary isomer, so that when it is used as, for example, an olefin polymerization catalyst, obtainable are favorable results such that an atactic polymer is hardly produced.

Olefin polymerization catalyst

A preferred embodiment of use of the metallocene compound of the invention as an olefin polymerization catalyst is described below.

When the metallocene compound of the invention is used as an olefin polymerization catalyst, the catalyst comprises:

- (A) the metallocene compound,
- (B) at least one compound selected from:
 - (B-1) an organometallic compound,
 - (B-2) an organoaluminum oxy-compound, and
 - (B-3) a compound which reacts with the metallocene compound (A) to form an ion pair,
- 25 and optionally,

(C) a particle carrier.

The components (B) and (C) for forming the catalyst are described below.

5 (B-1) Organometallic compound

Examples of the organometallic compounds (B-1) used in the preparation of the ethylene/ α -olefin copolymer include the below-described organometallic compounds containing metals of Group 1, Group 2, Group 12 and Group 13 of the periodic table.

(B-la) Organoaluminum compound represented by the following formula:

RamAl(ORb)nHpXq

wherein R^a and R^b may be the same or different and are each a hydrocarbon group of 1 to 15 carbon atoms, preferably 1 to 4 carbon atoms; X is a halogen atom; and m, n, p and q are numbers satisfying the conditions of $0 \le x \le 3$, $0 \le x \le 3$, $0 \le x \le 3$ and $x \le x \le 3$.

20 (B-1b) Alkyl complex compound comprising a metal of Group 1 of the periodic table and aluminum, which is represented by the following formula: M^2AlR^4

wherein M^2 is Li, Na or K; and R^a is a hydrocarbon group of 1 to 15 carbon atoms, preferably 1 to 4 carbon atoms.

(B-1c) Dialkyl compound containing a metal of
5 Group 2 or Group 12 of the periodic table, which is represented by the following formula:

RarbM3

wherein R^a and R^b may be the same or different and are each a hydrocarbon group of 1 to 15 carbon atoms,

10 preferably 1 to 4 carbon atoms; and M^3 is Mg, Zn or Cd.

Examples of the organoaluminum compounds (B-1a) include:

an organoaluminum compound represented by the following formula:

15 $R^a_m Al(OR^b)_{3-m}$

wherein R^a and R^b may be the same or different and are each a hydrocarbon group of 1 to 15 carbon atoms, preferably 1 to 4 carbon atoms, and m is preferably a number satisfying the condition of $1.5 \le m \le 3$;

an organoaluminum compound represented by the following formula:

 $Ra_{m}Alx_{3-m}$

wherein R^a is a hydrocarbon group of 1 to 15 carbon atoms, preferably 1 to 4 carbon atoms, X is a halogen

atom, and m is preferably a number satisfying the condition of 0 < m < 3;

an organoaluminum compound represented by the following formula:

 $R^a_mAlH_{3-m}$

wherein R^a is a hydrocarbon group of 1 to 15 carbon atoms, preferably 1 to 4 carbon atoms, and m is preferably a number satisfying the condition of $2 \le m < 3$; and

an organoaluminum compound represented by the following formula:

RamAl(ORb)nXq

wherein R^a and R^b may be the same or different and are each a hydrocarbon group of 1 to 15 carbon atoms,

preferably 1 to 4 carbon atoms, X is a halogen atom, and m, n and q are numbers satisfying the conditions of $0 \le 3$, $0 \le 3$, $0 \le 3$ and $0 \le 3$.

Specific examples of the organoaluminum compounds (B-1a) include:

tri-n-alkylaluminums, such as trimethylaluminum,

triethylaluminum, tri-n-butylaluminum,

tripropylaluminum, tripentylaluminum, trihexylaluminum,

trioctylaluminum and tridecylaluminum;

branched-chain trialkylaluminums, such as triisopropylaluminum, triisobutylaluminum,

tri-sec-butylaluminum, tri-tert-butylaluminum,
tri-2-methylbutylaluminum, tri-3-methylbutylaluminum,
tri-2-methylpentylaluminum, tri-3-methylpentylaluminum,
tri-4-methylpentylaluminum, tri-2-methylhexylaluminum,
tri-3-methylhexylaluminum and tri-2-

5 tri-3-methylhexylaluminum and tri-2ethylhexylaluminum;

tricycloalkylaluminums, such as tricyclohexylaluminum and tricyclooctylaluminum;

triarylaluminums, such as triphenylaluminum and tritolylaluminum;

dialkylaluminum hydrides, such as
diisopropylaluminum hydride and diisobutylaluminum
hydride;

alkenylaluminums represented by the formula (i- $C_4H_9)_xAl_y(C_5H_{10})_z$ (wherein x, y and z are each a positive number, and $z\ge 2x$) or the like, such as isoprenylaluminum;

alkylaluminum alkoxides, such as isobutylaluminum methoxide, isobutylaluminum ethoxide and

20 isobutylaluminum isopropoxide;

dialkylaluminum alkoxides, such as dimethylaluminum methoxide, diethylaluminum ethoxide and dibutylaluminum butoxide;

alkylaluminum sesquialkoxides, such as ethylaluminum sesquiethoxide and butylaluminum sesquibutoxide;

partially alkoxylated alkylaluminums having an average composition, which are represented by $R^{a}2.5Al\left(OR^{b}\right)0.5$ or the like;

alkylaluminum aryloxides, such as diethylaluminum phenoxide, diethylaluminum(2,6-di-t-butyl-4-methylphenoxide), ethylaluminumbis(2,6-di-t-butyl-4-methylphenoxide), diisobutylalumium(2,6-di-t-butyl-4-methylphenoxide) and isobutylaluminumbis(2,6-di-t-butyl-4-methylphenoxide);

dialkylaluminum halides, such as dimethylaluminum chloride, diethylaluminum chloride, dibutylaluminum chloride, dibutylaluminum chloride and diisobutylaluminum chloride;

alkylaluminum sesquihalides, such as ethylaluminum sesquichloride, butylaluminum sesquichloride and ethylaluminum sesquibromide,

partially halogenated alkylaluminums, e.g., alkylaluminum dihalides, such as ethylaluminum dichloride, propylaluminum dichloride and butylaluminum dibromide;

dialkylaluminum hydrides, such as diethylaluminum 25 hydride and dibutylaluminum hydride;

partially hydrogenated alkylaluminums, e.g., alkylaluminum dihydrides, such as ethylaluminum dihydride; and

partially alkoxylated and halogenated

5 alkylaluminums, such as ethylaluminum ethoxychloride, butylaluminum butoxychloride and ethylaluminum ethoxybromide.

Also employable are compounds analogous to the organoaluminum compound (B-la). For example, there can be mentioned organoaluminum compounds wherein two or more aluminum compounds are combined through a nitrogen atom, such as (C2H5)2AlN(C2H5)Al(C2H5)2.

Examples of the compounds (B-1b) include $LiAl(C_2H_5)_4$ and $LiAl(C_7H_{15})_4$.

Other compounds, such as methyllithium, ethyllithium, propyllithium, butyllithium, methylmagnesium bromide, methylmagnesium chloride, ethylmagnesium bromide, ethylmagnesium chloride, propylmagnesium bromide, propylmagnesium chloride,

butylmagnesium bromide, butylmagnesium chloride, dimethylmagnesium, diethylmagnesium, dibutylmagnesium and butylethylmagnesium, are also employable as the organometallic compounds (B-1).

Combinations of compounds capable of forming the 25 above-mentioned organoaluminum compounds in the

polymerization system, e.g., a combination of halogenated aluminum and alkyllithium and a combination of halogenated aluminum and alkylmagnesium, are also employable.

Of the organometallic compounds (B-1), the organoaluminum compounds are preferable.

The organometallic compounds (B-1) mentioned above are used singly or in combination of two or more kinds.

(B-2) Organoaluminum oxy-compound

The organoaluminum oxy-compound (B-2) used in the present invention may be conventional aluminoxane or such a benzene-insoluble organoaluminum oxy-compound as exemplified in Japanese Patent Laid-Open Publication No. 78687/1990.

The conventional aluminoxane can be prepared by, for example, the following processes, and is generally obtained as a hydrocarbon solvent solution.

(1) An organoaluminum compound such as trialkylaluminum is added to a hydrocarbon medium suspension of a compound containing adsorption water or a salt containing water of crystallization, e.g., magnesium chloride hydrate, copper sulfate hydrate, aluminum sulfate hydrate, nickel sulfate hydrate or cerous chloride hydrate, to allow the organoaluminum

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compound to react with the adsorption water or the water of crystallization.

- (2) Water, ice or water vapor is allowed to directly act on an organoaluminum compound such as trialkylaluminum in a medium such as benzene, toluene, ethyl ether or tetrahydrofuran.
- (3) An organotin oxide such as dimethyltin oxide or dibutyltin oxide is allowed to react with an organoaluminum compound such as trialkylaluminum in a medium such as decane, benzene or toluene.

The aluminoxane may contain a small amount of an organometallic component. Further, it is possible that the solvent or the unreacted organoaluminum compound is distilled off from the recovered solution of aluminoxane and the remainder is redissolved in a solvent or suspended in a poor solvent for aluminoxane.

Examples of the organoaluminum compounds used for

preparing the aluminoxane include the same organoaluminum compounds as previously exemplified with respect to the organoaluminum compound (B-la). Of these, preferable are trialkylaluminums and tricycloalkylaluminums. Particularly preferable is trimethylaluminum.

The organoaluminum compounds are used singly or in combination of two or more kinds.

An aluminoxane prepared from the trimethylaluminum is referred as methylaluminoxane or MAO, and is the commonly used compound.

Examples of the solvents used for preparing the 5 aluminoxane include aromatic hydrocarbons, such as benzene, toluene, xylene, cumene and cymene; aliphatic hydrocarbons, such as pentane, hexane, heptane, octane, decane, dodecane, hexadecane and octadecane; alicyclic hydrocarbons, such as cyclopentane, cyclohexane, 10 cyclooctane and methylcyclopentane; petroleum fractions, such as gasoline, kerosine and gas oil; and halogenated products of these aromatic, aliphatic and alicyclic hydrocarbons, particularly chlorinated or brominated products thereof. Also employable are 15 ethers such as ethyl ether and tetrahydrofuran. Of the solvents, particularly preferable are aromatic hydrocarbons and aliphatic hydrocarbons.

The benzene-insoluble organoaluminum oxy-compound used in the present invention is preferably one

20 containing an Al component that is soluble in benzene at 60°C in an amount of usually not more than 10 %, preferably not more than 5 %, particularly preferably not more than 2 %, in terms of Al atom. That is, the benzene-insoluble organoaluminum oxy-compound is preferably insoluble or sparingly soluble in benzene.

The organoaluminum oxy-compound used in the present invention is, for example, an organoaluminum oxy-compound containing boron, which is represented by the following formula (i):

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$$R_2^d$$
AlOB(R^c)OAl R_2^d (i)

wherein R^{C} is a hydrocarbon group of 1 to 10 carbon atoms; and each R^{d} may be the same or different and is a hydrogen atom, a halogen atom or a hydrocarbon group of 1 to 10 carbon atoms.

The organoaluminum oxy-compound containing boron, which is represented by the formula (i), can be prepared by allowing an alkylboronic acid represented by the following formula (ii) to react with an organoaluminum compound in an inert solvent at a temperature of -80°C to room temperature for 1 minute to 24 hours under an inert gas atmosphere.

20

RCB (OH) 2

(ii)

wherein RC is the same group as described above.

Examples of the alkylboronic acids represented by the formula (ii) include methylboronic acid,

25 ethylboronic acid, isopropylboronic acid, n-

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propylboronic acid, n-butylboronic acid, isobutylboronic acid, n-hexylboronic acid, cyclohexylboronic acid, phenylboronic acid, 3,5-difluoroboronic acid, pentafluorophenylboronic acid and 3,5-bis(trifluoromethyl)phenylboronic acid. Of these, preferable are methylboronic acid, n-butylboronic acid, isobutylboronic acid, 3,5-difluorophenylboronic acid and pentafluorophenylboronic acid.

These alkylboronic acids are used singly or in combination of two or more kinds.

Examples of the organoaluminum compounds to be reacted with the alkylboronic acid include the same organoaluminum compounds as previously exemplified with respect to the organoaluminum compound (B-1).

Of these, preferable are trialkylaluminums and tricycloalkylaluminums. Particularly preferable are trimethylaluminum, triethylaluminum and triisobutylaluminum. These organoaluminum compounds are used singly or in combination of two or more kinds.

The organoaluminum oxy-compounds (B-2) mentioned above are used singly or in combination of two or more kinds.

(B-3) Compound which reacts with the metallocene compound (A) to form ion pair

The compound (B-3) which reacts with the metallocene compound (A) to form an ion pair (referred to as an "ionizing ionic compound" hereinafter) includes Lewis acid, an ionic compound, a borane

- 5 compound and a carborane compound described in Japanese Patent Laid-Open Publications No. 501950/1989, No. 502036/1989, No. 179005/1991, No. 179006/1991, No. 207703/1991 and No. 207704/1991, U.S. Patent No. 5,321,106, etc.
- The Lewis acid includes a compound represented by BR3 (R is fluorine or a phenyl group which may have a substituent group such as fluorine, methyl or trifluoromethyl). Examples of such compounds include trifluoroboron, triphenylboron, tris(4-
- fluorophenyl)boron, tris(3,5-difluorophenyl)boron,
 tris(4-fluoromethylphenyl)boron,
 tris(pentafluorophenyl)boron, tris(p-tolyl)boron,
 tris(o-tolyl)boron and tris(3,5-dimethylphenyl)boron.

The ionizing ionic compound includes, for example,

20 a compound represented by the following formula (iii).

$$\overset{+}{\mathsf{R}^{\mathsf{e}}}\mathsf{R}^{\mathsf{f}} \overset{\mathsf{R}^{\mathsf{g}}}{-\!\!\!\!-} \overset{\mathsf{R}^{\mathsf{g}}}{\overset{\mathsf{l}}{\mathsf{B}}} \overset{\mathsf{R}^{\mathsf{g}}}{-\!\!\!\!-} \mathsf{R}^{\mathsf{h}}$$

In the above formula, R^e is H^+ , carbenium cation, oxonium cation, ammonium cation, phosphonium cation, cycloheptyltrienyl cation, ferrocenium cation having a transition metal, or the like.

 ${\sf R}^{\sf f}$ to ${\sf R}^{\sf i}$ may be the same or different and are each an organic group, preferably an aryl group or a substituted aryl group.

Examples of the carbenium cations include tri
10 substituted carbenium cations, such as

triphenylcarbenium cation, tris(methylphenyl)carbenium

cation and tris(dimethylphenyl)carbenium cation.

Examples of the ammonium cations include trialkylammonium cations, such as trimethylammonium cation, triethylammonium cation, tri(n-propyl)ammonium cation, tri(isopropyl)ammonium cation, tri(n-butyl)ammonium cation and triisobutylammonium cation; N,N-dialkylanilinium cations, such as N,N-dimethylanilinium cation, N,N-diethylanilinium cation and N,N-2,4,6-pentamethylanilinium cation; and dialkylammonium cations, such as di(isopropyl)ammonium cation and dicyclohexylammonium cation.

Examples of the phosphonium cations include triarylphosphonium cations, such as

25 triphenylphosphonium cation,

tris(methylphenyl)phosphonium cation and tris(dimethylphenyl)phosphonium cation.

Re is preferably carbenium cation, ammonium cation or the like, particularly preferably

5 triphenylcarbenium cation, N,N-dimethylanilinium cation or N,N-diethylanilinium cation.

Examples of the carbenium salts include triphenylcarbeniumtetraphenylborate, triphenylcarbeniumtetrakis(pentafluorophenyl)borate,

methylphenyl) carbeniumtetrakis (pentafluorophenyl) borat e, and tris(3,5-

dimethylphenyl)carbeniumtetrakis(pentafluorophenyl)bor
ate.

Examples of the ammonium salts include a trialkyl-substituted ammonium salt, a N,N-dialkylanilinium salt, a dialkylammonium salt or a triarylphosphonium salt.

Examples of the trialkyl-substituted ammonium salts include triethylammoniumtetraphenylborate, tripropylammoniumtetraphenylborate, tri(n-butyl)ammoniumtetraphenylborate, trimethylammoniumtetrakis(p-tolyl)borate,

25 trimethylammoniumtetrakis(o-tolyl)borate,

tri(n-butyl)ammoniumtetrakis(pentafluorophenyl)borate, triethylammoniumtetrakis (pentafluorophenyl) borate, tripropylammoniumtetrakis(pentafluorophenyl)borate, tripropylammoniumtetrakis(2,4-dimethylphenyl)borate,

- 5 tri(n-butyl)ammoniumtetrakis(3,5-dimethylphenyl)borate, tri(n-butyl)ammoniumtetrakis(4trifluoromethylphenyl)borate, tri(n-butyl)ammoniumtetrakis(3,5ditrifluoromethylphenyl)borate and
- 10 tri(n-butyl)ammoniumtetrakis(o-tolyl)borate.

Examples of the N,N-dialkylanilinium salts include N, N-dimethylaniliniumtetraphenylborate,

- N, N-dimethylaniliniumtetrakis(pentafluorophenyl)borate, N, N-dimethylaniliniumtetrakis (3,5-
- 15 ditrifluoromethylphenyl)borate, N, N-diethylaniliniumtetraphenylborate N, N-diethylaniliniumtetrakis (pentafluorophenyl) borate, N, N-diethylaniliniumtetrakis (3, 5ditrifluoromethylphenyl)borate,
- 20 N, N-2, 4, 6-pentamethylaniliniumtetraphenylborate and N, N-2, 4, 6-

pentamethylaniliniumtetrakis(pentafluorophenyl)borate.

Examples of the dialkylammonium salts include di (1-propyl) ammoniumtetrakis (pentafluorophenyl) borate

25 and dicyclohexylammoniumtetraphenylborate. Further employable are
ferroceniumtetrakis(pentafluorophenyl)borate,
triphenylcarbeniumpentaphenylcyclopentadienyl complex,
N,N-diethylaniliniumpentaphenylcyclopentadienyl
complex or a borate compound represented by the
following formula (iv) or (v).

$$^{+}_{H(OEt_2)_2}$$
 $^{-}_{DEt_2)_2}$ $^{-}_{CF_3}$

...(iv)

10 wherein Et is an ethyl group.

$$N_a^+$$
 B
 CF_3
 CF_3

...(v)

Examples of the borane compounds include:

15 decaborane (14);

salts of anions, such as

bis(tri(n-butyl)ammonium)nonaborate,

carbadodecaborate,

1,3-dicarbanonaborane(13), 6,9-dicarbadecaborane(14),
dodecahydrido-1-phenyl-1,3-dicarbanonaborane,
dodecahydrido-1-methyl-1,3-dicarbanonaborane,
undecahydrido-1,3-dimethyl-1,3-dicarbanonaborane,
7,8-dicarbaundecaborane(13), 2,7dicarbaundecaborane(13), undecahydrido-7,8-dimethyl7,8-dicarbaundecaborane, dodecahydrido-11-methyl-2,7dicarbaundecaborane,

tri(n-butyl)ammonium-1-carbadecaborate,
tri(n-butyl)ammonium-1-carbaundecaborate,
tri(n-butyl)ammonium-1-carbadodecaborate,
tri(n-butyl)ammonium-1-trimethylsilyl-1carbadecaborate, tri(n-butyl)ammoniumbromo-1-

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tri(n-butyl)ammonium-6-carbadecaborate(14),
    tri(n-butyl)ammonium-6-carbadecaborate(12),
    tri(n-butyl)ammonium-7-carbaundecaborate(13),
    tri(n-butyl)ammonium-7,8-dicarbaundecaborate(12),
 5
    tri(n-butyl)ammonium-2,9-dicarbaundecaborate(12),
    tri(n-butyl)ammoniumdodecahydrido-8-methyl-7,9-
    dicarbaundecaborate,
    tri(n-butyl)ammoniumundecahydrido-8-ethyl-7,9-
    dicarbaundecaborate,
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    tri(n-butyl)ammoniumundecahydrido-8-butyl-7,9-
    dicarbaundecaborate,
    tri(n-butyl)ammoniumundecahydrido-8-allyl-7,9-
    dicarbaundecaborate,
    tri(n-butyl)ammoniumundecahydrido-9-trimethylsilyl-
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    7,8-dicarbaundecaborate and
    tri(n-butyl)ammoniumundecahydrido-4,6-dibromo-7-
    carbaundecaborate; and
         salts of metallic carborane anions, such as
    tri(n-butyl)ammoniumbis(nonahydrido-1,3-
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    dicarbanonaborate) cobaltate (III),
    tri(n-butyl)ammoniumbis(undecahydrido-7,8-
    dicarbaundecaborate) ferrate(III),
    tri(n-butyl)ammoniumbis(undecahydrido-7,8-
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dicarbaundecaborate) cobaltate(III),

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tri(n-butyl)ammoniumbis(undecahydrido-7,8-
    dicarbaundecaborate) nickelate (III),
    tri(n-butyl) ammoniumbis (undecahydrido-7,8-
    dicarbaundecaborate) cuprate (III),
5
    tri(n-butyl) ammoniumbis (undecahydrido-7,8-
    dicarbaundecaborate) aurate(III),
    tri(n-butyl)ammoniumbis(nonahydrido-7,8-dimethyl-7,8-
    dicarbaundecaborate) ferrate(III),
    tri(n-butyl) ammoniumbis (nonahydrido-7,8-dimethyl-7,8-
10
    dicarbaundecaborate) chromate(III),
    tri(n-butyl)ammoniumbis(tribromooctahydrido-7,8-
    dicarbaundecaborate) cobaltate (III),
    tris(tri(n-butyl)ammonium)bis(undecahydrido-7-
    carbaundecaborate) chromate(III),
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    bis(tri(n-butyl)ammonium)bis(undecahydrido-7-
    carbaundecaborate) manganate (IV),
    bis(tri(n-butyl)ammonium)bis(undecahydrido-7-
    carbaundecaborate) cobaltate(III) and
    bis(tri(n-butyl)ammonium)bis(undecahydrido-7-
```

The ionizing ionic compounds (B-3) mentioned above are used singly or in combination of two or more kinds.

carbaundecaborate) nickelate (IV).

(C) Particle carrier

The particle carrier (C) that is optionally used in the invention is an inorganic or organic compound of granular or particulate solid having a particle diameter of 5 to 300 μm, preferably 10 to 200 μm. As the inorganic compound, a porous oxide or chloride is preferable, and examples thereof include SiO₂, Al₂O₃, MgCl₂, MgO, ZrO, TiO₂, B₂O₃, CaO, ZnO, BaO, ThO₂, and mixtures containing them, such as SiO₂-MgO, SiO₂-Al₂O₃, SiO₂-TiO₂, SiO₂-V₂O₅, SiO₂-Cr₂O₃, SiO₂-MgCl₂, MgO-MgCl₂ and SiO₂-TiO₂-MgO. Of these, preferable are those containing at least one component selected from the group consisting of SiO₂ and Al₂O₃.

In the inorganic oxides, small amounts of carbonate, sulfate, nitrate and oxide components, such as Na₂CO₃, K₂CO₃, CaCO₃, MgCO₃, Na₂SO₄, Al₂(SO₄)₃, BaSO₄, KNO₃, Mg(NO₃)₂, Al(NO₃)₃, Na₂O, K₂O and Li₂O, may be contained.

As the particle carrier, an ion-exchangeable layered silicate is also employable. When the ion
exchangeable layered silicate is used, the silicate functions as a carrier, and additionally, the amount of the organoaluminum oxy-compound used such as alkylaluminoxane can be decreased by utilizing the ion-exchange properties and layered structure of the silicate. Although the ion-exchangeable layered

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silicate naturally occurs as a main component of a clay mineral, not only a natural one but also a synthetic one is employable. Examples of the ion-exchangeable layered silicates include kaolinite, montmorillonite, hectorite, bentonite, smectite, vermiculite, synthetic mica and synthetic hectorite.

Although the properties of the particle carrier varies depending upon the type and the preparation process, the specific surface area is desired to be in the range of 50 to $1000 \text{ m}^2/\text{g}$, preferably $100 \text{ to } 800 \text{ m}^2/\text{g}$, and the pore volume is desired to be in the range of 0.3 to 3.0 cm³/g. The carrier is used after calcined at 80 to 1000°C , preferably $100 \text{ to } 800^{\circ}\text{C}$, when needed.

The particle carrier (C) employable in the

invention may be an organic compound of granular or particulate solid having a particle diameter of 5 to 300 μm. Examples of the organic compounds include polymers or copolymers produced using as a main component an α-olefin of 2 to 14 carbon atoms, such as ethylene, propylene, 1-butene or 4-methyl-1-pentene; polymers or copolymers produced using as a main component vinylcyclohexane or styrene; and polar functional group-containing polymers obtained by copolymerizing or graft polymerizing these polymers

with polar monomers such as acrylic acid, acrylic ester and maleic anhydride.

In the polymerization process, the catalyst components can be used in any way and in any order.

5 For example, the following processes are available.

- (1) The metallocene compound (A) and at least one compound (B) selected from the organometallic compound (B-1), the organoaluminum oxy-compound (B-2) and the ionizing ionic compound (B-3) (referred to as a "component (B)" simply hereinafter) are fed to the polymerization reactor in an arbitrary order.
- (2) A catalyst obtained by previously contacting the metallocene compound (A) with the component (B) is fed to the polymerization reactor.
- (3) A catalyst component obtained by previously contacting the metallocene compound (A) with the component (B) and the component (B) are fed to the polymerization reactor in an arbitrary order. In this case, the components (B) may be the same or different.
- 20 (4) A catalyst component wherein the metallocene compound (A) is supported on the particle carrier (C), and the component (B) are fed to the polymerization reactor in an arbitrary order.
- (5) A catalyst wherein the metallocene compound

 25 (A) and the component (B) are supported on the

particle carrier (C) is fed to the polymerization reactor.

- (6) A catalyst component wherein the metallocene compound (A) and the component (B) are supported on the particle carrier (C) and the component (B) are fed to the polymerization reactor in an arbitrary order. In this case, the components (B) may be the same or different.
- (7) A catalyst component wherein the component (B)
 10 is supported on the particle carrier (C), and the metallocene compound (A) are added to the polymerization reactor in an arbitrary order.
- (8) A catalyst component wherein the component (B)
 is supported on the particle carrier (C), the

 15 metallocene compound (A) and the component (B) are
 added to the polymerization reactor in an arbitrary
 order. In this case, the components (B) may be the
 same or different.
- (9) A catalyst component obtained by previously contacting a catalyst wherein the metallocene compound

 (A) and the component (B) are supported on the particle carrier (C) with the component (B) is added to the polymerization reactor. In this case, the components (B) may be the same or different.

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(10) A catalyst component obtained by previously contacting a catalyst wherein the metallocene compound (A) and the component (B) are supported on the particle carrier (C) with the component (B), and the component (B) are added to the polymerization reactor in an arbitrary order. In this case, the components (B) may be the same or different.

Onto the solid catalyst component wherein the metallocene compound (A) and the component (B) are supported on the particle carrier (C), an olefin may be prepolymerized. In the solid catalyst component thus prepolymerized, a polyolefin produced as a prepolymer is contained in an amount of usually 0.1 to 1000 g, preferably 0.3 to 500 g, particularly preferably 1 to 200 g, based on 1 g of the solid catalyst component.

For the purpose of smoothly promoting the polymerization, an antistatic agent, an antifouling agent and the like may be used in combination or may be supported on the particle carrier.

Process for preparing polyolefin

In the process for preparing a polyolefin using the olefin polymerization catalyst according to the invention, the polymerization can be carried out as any of liquid phase polymerization such as solution

polymerization or suspension polymerization and gas phase polymerization.

Examples of inert hydrocarbon solvents used in the liquid phase polymerization include aliphatic

hydrocarbons, such as propane, butane, pentane, hexane, heptane, octane, decane, dodecane and kerosine; alicyclic hydrocarbons, such as cyclopentane, cyclohexane and methylcyclopentane; aromatic hydrocarbons, such as benzene, toluene and xylene;

10 halogenated hydrocarbons, such as ethylene chloride, chlorobenzene and dichloromethane; and mixtures thereof. The α -olefin used for the polymerization may be per se used as a solvent.

In the polymerization, the component (A) is used in an amount of usually 10^{-8} to 10^{-2} mol, preferably 10^{-7} to 10^{-3} mol, based on 1 liter of the polymerization volume.

The component (B-1) is used in such an amount that

the molar ratio ((B-1)/(M)) of the component (B-1) to

the transition metal atom (M) in the component (A)

becomes usually 0.01 to 5000, preferably 0.05 to 2000.

The component (B-2) is used in such an amount that the molar ratio ((B-2)/(M)) of the aluminum atom in the component (B-2) to the transition metal atom (M) in

the component (A) becomes usually 10 to 5000,

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preferably 20 to 2000. The component (B-3) is used in such an amount that the molar ratio ((B-3)/(M)) of the component (B-3) to the transition metal atom (M) in the component (A) becomes usually 1 to 10, preferably 1 to 5.

The temperature of polymerization of olefin using the olefin polymerization catalyst is in the range of usually -50 to +200°C, preferably 0 to 170°C. The polymerization pressure is in the range of usually atmospheric pressure to 10 MPa (gage-pressure), preferably atmospheric pressure to 5 MPa (gage-pressure). The polymerization reaction can be carried out by any of batchwise, semi-continuous and continuous processes. It is possible to conduct the polymerization in two or more stages under different reaction conditions.

In the polymerization, the molecular weight of the resulting polymer or polymerization activity can be regulated by adding hydrogen in amount of about 0.01 to 100 NL based on 1 kg of the olefin.

In the present invention, as olefins used in the polymerization reaction preferable are those of 2 to 20 carbon atoms, particularly α -olefins of 2 to 10 carbon atoms. Example of the olefins include ethylene, propylene, 1-butene, 1-pentene, 1-hexene, 3-methyl-1-

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butene, 3-methyl-1-pentene, 3-ethyl-1-pentene, 4-methyl-1-pentene, 4-methyl-1-hexene, 4,4-dimethyl-1-hexene, 4,4-dimethyl-1-hexene, 4,4-dimethyl-1-pentene, 4-ethyl-1-hexene, 3-ethyl-1-hexene, 1-octene, 1-decene, 1-dodecene, 1-tetradecene, 1-hexadecene, 1-octadecene, 1-eicosene, vinylcyclohexane and styrene.

Further examples include dienes of 4 to 20 carbon atoms such as butadiene, 1,4-pentadiene, 1,5-hexadiene and 1,4-hexadiene, cyclicolefins such as

dicyclopentadiene, norbornene, methylnorbornene, tetracyclododecene and methyltetracyclododecene and silicon-containing olefins such as allyltrimethylsilane and vinyltrimethylsilane.

Of the olefin polymerization catalysts according

15 to the invention, the catalyst containing the

metallocene compound represented by the formula (1) or

(2) is favorably used for copolymerization of at least

2 kinds of olefins.

At least one of the olefins used is preferably an $$\alpha - 0$$ of 4 or less carbon atoms.

The copolymerization of two or more olefins using the olefin polymerization catalyst of the invention has advantages such as high polymerization activity and good copolymerizability and is characterized in that a copolymer of desired properties can be obtained.

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An example of the copolymer obtained from two or more olefins is a copolymer comprising recurring units (U1) derived from one α -olefin selected from α -olefins of 3 to 8 carbon atoms in amounts of 50 to 99.9 % by mol and recurring units (U2) other than the recurring units (U1), said recurring units (U2) being derived from at least one α -olefin selected from α -olefins of 2 to 20 carbon atoms, in amounts of 50 to 0.1 % by mol.

Examples of the α-olefins of 3 to 8 carbon atoms

include propylene, 1-butene, 1-pentene, 1-hexene, 3methyl-1-butene, 3-methyl-1-pentene, 3-ethyl-1-pentene,
4-methyl-1-pentene, 4-methyl-1-hexene, 4,4-dimethyl-1hexene, 4,4-dimethyl-1-pentene, 4-ethyl-1-hexene, 3ethyl-1-hexene and 1-octene. Examples of the α-olefins

of 2 to 20 carbon atoms include the same ones as
described above.

Such a copolymer is, for example, a copolymer comprising propylene units in amounts of 50 to 99.5 % by mol and units of an α -olefin of 2 to 20 carbon atoms other than propylene in amounts of 50 to 0.5 % by mol.

The random copolymer comprising propylene units in amounts of 95 to 99.5 % by mol and units of an α -olefin of 2 to 20 carbon atoms other than propylene in amounts of 5 to 0.5 % by mol preferably has the

following properties: the pentad isotacticity as determined from ^{13}C -NMR spectrum measurement is not less than 80 %, preferably not less than 85 %; the proportion of 2,1-insertion and the proportion of 1,3-5 insertion are each not more than 0.2 %, preferably not more than 0.1 %; the MFR is in the range of 0.01 to 1000 g/10 min, preferably 0.01 to 500 g/10 min; the molecular weight distribution (Mw/Mn) as calculated from molecular weights (Mw: weight-average molecular 10 weight, Mn: number-average molecular weight) measured by gel permeation chromatography (GPC) is in the range of 1 to 3, preferably 1 to 2.5, more preferably 1 to 2.3; and the quantity of a decane-soluble component (after the polymer is treated with n-decane at 150°C 15 for 2 hours and cooled to room temperature, the amount (weight %) of the polymer dissolved in the n-decane is measured) is not more than 2 % by weight, preferably

Of the olefin polymerization catalysts according
to the invention, the catalyst containing the
metallocene compound represented by the formula (1a)
or (2a) is favorably used for homopolymerization of an olefin.

not more than 1 % by weight.

The homopolymerization of an α -olefin of 3 or more carbon atoms using the olefin polymerization catalyst

of the invention is characterized in that an olefin polymer having high stereoregularity can be obtained and the polymer usually has high isotacticity.

The homopolymer of an α -olefin of 3 or more carbon atoms, particularly polypropylene, preferably has the 5 following properties: the pentad isotacticity as determined from $^{13}\text{C-NMR}$ spectrum measurement is not less than 85 %, preferably not less than 90 %, more preferably not less than 95 %; the proportion of 2,1-10 insertion and the proportion of 1,3-insertion are each not more than 0.2 %, preferably not more than 0.1 %, more preferably not more than 0.05 %; the melting point (Tm) as measured by differential scanning calorimetry (DSC) is not lower than 140°C, preferably not lower than 150°C, more preferably not lower than 15 153°C; the MFR is in the range of 0.01 to 1000 g/10min, preferably 0.01 to 500 g/10 min; the molecular weight distribution (Mw/Mn) as calculated from molecular weights measured by GPC is in the range of 1 20 to 3, preferably 1 to 2.5, more preferably 1 to 2.3; and the quantity of a decane-soluble component is not more than 2 % by weight, preferably not more than 1 % by weight, more preferably not more than 0.5 % by weight.

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Of the olefin polymerization catalysts according to the invention, the catalyst containing the metallocene compound represented by the formula (1b) or (2b) is favorably used for homopolymerization of an olefin or copolymerization of at least two kinds of olefins.

Of the polymers obtained by the use of such a catalyst, a homopolymer of an α -olefin of 3 to 8 carbon atoms, particularly polypropylene, preferably has the following properties: the pentad isotacticity as determined from $^{13}C-NMR$ spectrum measurement is not less than 85 %, preferably not less than 90 %, more preferably not less than 95 %; the proportion of 2,1insertion and the proportion of 1,3-insertion are each not more than 0.2 %, preferably not more than 0.1 %, more preferably not more than 0.05 %; the melting point (Tm) as measured by DSC is not lower than 140°C, preferably not lower than 150°C, more preferably not lower than 153°C; the MFR is in the range of 0.01 to 1000 g/10 min, preferably 0.01 to 500 g/10 min; the molecular weight distribution (Mw/Mn) as calculated from molecular weights measured by GPC is in the range of 1 to 3, preferably 1 to 2.5, more preferably 1 to 2.3; and the quantity of a decane-soluble component is not more than 2 % by weight, preferably not more than

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1 % by weight, more preferably not more than 0.5 % by weight.

An example of the copolymer obtained from two or

more olefins using the catalyst containing the metallocene compound represented by the formula (1b) or (2b) is a copolymer comprising recurring units (U1) derived from one α -olefin selected from α -olefins of 3 to 8 carbon atoms in amounts of 50 to 99.9 % by mol and recurring units (U2) other than the recurring units (U1), said recurring units (U2) being derived from at least one α -olefin selected from α -olefins of 2 to 20 carbon atoms, in amounts of 50 to 0.1 % by mol.

Such a copolymer is, for example, a copolymer comprising propylene units in amounts of 50 to 99.5 % by mol and units of an α -olefin other than propylene in amounts of 50 to 0.5 % by mol.

The copolymer comprising propylene units in

amounts of 95 to 99.5 % by mol and units of an α olefin of 2 to 20 carbon atoms other than propylene in
amounts of 5 to 0.5 % by mol preferably has the
following properties: the pentad isotacticity as
determined from $^{13}\text{C-NMR}$ spectrum measurement is not
less than 80 %, preferably not less than 85 %; the
proportion of 2,1-insertion and the proportion of 1,3insertion are each not more than 0.2 %, preferably not

more than 0.1 %; the MFR is in the range of 0.01 to 1000 g/10 min, preferably 0.01 to 500 g/10 min; the molecular weight distribution (Mw/Mn) as calculated from molecular weights measured by GPC is in the range of 1 to 3, preferably 1 to 2.5, more preferably 1 to 2.3; and the quantity of a decane-soluble component is not more than 2 % by weight, preferably not more than 1 % by weight.

Polyolefin

- The polyolefin according to the invention is a polyolefin comprising recurring units (U₁) derived from one α-olefin selected from α-olefins of 3 to 8 carbon atoms in amounts of 50 to 100 % by mol, preferably 65 to 100 % by mol, more preferably 80 to 100 % by mol, and recurring units (U₂) other than the recurring units (U₁), said recurring units (U₂) being derived from at least one olefin selected from α-olefins of 2 to 20 carbon atoms, in amounts of 50 to 0 % by mol, preferably 35 to 0 % by mol, more
- 20 preferably 20 to 0 % by mol.

Examples of the α -olefins of 3 to 8 carbon atoms and the α -olefins of 2 to 20 carbon atoms include the same ones as previously described.

This polyolefin satisfies the following requisites

(i) to (iii):

- (i) the proportion of 2,1-insertion and the proportion of 1,3-insertion are each not more than 0.2 %, preferably not more than 0.1 %,
- (ii) the molecular weight distribution (Mw/Mn) as
 5 determined by (GPC) is in the range of 1 to 3,
 preferably 1 to 2.5, more preferably 1 to 2.3, and
 - (iii) the quantity of a decane-soluble component is not more than 2 % by weight, preferably not more than 1 % by weight.
- The polyolefin preferably comprises recurring units derived from propylene in amounts of 50 to 99.5 % by mol, preferably 65 to 99.5 % by mol, more preferably 80 to 99.5 % by mol, and recurring units derived from at least one olefin selected from α-olefins of 2 to 20 carbon atoms other than propylene in amounts of 50 to 0.5 % by mol, preferably 35 to 0.5 % by mol, more preferably 20 to 0.5 % by mol.

Such a polyolefin of the invention has excellent elastic modulus, impact resistance and transparency.

Another embodiment of the polyolefin of the invention is a homopolymer of one α -olefin selected from α -olefins of 3 to 8 carbon atoms.

Examples of the $\alpha\text{-olefins}$ of 3 to 8 carbon atoms include the same ones as previously described.

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This polyolefin satisfies the following requisites (i) to (vi):

- (i) the pentad isotacticity as determined from $^{13}\text{C-NMR}$ spectrum measurement is not less than 85 %, preferably not less than 90 %, more preferably not less than 95 %,
- (ii) the proportion of 2,1-insertion and the
 proportion of 1,3-insertion are each not more than
 0.2 %, preferably not more than 0.1 %, more preferably
 not more than 0.05 %,
- (iii) the MFR is in the range of 0.01 to 1000 g/10 min, preferably 0.01 to 500 g/10 min, more preferably 0.02 to 400 g/10 min,
- (iv) the molecular weight distribution (Mw/Mn) as

 15 determined by GPC is in the range of 1 to 3,
 preferably 1 to 2.5, more preferably 1 to 2.3,
 - (v) the quantity of a decane-soluble component is not more than 2 % by weight, preferably not more than 1 % by weight, more preferably not more than 0.5 % by weight, and
 - (vi) the melting point (Tm) as measured by DSC is not lower than 140°C, preferably not lower than 150°C, more preferably not lower than 153°C.

The polyolefin is preferably a homopolymer of propylene.

Such a polyolefin of the invention has excellent elastic modulus, impact resistance and transparency.

A further embodiment of the polyolefin of the invention is a polyolefin comprising recurring units (U1) derived from one α -olefin selected from α -olefins of 3 to 8 carbon atoms in amounts of 95 to 99.5 % by mol, preferably 95 to 99 % by mol, more preferably 95 to 98 % by mol, and recurring units (U2) other than the recurring units (U1), said recurring units (U2)

being derived from at least one olefin selected from α -olefins of 2 to 20 carbon atoms, in amounts of 5 to 0.05 % by mol, preferably 5 to 1 % by mol, more preferably 5 to 2 % by mol.

Examples of the α -olefins of 3 to 8 carbon atoms and the α -olefins of 2 to 20 carbon atoms include the same ones as previously described.

This polyolefin satisfies the following requisites (i) to (vi):

- (i) the pentad isotacticity as determined from $^{13}\text{C-NMR}$ spectrum measurement is not less than 80 %, preferably not less than 85 %,
 - (ii) the proportion of 2,1-insertion and the proportion of 1,3-insertion are each not more than 0.2 %, preferably not more than 0.1 %,

- (iii) the MFR is in the range of 0.01 to 1000 g/10 min, preferably 0.01 to 500 g/10 min, more preferably 0.02 to 400 g/10 min,
- (iv) the molecular weight distribution (Mw/Mn) as
 5 determined by GPC is in the range of 1 to 3,
 preferably 1 to 2.5, more preferably 1 to 2.3,
 - (v) the quantity of a decane-soluble component is not more than 2 % by weight, preferably not more than 1 % by weight, more preferably not more than 0.5 % by weight, and
 - (vi) the melting point (Tm) as measured by a differential scanning calorimeter is not higher than $145\,^{\circ}\text{C}$, preferably not higher than $140\,^{\circ}\text{C}$.

The polyolefin preferably comprises recurring
units derived from propylene in amounts of 95 to
99.5 % by mol, preferably 95 to 99 % by mol, more
preferably 95 to 98 % by mol, and recurring units
derived from at least one olefin selected from αolefins of 2 to 20 carbon atoms other than propylene
in amounts of 5 to 0.5 % by mol, preferably 5 to 1 %
by mol, more preferably 5 to 2 % by mol.

Such a polyolefin of the invention has excellent elastic modulus, impact resistance and transparency.

The polyolefin of the invention mentioned above can be prepared by polymerizing or copolymerizing the

corresponding olefin under the above-mentioned conditions using the olefin polymerization catalyst containing the metallocene compound represented by the formula (1), (2), (1a), (2a), (1b) or (2b).

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EFFECT OF THE INVENTION

The metallocene compound represented by the formula (1) or (2) according to the invention and the olefin polymerization catalyst containing this metallocene compound have excellent olefin polymerization activity and are of industrially great value. The olefin copolymer obtained by the use of the catalyst, particularly a propylene random copolymer, has excellent elastic modulus, impact resistance and transparency.

The metallocene compound represented by the formula (1a) or (2a) according to the invention and the olefin polymerization catalyst containing this metallocene compound have excellent olefin

polymerization activity and are of industrially great value. The poly- α -olefin obtained by the use of the catalyst, particularly polypropylene, has excellent elastic modulus, impact resistance and transparency.

The metallocene compound represented by the

25 formula (1b) or (2b) according to the invention and

the olefin polymerization catalyst containing this
 metallocene compound have excellent olefin
 polymerization activity and are of industrially great
 value. The poly-α-olefin obtained by the use of the

5 catalyst, particularly polypropylene, has excellent
 elastic modulus, impact resistance and transparency.
 The olefin copolymer obtained by the use of the
 catalyst, particularly a propylene random copolymer,
 has excellent elastic modulus, impact resistance and
10 transparency.

The process for preparing a metallocene compound according to the invention is excellent as a process for selectively preparing a metallocene compound having a desirable specific structure, and is of industrially great value.

The polyolefin according to the invention has excellent elastic modulus, impact resistance and transparency.

The polyolefin according to the invention can be favorably used for nonwoven fabrics, films, sealants, industrial materials, transparent injection, block polymers, alloys, modifiers, etc., and can be broadly used specifically for hygienic materials, civil engineering materials, automobile parts, electrical

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appliances, food containers, packaging materials, miscellaneous goods, etc.

EXAMPLE

The present invention is further described with reference to the following examples, but it should be construed that the invention is in no way limited to those examples.

In the present invention, the melting point (Tm)

of a polymer was determined as follows. Through
differential scanning calorimetry (DSC), a polymer
sample kept at 240°C for 10 minutes was cooled to 30°C,
kept for 5 minutes and then heated at a rate of
10°C/min to obtain a crystal melting peak, from which
the melting point was calculated.

The molecular weight (Mw, Mn) was measured by GPC (gel permeation chromatography).

The quantity of a decane-soluble component was

determined as follows. A polymer was treated with n-decene at 150°C for 2 hours and then cooled to room temperature, and the quantity of the polymer (% by weight) dissolved in n-decane was measured.

The stereoregularity (pentad isotacticity (mmmm), 2,1-insertion, 1,3-insertion) of a polymer was determined from 13C-NMR spectrum measurement.

The intrinsic viscosity (η) was measured in decalin at 135°C.

The MFR was measured after heating of a polymer at $230\,^{\circ}\text{C}$ for 6 minutes.

5 Example 1

Synthesis of dimethylmethylene(3-tert-butyl-5-methylcyclopentadienyl)fluorenylzirconium dichloride

(1) Synthesis of 1-tert-butyl-3-methylcyclopentadiene

To a solution obtained by adding 350 ml of

dehydrated diethyl ether to 450 ml (0.90 mol) of a tert-butylmagnesium chloride/diethyl ether solution (concentration: 2.0 mol/liter), a solution of 43.7 g (0.45 mmol) of 3-methylcyclopentenone in 150 ml of dehydrated diethyl ether was dropwise added in a nitrogen atmosphere at 0°C with ice cooling, followed

- nitrogen atmosphere at 0°C with ice cooling, followed by stirring at room temperature for 15 hours. To the reaction solution, a solution of 80.0 g (1.50 mol) of ammonium chloride in 350 ml of water was dropwise added at 0°C with ice cooling. To the resulting
- solution, 2500 ml of water was added, followed by stirring. Then, the organic phase was separated and washed with water. To the organic phase, 82 ml of a 10% hydrochloric acid aqueous solution was added at 0°C with ice cooling, followed by stirring at room
- 25 temperature for 6 hours. The organic phase was

separated from the reaction solution, washed with water, a saturated sodium hydrogencarbonate aqueous solution, water and a saturated saline solution, and then dried over anhydrous magnesium sulfate. The

- drying agent was filtered, and from the filtrate the solvent was distilled off to obtain a liquid. The liquid was subjected to vacuum distillation (45-47°C/10 mmHg) to obtain 14.6 g of a light yellow liquid. The analyzed values are given below.
- - (2) Synthesis of 3-tert-butyl-1,6,6-trimethylfulvene

 To a solution of 13.0 g (95.6 mmol) of 1-tert-
- 15 butyl-3-methylcyclopentadiene in 130 ml of dehydrated methanol, 55.2 g (950.4 mmol) of dehydrated acetone was dropwise added in a nitrogen atmosphere at 0°C with ice cooling, and 68.0 g (956.1 mmol) of pyrrolidine was further dropwise added, followed by
- stirring at room temperature for 4 days. After the reaction solution was diluted with 400 ml of diethyl ether, 400 ml of water was added. The organic phase was separated, washed with a 0.5N hydrochloric acid aqueous solution (150 ml \times 4), water (200 ml \times 3) and a
- 25 saturated saline solution (150 ml), and then dried

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over anhydrous magnesium sulfate. The drying agent was filtered, and from the filtrate the solvent was distilled off to obtain a liquid. The liquid was subjected to vacuum distillation (70-80°C/0.1 mmHg) to obtain 10.5 g of a yellow liquid. The analyzed values are given below.

 $^{1}\text{H-NMR}$ (270 MHz, in CDCl3, based on TMS): $\delta 6.23$ (s, 1H), 6.05 (d, 1H), 2.23 (s, 3H), 2.17 (d, 6H), 1.17 (s, 9H)

10 (3) Synthesis of 2-(3-tert-butyl-5methylcyclopentadienyl)-2-fluorenylpropane

To a solution of 10.1 g (60.8 mmol) of fluorene in 300 ml of THF, 40 ml (61.6 mmol) of a hexane solution of n-butyllithium was dropwise added in a nitrogen atmosphere with ice cooling, followed by stirring at room temperature for 5 hours (dark brown solution). The solution was ice cooled again, and a solution of 11.7 g (66.5 mmol) of 3-tert-butyl-1,6,6-trimethylfulvene in 300 ml of THF was dropwise added

- in a nitrogen atmosphere. After stirring at room temperature for 14 hours, the resulting brown solution was ice cooled, and 200 ml of water was added. The organic phase extracted with diethyl ether and separated was dried over magnesium sulfate and then
- 25 filtered. From the filtrate, the solvent was removed

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under reduced pressure to obtain an orangy brown oil.

The oil was purified by silica gel column

chromatography (developing solvent: hexane) to obtain

3.8 g of a yellow oil. The analyzed values are given below.

 1 H-NMR (270 MHz, in CDCl₃, Based on TMS): δ 7.70 (d, 4H), 7.34-7.26 (m, 6H), 7.18-7.11 (m, 6H), 6.17 (s, 1H), 6.01 (s, 1H), 4.42 (s, 1H), 4.27 (s, 1H), 3.01 (s, 2H), 2.87 (s, 2H), 2.17 (s, 3H), 1.99 (s, 3H), 2.10 (s, 9H), 1.99 (s, 9H), 1.10 (s, 6H), 1.07 (s, 6H)

(4) Synthesis of dimethylmethylene(3-tert-butyl-5-methylcyclopentadienyl)fluorenylzirconium dichloride

To a solution of 1.14 g (3.3 mmol) of 2-(3-tert-butyl-5-methylcyclopentadienyl)-2-fluorenylpropane in 25 ml of diethyl ether, 5.0 ml (7.7 mmol) of a hexane solution of n-butyllithium was dropwise added in a nitrogen atmosphere with ice cooling, and the mixture was stirred at room temperature for 14 hours to obtain a pink slurry. To the slurry, 0.77 g (3.3 mmol) of

zirconium tetrachloride was added at -78°C, and the mixture was stirred at -78°C for several hours, followed by further stirring at room temperature for 65 hours. The resulting dark brown slurry was filtered. The substance remaining on the filter was washed with

25 10 ml of diethyl ether and extracted with

dichloroethane to obtain a red solution. From the solution, the solvent was vacuum distilled off to obtain 0.53 g of a reddish orange solid. The analyzed values are given below.

 1 H-NMR (270 MHz, in CDCl₃, Based on TMS): $\delta 8.11$ -8.02 (m, 3H), 7.82 (d, 1H), 7.56-7.45 (m, 2H), 7.23-7.17 (m, 2H), 6.08 (d, 1H), 5.72 (d, 1H), 2.59 (s, 3H), 2.41 (s, 3H), 2.30 (s, 3H), 1.08 (s, 9H)

FD-MS: m/z = 500, 502, 504 (M⁺)

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Example 2

Synthesis of cyclohexylidene(3-tert-butyl-5methylcyclopentadienyl)fluorenylzirconium dichloride

- (1) Synthesis of 3-tert-butyl-5-methyl-6,6-
- **15** pentamethylenefulvene

To 50 ml of dehydrated methanol, 0.5 g (3.68 mmol) of 1-tert-butyl-3-methylcyclopentadiene and 3.81 ml (36.8 mmol) of cyclohexanone were added, then 3.07 ml (36.8 mmol) of pyrrolidine was dropwise added at 0°C, and the mixture was reacted at room temperature for 7 days. Then, 20 ml of water was added at 0°C. After extraction with ether, the organic phase was washed with water and successively dried over anhydrous magnesium sulfate. Then, the solvent was distilled off

to obtain 1.3 g of a light yellow solid. The analyzed values are given below.

 $^{1}\text{H-NMR}$ (270 MHz, in CDCl3, Based on TMS): $\delta 6.26$ (s, 1H), 6.10 (s, 1H), 2.71 (dd, 2H), 2.61 (dd, 2H), 2.27

To a solution of 0.8 g (4.5 mmol) of fluorene in

- **5** (d, 3H), 1.80-1.61 (m, 6H), 1.17 (s, 9H)
 - (2) Synthesis of 1-(3-tert-butyl-5methylcyclopentadienyl)-1-fluorenylcyclohexane

40 ml of THF , 2.9 ml (4.6 mmol) of a hexane solution

10 of n-butyllithium was dropwise added in a nitrogen atmosphere with ice cooling, followed by stirring at room temperature for 6 hours. To the resulting red solution, a solution of 1.0 g (4.8 mmol) of 3-tert-butyl-5-methyl-6,6-pentamethylenefulvene in 15 ml of

- THF was dropwise added in a nitrogen atmosphere with ice cooling. After stirring at room temperature for 16 hours, 30 ml of water was added. The organic phase extracted with diethyl ether and separated was dried over magnesium sulfate and then filtered. From the
- pressure to obtain a light yellow liquid. The liquid was passed through a silica gel column using hexane as an eluent. From the resulting hexane solution, the solvent was removed under reduced pressure to obtain

1.3 g of a light yellow solid. The analyzed values are given below.

 1 H-NMR (270 MHz, in CDCl3, Based on TMS): $\delta 7.64$ (d, 2H), 7.34-7.24 (m, 4H), 7.16-7.10 (m, 2H), 5.79 (s, 1H), 4.02 (s, 1H), 2.87-2.77 (s+s, 3H), 2.26-2.00 (m, 2H), 1.75-1.60 (s+s, 3H), 1.55-1.23 (m, 8H), 1.12 (d, 9H)

- (3) Synthesis of cyclohexylidene(3-tert-butyl-5-methylcyclopentadienyl)fluorenylzirconium dichloride
- To a solution of 1.3 g (3.3 mmol) of 1-(3-tert-butyl-5-methylcyclopentadienyl)-1-fluorenylcyclohexane in 40 ml of THF, 4.8 ml (6.8 mmol) of a hexane solution of n-butyllithium was dropwise added in a nitrogen atmosphere with ice cooling, followed by
- stirring at room temperature for 16 hours. From the reaction mixture, the solvent was removed under reduced pressure to obtain a reddish orange solid. To the solid, 150 ml of dichloromethane was added at -78°C, and they were stirred to give a solution. Then,
- the solution was added to 10 ml of a dichloromethane suspension of 1.1 g (2.9 mmol) of zirconium tetrachloride (THF) 2-complex having been cooled to -78°C, and the mixture was stirred at -78°C for 6 hours, followed by further stirring at room temperature for
- 25 one day and night. From the reaction solution, the

solvent was removed under reduced pressure to obtain a vermilion solid. The solid was extracted with diethyl ether and subjected to sellaite filtration. The filtrate was concentrated to precipitate 18 mg of a reddish brown solid, and the solid was separated from the mother liquor. The analyzed values are given below.

1H-NMR (270 MHz, in CDCl3, Based on TMS): δ8.10 (m, 2H), 7.90 (d, 1H), 7.76 (d, 1H), 7.56-7.46 (m, 2H), 7.28-7.18 (m, 2H), 6.07 (d, 1H), 5.72 (d, 1H), 3.73

10 (br, 1H), 3.34 (br, 1H), 2.55-2.33 (m, 2H), 2.27 (s, 3H), 2.05-1.64 (m, 6H), 1.08 (s, 9H)

Reference Example

15 Synthesis of 3,6-di-tert-butylfluorene

FD-MS: m/z = 540, 542, 544 (M⁺)

(1) Synthesis of 4,4'-di-t-butyldiphenylmethane

A 300 ml two-necked flask was thoroughly purged
with nitrogen. In the flask, 38.4 g (289 mmol) of
AlCl3 was placed, and 80 ml of CH3NO2 was added to

- give a solution (1). Separately, a 500 ml three-necked flask-equipped with a dropping funnel and a magnetic stirrer was thoroughly purged with nitrogen. In the flask, 25.6 g (152 mmol) of dipheylmethane and 43.8 g (199 mmol) of 2,6-di-t-butyl-4-methylphenol were
- 25 placed, and 80 ml of CH3NO2 was added to give a

solution. With stirring, this solution was cooled with an ice bath. To the solution was dropwise added the solution (1) over a period of 35 minutes, and the reaction solution was stirred at 12°C for 1 hour. The reaction solution was poured into 500 ml of ice water and extracted with 800 ml of hexane. The organic phase was washed with 600 ml of a 5% NaOH aqueous solution and dried over MgSO4. Then, the MgSO4 was filtered off, and the solvent was evaporated to obtain an oil. The oil was cooled to -78°C to precipitate a solid. The solid was recovered by filtration, washed with 300 ml of EtOH and dried under reduced pressure to obtain 4,4'-di-t-butyldiphenylmethane (yield: 18.9 g).

15 butyldiphenylmethane

In a 200 ml flask equipped with a magnetic stirrer, 1.95 g (6.96 mmol) of 4,4'-di-t-butyldiphenylmethane, 0.78 g (3.48 mmol) of HIO4, 1.55 g (6.12 mmol) of I2 and 0.48 ml of concentrated H_2SO_4 were placed. Then,

(2) Synthesis of 2,2'-diiodo-4,4'-di-t-

20 17.5 ml of acetic acid and 3.75 ml of water were added,
—and the mixture was heated to 90°C with stirring and
reacted for 5 hours. The reaction solution was poured
into 50 ml of ice water and extracted with Et₂O. The
organic phase was washed with 100 ml of a saturated
NaHSO4 aqueous solution, and then Na₂CO₃ was added.

After stirring, the Na₂CO₃ was filtered off. The organic phase was washed with 800 ml of water, and Mg₂SO₄ was added to dry the organic phase. After the Mg₂SO₄ was filtered off, the solvent was distilled off

- 5 to obtain a yellow oil. The oil was purified by column chromatography to obtain 2,2'-diiodo-4,4'-di-t-butyldiphenylmethane (yield: 3.21 g).
 - (3) Synthesis of 3,6-di-t-butylfluorene

In a 50 ml two-necked flask, 3.21 g (6.03 mmol) of 2,2'-diiodo-4,4'-di-t-butyldiphenylmethane was placed, and 2.89 g (47.0 mmol) of a copper powder was added. The mixture was heated to 230°C and reacted for 5 hours with stirring. After extraction with acetone, the solvent was distilled off to obtain a reddish

brown oil. The oil was subjected to column chromatography to obtain a light yellow oil. The fractions containing the unreacted material was subjected to column chromatography again to recover the desired product only. The obtained product was
recrystallized from methanol to obtain a white solid

(yield: 1.08-q).

Example 3

Synthesis of dimethylmethylene(3-tert-butyl-5-methylcyclopentadienyl)(3,6-di-tert-butylfluorenyl)zirconium dichloride

To a solution of 0.9 g (3.4 mmol) of 3,6-di-tert-

- (1) Synthesis of 2-(3-tert-butyl-5-
- 5 methylcyclopentadienyl)-2-(3,6-di-tertbutylfluorenyl)propane

butylfluorene in 30 ml of THF, 2.1 ml (3.4 mmol) of a hexane solution of n-butyllithium was dropwise added in a nitrogen atmosphere with ice cooling, followed by stirring at room temperature for 6 hours. To the resulting red solution, a solution of 0.6 g (3.5 mmol) of 3-tert-butyl-5,6,6-trimethylfulvene in 15 ml of THF was dropwise added in a nitrogen atmosphere with ice

15 cooling, followed by stirring at room temperature for 12 hours. Then, 30 ml of water was added. The organic phase extracted with diethyl ether and separated was dried over magnesium sulfate and then filtered. From the filtrate, the solvent was removed under reduced

pressure to obtain a solid. The solid was

recrystallized from hot methanol to obtain 1.2 g of a
light yellow solid. The analyzed values are given
below.

 $^{1}\text{H-NMR}$ (270 MHz, in CDCl₃, Based on TMS): $\delta 7.72$ (d, **25** 2H), 7.18-7.05 (m, 4H), 6.18-5.99 (s+s, 1H), 4.32-4.18

(s+s, 1H), 3.00-2.90 (s+s, 2H), 2.13-1.98 (t+s, 3H), 1.38 (s, 18H), 1.19 (s, 9H), 1.10 (d, 6H)

(2) Synthesis of dimethylmethylene(3-tert-butyl-5-methylcyclopentadienyl)(3,6-di-tert-

To a solution of 1.3 q (2.8 mmol) of 2-(3-tert-

5 butylfluorenyl)zirconium dichloride

butyl-5-methylcyclopentadienyl)-2-(3,6-di-tert-butylfluorenyl)propane in 40 ml of diethyl ether, 3.6 ml (5.8 mmol) of a hexane solution of n-butyllithium

10 was dropwise added in a nitrogen atmosphere with ice cooling, followed by stirring at room temperature for 16 hours. From the reaction mixture, the solvent was removed under reduced pressure to obtain a reddish orange solid. To the solid, 150 ml of dichloromethane

15 was added at -78°C, and they were stirred to give a solution. Then, the solution was added to a suspension of 1.0 g (2.7 mmol) of zirconium tetrachloride (THF) 2-complex in 10 ml of dichloromethane having been

for 6 hours, followed by further stirring at room

temperature for one-day and night. From the reaction—
solution, the solvent was removed under reduced

pressure to obtain an orange solid. The solid was
extracted with toluene and subjected to sellaite

cooled to -78°C, and the mixture was stirred at -78°C

25 filtration. From the filtrate, the solvent was removed

under reduced pressure, and the residue was recrystallized from diethyl ether to obtain 0.18 g of an orange solid. The analyzed values are given below.

 $^{1}\text{H-NMR}$ (270 MHz, in CDCl₃, Based on TMS): $\delta 7.98$

- 5 (dd, 2H), 7.90 (d, 1H), 7.69 (d, 1H), 7.32-7.25 (m, 2H), 6.01 (d, 1H), 5.66 (d, 1H), 2.54 (s, 3H), 2.36 (s, 3H), 2.28 (s, 1H), 1.43 (d, 18H), 1.08 (s, 9H)
 FD-MS: m/z = 612, 614, 616 (M+)
- 10 Example 4

Synthesis of cyclohexylidene(3-tert-butyl-5-methylcyclopentadienyl)(3,6-di-tert-butylfluorenyl)zirconium dichloride

- (1) Synthesis of 1-(3-tert-butyl-5-
- 15 methylcyclopentadienyl)-1-(3,6-di-tertbutylfluorenyl)cyclohexane

To a solution of 0.81 g (2.91 mmol) of 3,6-ditert-butylfluorene in 40 ml of THF, 1.91 ml (3.06 mmol) of a hexane solution of n-butyllithium was

- dropwise added in a nitrogen atmosphere at 0°C,

 followed by stirring at room temperature for 16-hours.

 To the resulting solution, a solution of 0.69 g (3.20 mmol) of 3-tert-butyl-5-methyl-6,6
 pentamethylenefulvene in 30 ml of THF was dropwise
- 25 added in a nitrogen atmosphere at 0°C, followed by

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stirring at room temperature for 16 hours, to perform reaction. After the reaction, 30 ml of water was added. The organic phase was extracted with ether and dried over anhydrous magnesium sulfate. From the resulting solution, the solvent was distilled off under reduced pressure to obtain 1.26 g of a yellow solid. The analyzed values are given below.

 $^{1}\text{H-NMR}$ (270 MHz, in CDCl3, Based on TMS): $\delta 7.64$ (d, 2H), 7.22 (d, 2H), 7.15 (d,d, 2H)), 6.10, 5.76 (1H), 3.89 (s, 1H), 2.82-2.58 (2H), 1.70 (s, 3H), 1.38 (s.

- 10 3.89 (s, 1H), 2.82-2.58 (2H), 1.70 (s, 3H), 1.38 (s, 18H), 1.09 (s, 9H), 2.26-1.25 (10H)
 - (2) Synthesis of cyclohexylidene(3-tert-butyl-5methylcyclopentadienyl)(3,6-di-tertbutylfluorenyl)zirconium dichloride
- To a solution of 1.22 g (2.47 mmol) of 1-(3-tert-butyl-5-methylcyclopentadienyl)-1-(3,6-di-tert-butylfluorenyl)cyclohexane in 50 ml of THF, 3.39 ml (5.43 mmol) of a hexane solution of n-butyllithium was dropwise added in a nitrogen atmosphere with ice
 - cooling, followed by stirring at room temperature for 16 hours. From the reaction mixture, the solvent was removed under reduced pressure to obtain a reddish orange solid. To the solid, a solution of 0.93 g (2.47 mmol) of zirconium tetrachloride (THF) 2-complex in
- 25 100 ml of dichloromethane having been cooled to -78°C

was added. The mixture was stirred and reacted while the temperature of the mixture was allowed to naturally rise to room temperature. The resulting red suspension was subjected to sellaite filtration to remove lithium chloride. Then, to the orange filtrate

was added 10 ml of toluene, and the mixture was concentrated until a solid was precipitated, followed by cooling to -20°C. The precipitated solid was recovered and then recrystallized from toluene to

10 obtain 27 mg of a red solid. The analyzed values are given below.

1H-NMR (270 MHz, in CDCl3, Based on TMS): δ8.02 (d,
1H), 7.97 (d, 1H), 7.76 (d, 1H), 7.62 (d, 1H), 7.337.29 (d,d, 2H), 6.01 (d, 1H), 5.66 (d, 1H), 3.69 (br,d,
1H), 3.29 (br,d, 1H), 2.25 (s, 3H), 2.54-1.53 (m, 8H),
1.44 (s, 9H), 1.43 (s, 9H), 1.07 (s, 9H)

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Example 5

20 Synthesis of dimethylmethylene(3-tert-butyl-5-

FD-MS: $m/z = 652, 654, 656 (M^+)$

methylcyclopentadienyl) (2,7-di-tert-

butylfluorenyl)zirconium dichloride

- (1) Synthesis of 2-(3-tert-butyl-5methylcyclopentadienyl)-2-(2,7-di-tert-
- 25 butylfluorenyl)propane

To a solution of 0.9 g (3.4 mmol) of 2,7-di-tertbutylfluorene in 30 ml of THF, 2.1 ml (3.4 mmol) of a hexane solution of n-butyllithium was dropwise added in a nitrogen atmosphere with ice cooling, followed by 5 stirring at room temperature for 6 hours. To the resulting red solution, a solution of 0.6 g (3.5 mmol) of 3-tert-butyl-5,6,6-trimethylfulvene in 15 ml of THF was dropwise added in a nitrogen atmosphere with ice cooling, followed by stirring at room temperature for 10 12 hours. Then, 30 ml of water was added. The organic phase extracted with diethyl ether and separated was dried over magnesium sulfate and then filtered. From the filtrate, the solvent was removed under reduced pressure to obtain 1.1 g of a crude product. The crude 15 product was per se used for the next reaction without being purified.

(2) Synthesis of dimethylmethylene(3-tert-butyl-5-methylcyclopentadienyl)(2,7-di-tert-butylfluorenyl)zirconium dichloride

To a solution of 0.87 g (1.92 mmol) of 2-(3-tert-butyl=5-methylcyclopentadienyl)-2-(2,7-di-tert-butylfluorenyl)propane in 50 ml of THF, 2.88 ml (4.60 mmol) of a hexane solution of n-butyllithium was dropwise added in a nitrogen atmosphere with ice

25 cooling, followed by stirring at room temperature for

16 hours. From the reaction mixture, the solvent was removed under reduced pressure to obtain a reddish orange solid. To the solid, a solution of 0.72 g (1.92 mmol) of zirconium tetrachloride (THF) 2-complex in

- 5 100 ml of dichloromethane having been cooled to -78°C was added. The mixture was stirred and reacted while the temperature of the mixture was allowed to naturally rise to room temperature. The resulting red suspension was subjected to sellaite filtration to
- 10 remove lithium chloride. Then, to the orange filtrate was added 10 ml of toluene, and the mixture was concentrated until a solid was precipitated, followed by cooling to -20°C. The precipitated solid was recovered and then recrystallized from toluene to
- 15 obtain 17 mg of a red solid. The analyzed values are given below.

 $_{\rm 1H-NMR}$ (270 MHz, in CDCl3, Based on TMS): δ 7.96 (d, 1H), δ 7.94 (s, 1H), δ 7.93 (d, 1H), 7.69 (s, 1H), 7.59 (d, 1H), 7.53 (d, 1H), 6.03 (d, 1H), 5.68 (d, 1H),

20 2.60 (s, 1H), 2.41 (s, 1H), 2.31 (s, 1H), 1.32 (s,

18H), 1.08 (s, 9H)

FD-MS: m/z = 612, 614, 616 (M⁺)

Example 6

Synthesis of dimethylmethylene(3-tert-butylcyclopentadienyl)(3,6-di-tert-butylfluorenyl)zirconium dichloride

- (1) Synthesis of 3-tert-butyl-6,6-dimethylfulvene
- To a solution of 1.53 g (13 mmol) of tertbutylcyclopentadiene in 30 ml of THF, 9.0 ml (14 mmol) of a hexane solution of n-butyllithium was dropwise added in a nitrogen atmosphere with ice cooling, followed by stirring at room temperature for one night.
- Then, 1.7 ml (16 mmol) of acetone was further added at -78°C, followed by stirring at room temperature for 2 days. To the reaction solution, water was added.

 After extraction with ether, the solvent was distilled off, and the residue was subjected to column
- chromatography (silica gel, developing solvent:

 hexane) to obtain 2.00 g of a yellow liquid (yield:

 95 %). The analyzed values are given below.

 $^{1}\text{H-NMR}$ (270 MHz, in CDCl3, Based on TMS): $\delta 6.53$ (d, 2H), 6.14 (t, 1H), 2.16 (s, 3H), 2.14 (s, 3H), 1.20 (s, 9H)

The 3-tert-6-6-dimethyl-fulvene could be synthesized also by the following process.

To a mixed solution of 1.40 g (11 mmol) of tertbutylcyclopentadiene, 8.4 ml (114 mmol) of acetone and 25 20 ml of methanol, 9.5 ml (114 mmol) of pyrrolidine

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was added with ice cooling, followed by stirring at room temperature for one night. To the reaction solution, 50 ml of water, 100 ml of ether and 3 ml of acetic acid were added with ice cooling. The separated organic phase was washed with water and dried over anhydrous sodium sulfate. After the solvent was distilled off, the residue was subjected to column chromatography (silica gel, developing solvent: hexane) to obtain 1.62 g of a yellow liquid (yield: 10 88 %).

(2) Synthesis of 2-(3-tert-butylcyclopentadienyl)-2(3,6-di-tert-butylfluorenyl)propane

To a solution of 1.98 g (7.1 mmol) of 3,6-di-tert-butylfluorene in 40 ml of ether, 4.6 ml (7.5 mmol) of a hexane solution of n-butyllithium was dropwise added in a nitrogen atmosphere with ice cooling, followed by stirring at room temperature for one night. To the resulting red solution, a solution of 1.56 g (9.6 mmol) of 3-tert-butyl-6,6-dimethylfulvene in 20 ml of ether was further dropwise added in a nitrogen atmosphere with ice cooling, followed by stirring at room temperature for one night. Then, 60 ml of water was added. The separated organic phase was dried over magnesium sulfate and then filtered. From the filtrate,

25 the solvent was removed under reduced pressure to

obtain a solid. The solid was purified by column chromatography (silica gel, developing solvent: hexane) to obtain 1.35 g of a light yellow solid (yield: 43 %). The analyzed values are given below.

- - (3) Synthesis of dimethylmethylene(3-tert-
- butylcyclopentadienyl)(3,6-di-tertbutylfluorenyl)zirconium dichloride

To a solution of 1.01 g (2.3 mmol) of 2-(3-tert-butyl-cyclopentadienyl)-2-(3,6-di-tert-butylfluorenyl) propane in 50 ml of ether, 2.9 ml (4.7 mmol) of a hexane solution of n-butyllithium was

mmol) of a hexane solution of n-butyllithium was dropwise added in a nitrogen atmosphere with ice cooling, followed by stirring at room temperature for 20 hours. To the resulting reddish orange reaction mixture having been cooled to -78°C, 0.85 g (2.3 mmol)

- of zirconium tetrachloride (THF) 2-complex was added,

 followed by stirring at room-temperature for one day

 and night. The resulting reaction mixture was

 subjected to sellaite filtration. From the filtrate,

 the solvent was removed under reduced pressure, and
- 25 the residue was recrystallized from diethyl ether to

obtain 0.91 g of an orange solid (yield: 67 %). The analyzed values are given below.

1H-NMR (270 MHz, in CDCl3, Based on TMS): δ8.02 (d,
2H), 7.74-7.65 (d+d, 2H), 7.33 (d+d, 2H), 6.11 (t, 1H),
5.73 (t, 1H), 5.53 (t, 1H), 2.32 (s, 6H), 1.44 (s,
18H), 1.16 (s, 9H)

FD-MS: m/z = 598, 600, 602 (M⁺)

Example 7

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Synthesis of dimethylmethylene(3-(1-methyl-1-cyclohexyl)cyclopentadienyl)(3,6-di-tert-butylfluorenyl)zirconium dichloride

- (1) Synthesis of (1-methyl-1cyclohexyl)cyclopentadiene
- To a solution of 6.50 g (44.5 mmol) of cyclohexylfulvene in 60 ml of THF, 44.8 ml (51.1 mmol) of an ether solution of methyllithium was dropwise added in a nitrogen atmosphere with ice cooling, followed by stirring at room temperature for one night.
- 20 After the reaction solution was diluted with 100 ml of ether, 30 ml of water was added. The separated organic phase was washed with water and a saturated saline solution, then dried over magnesium sulfate and filtered. From the filtrate, the solvent was removed under reduced pressure to obtain a liquid. The liquid

was isolated and purified by column chromatography (silica gel, developing solvent: hexane) to obtain 2.72 g (16.76 mmol) of a colorless transparent liquid (yield: 38 %). The analyzed values are given below.

10 To a solution of 2.71 g (16.7 mmol) of (1-methyl-1-cyclohexyl)cyclopentadiene in 30 ml of methanol, 25 ml (340.5 mmol) of acetone and 2.8 ml (33.5 mmol) of pyrrolidine were added with ice cooling, followed by stirring at room temperature for 3 days. After the 15 reaction solution was diluted with 100 ml of ether, 50 ml of water was added. The organic phase was separated, washed with water and a saturated saline solution, then dried over anhydrous magnesium sulfate and filtered. From the filtrate, the solvent was removed 20 under reduced pressure to obtain a liquid. The liquid was isolated and purified by column chromatography— (silica gel, developing solvent: hexane) to obtain 2.95 g (14.58 mmol) of a yellow liquid (yield: 87 %). The analyzed values are given below.

 $^{1}\text{H-NMR}$ (270 MHz, in CDCl₃, Based on TMS): δ 7.80-6.16 (m, 3H), 2.18 (d, 6H), 2.25-0.80 (m, 14H), 1.23 (s, 3H)

- (3) Synthesis of 2-(3-(1-methyl-1-
- 5 cyclohexyl)cyclopentadienyl)-2-(3,6-di-tertbutylfluorenyl)propane

To a solution of 2.64 g (9.5 mmol) of 3,6-di-tert-butylfluorene in 45 ml of THF, 6.4 ml (10.4 mmol) of a hexane solution of n-butyllithium was dropwise added

10 in a nitrogen atmosphere with ice cooling, followed by stirring at room temperature for one night. To the resulting red solution, a solution of 2.00 g (9.9 mmol) of 3-(1-methyl-1-cyclohexyl)-6,6-dimethylfulvene in 30 ml of THF was further dropwise added in a nitrogen atmosphere with ice cooling, followed by stirring at room temperature for 3 days. After the reaction solution was diluted with 100 ml of ether, 50

then dried over magnesium sulfate and filtered. From the filtrate, the solvent was removed under reduced pressure to obtain a liquid. The liquid was isolated and purified by column chromatography (silica gel, developing solvent: hexane) to obtain 1.96 g (4.08)

washed with water and a saturated saline solution,

ml of water was added. The separated organic phase was

mmol) of a white solid (yield: 43 %). The analyzed values are given below.

10 To a solution of 0.70 g (1.5 mmol) of 2-(3-(1methyl-1-cyclohexyl)cyclopentadienyl)-2-(3,6-di-tertbutylfluorenyl) propane in 30 ml of diethyl ether, 1.9 ml (3.0 mmol) of a hexane solution of n-butyllithium was dropwise added in a nitrogen atmosphere with ice 15 cooling, followed by stirring at room temperature for one night. The solution was cooled to -78 $^{\circ}$ C, and 0.53 g (1.4 mmol) of zirconium tetrachloride (THF) 2complex was added, followed by stirring at room temperature for 3 days. The reaction solution was 20 subjected to sellaite filtration in a nitrogen atmosphere. From the resulting liquid, the solvent wasremoved under reduced pressure to obtain 0.80 g (1.25 mmol) of an orange solid (yield: 85 %). The analyzed values are given below.

 $^{1}\text{H-NMR}$ (270 MHz, in CDCl₃, Based on TMS): $\delta 8.10-$ 7.10 (m, 6H), 6.16+5.75+5.58 (m+m+m, 3H), 2.44-1.14 (m, $^{1}\text{10H+3H+6H}$), 1.46 (s, 18H)

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FD-MS: m/z = 638, 640, 642 (M⁺)

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Example 8

Synthesis of dimethylmethylene(3-tert-butylcyclopentadienyl)(1,1,4,4,7,7,10,10-octamethyl-1,2,3,4,7,8,9,10-octahydrodibenzo(b,h)-

fluorenyl)zirconium dichloride

(1) Synthesis of 1,1,4,4,7,7,10,10-octamethyl-1,2,3,4,7,8,9,10-octahydrodibenzo(b,h)-fluorene

In a 500 ml three-necked flask purged with nitrogen, 9.72 g (58.6 mmol, 1 eq) of fluorene and

19.61 g (134 mmol, 2.3 eq) of 2,5-dimethyl-2,5-hexanediol were placed at room temperature. Then, 85 ml of dehydrated dichloromethane was added. After stirring by a magnetic stirrer, the mixture was cooled to -8°C with an ice bath (light brown slurry). To the

slurry, 38.9 g (292 mmol, 5.0 eq) of pulverized anhydrous aluminum chloride was added over a period of 70 minutes, followed by stirring at 0°C for 2 hours. The ice bath was removed, and the solution was stirred at room temperature for 19 hours (dark brown solution).

After disappearance of fluorene was confirmed by gas chromatography, the dark brown solution was poured into 150 ml of ice water to perform quenching (yellowish brown slurry). After the soluble component

- was extracted with 500 ml of diethyl ether, the organic phase was neutralized with a saturated sodium hydrogencarbonate aqueous solution and washed with water. The dispensed organic phase was dried over MgSO4, then the MgSO4 was filtered off, and from the
- filtrate the solvent was vacuum distilled off by a rotary evaporator. The residue was transferred onto a Kiriyama funnel, washed 6 times with 10 ml of hexane and vacuum dried to obtain a white powder (12.0 g, yield: 53 %).
- (2) Synthesis of 2-(3-tert-butylcyclopentadienyl)-2(1,1,4,4,7,7,10,10-octamethyl-1,2,3,4,7,8,9,10octahydrodibenzo(b,h)-fluorenyl)propane

To a solution of 1.55 g (4.0 mmol) of 1,1,4,4,7,7,10,10-octamethyl-1,2,3,4,7,8,9,10-

octahydrodibenzo(b,h)-fluorene in 50 ml of THF, 2.6 ml

(4.2 mmol) of a hexane solution of n-butyllithium wasdropwise added in a nitrogen atmosphere with ice
cooling, followed by stirring at room temperature for
one night. To the resulting red solution, a solution

of 0.97 g (6.0 mmol) of 3-tert-butyl-6,6-

33H), 1.00 (s, 6H)

fluorenyl) zirconium dichloride

dimethylfulvene in 25 ml of THF was further dropwise added in a nitrogen atmosphere with ice cooling, followed by stirring at room temperature for one night. Then, 60 ml of water was added. The organic phase

- 5 extracted with ether and separated was dried over magnesium sulfate and then filtered. From the filtrate, the solvent was removed under reduced pressure to obtain a solid. The solid was purified by column chromatography (silica gel, developing solvent:
- hexane) to obtain 0.95 g of a light yellow solid

 (yield: 43 %). The analyzed values are given below.

 1H-NMR (270 MHz, in CDCl3, Based on TMS): δ7.54 (d,
 2H), 7.10 (d, 2H), 6.55-5.68 (d+d, 2H), 4.06-4.02 (s+s,
 1H), 3.19-3.06 (s+s, 2H), 1.67 (s, 8H), 1.36-1.20 (m,
- (3) Synthesis of dimethylmethylene(3-tert-butylcyclopentadienyl)(1,1,4,4,7,7,10,10-octamethyl-1,2,3,4,7,8,9,10-octahydrodibenzo(b,h)-
- To a solution of 0.91 g (1.7 mmol) of 2-(3-tert-butyl-cyclopentadienyl)-2-(1,1,4,4,7,7,10,10-cotamethyl-1,2,3,4,7,8,9,10-octahydrodibenzo(b,h)-fluorenyl)propane in 50 ml of ether, 2.1 ml (3.4 mmol) of a hexane solution of n-butyllithium was dropwise added in a nitrogen atmosphere with ice cooling,

followed by stirring at room temperature for 5 days. To the resulting reddish orange reaction mixture having been cooled to $-78\,^{\circ}\text{C}$, 0.64 g (1.7 mmol) of zirconium tetrachloride (THF) 2-complex was added,

followed by stirring at room temperature for 5 days.

The resulting reaction mixture was subjected to sellaite filtration. From the filtrate, the solvent was removed under reduced pressure, and the residue was recrystallized from hexane to obtain 0.35 g of an orange solid (yield: 30 %). The analyzed values are

 1 H-NMR (270 MHz, in CDCl₃, Based on TMS): δ 7.99 (s, 2H), 7.59 (d, 2H), 6.09 (t, 1H), 5.53 (t, 1H), 5.43 (t, 1H), 2.30 (s, 6H), 1.72 (s, 8H), 1.52-1.14 (m, 33H) FD-MS: m/z = 706, 708, 710 (M⁺)

Example 9

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given below.

Synthesis of dimethylmethylene(3trimethylsilylcyclopentadienyl)(1,1,4,4,7,7,10,10octamethyl-1,2,3,4,7,8,9,10-octahydrodibenzo(b,h)-

fluorenyl)-zirconium-dichloride-

(1) Synthesis of 2-(cyclopentadienyl)-2(1,1,4,4,7,7,10,10-octamethyl-1,2,3,4,7,8,9,10octahydrodibenzo(b,h)-fluorenyl)propane

In a 200 ml three-necked flask purged with nitrogen, 3.11 g (8.04 mmol, 1 eq) of 1,1,4,4,7,7,10,10-octamethyl-1,2,3,4,7,8,9,10octahydrodibenzo(b,h)-fluorene was placed at room 5 temperature. Then, 40 ml of dehydrated THF was added, and the mixture was stirred by a magnetic stirrer to give a solution. The solution was cooled to 2°C with an ice bath (light yellow solution). To the solution, 5.2 ml (8.48 mmol, 1.05 eq) of n-BuLi (hexane 10 solution) was dropwise added over a period of 10 minutes, and 10 ml of dehydrated THF was further added. The ice bath was removed, and the mixture was stirred at room temperature for 22 hours (dark red slurry). After the slurry was cooled to 0°C with an ice bath, a 15 solution of 1.05 ml (8.54 mmol, 1.06 eq) of 6,6dimethylfulvene in 10 ml of dehydrated THF was dropwise added over a period of 15 minutes (dark red solution). The ice bath was removed, and the solution was stirred at room temperature for 23 hours. 20 resulting dark red brown solution was poured into 100 ml of a diluted hydrochloric acid solution to perform quenching. After the organic phase was washed with 100 ml of a saturated saline solution, the soluble component was extracted from the aqueous layer with 50

ml of diethyl ether. The soluble component and the

dispensed organic phase were together dried over MqSO4. then the MgSO4 was filtered off, and from the filtrate the solvent was vacuum distilled off by a rotary evaporator to obtain a yellowish orange solid. The solid was purified by silica gel column chromatography (developing solvent: hexane) to obtain a white powder (2.70 g, yield: 68 %).

 1 H-NMR (270 MHz, in CDCl₃, Based on TMS): δ 1.02, 1.04 (s, H, -CH3 of Bridge), 1,18-1.36 (m, 24H, -CH3 10 of OMOHDBFlu), 1.63-1.72 (m, 8H, -CH₂ of OMOHDBFlu), 3.08, 3.09, 3.19 (s, 2H, $-CH_2$ - of Cp), 3.97, 4.02 (s, 1H, 9-H of OMOHDBFlu), 5.90-6.97 (m, 2H, -CH- of Cp), 6.95, 7.07, 7.54 (s, 4H, Ph-H of OMOHDBFlu); OMOHDBFlu = 1,1,4,4,7,7,10,10-octamethyl-1,2,3,4,7,8,9,10-15

octahydrodibenzo(b,h)-fluorenyl

(2) Synthesis of 2-(3-trimethylsilylcyclopentadienyl)-2-(1,1,4,4,7,7,10,10-octamethyl-1,2,3,4,7,8,9,10octahydrodibenzo(b,h)-fluorenyl)propane

In a 30 ml Schlenk flask purged with nitrogen, 20 0.66 g (1.34 mmol, 1 eq) of 2-(cyclopentadienyl)-2-(1,1,4,4,7,7,10,10-octamethyl-1,2,3,4,7,8,9,10octahydrodibenzo(b,h)-fluorenyl)propane was placed at room temperature. Then, 10 ml of dehydrated THF was added, and the mixture was stirred by a magnetic 25 stirrer to give a solution. The solution was cooled

with an ice bath (light brown solution). To the solution, 0.88 ml (1.43 mmol, 1.07 eq) of n-BuLi (hexane solution) was dropwise added over a period of 1 to 2 minutes. The ice bath was removed, and the 5 solution was stirred at room temperature for 66 hours (dark violet solution). After the solution was cooled with an ice bath, 0.8 ml (6.31 mmol, 4.71 eq) of chlorotrimethylsilane was dropwise added by a syringe (reddish brown solution). The ice bath was removed, 10 and the solution was stirred at room temperature for 2.5 hours. The resulting light yellow solution was poured into 50 ml of a diluted hydrochloric acid solution to perform quenching. After the soluble component was extracted with 30 ml of diethyl ether, 15 the organic phase was washed with a saturated saline solution. The organic phase was dried over MgSO4, then the MqSO4 was filtered off, and from the filtrate the solvent was vacuum distilled off by a rotary evaporator to obtain a slightly yellow amorphous 20 product. The amorphous product was purified by silica gel column chromatography (developing solvent: hexane) to obtain 0.71 g of a white solid (yield: 93 %). ¹H-NMR (270 MHz, in CDCl₃, Based on TMS): δ -0.02

(s, 9H, -Si(CH3)3), 1.06, 1.08 (s, 6H, -CH3 of Bridge),

1.26-1.47 (m, 24H, -CH3 of OMOHDBFlu), 1.60-1.71 (m,

8H, -CH₂- of OMOHDBFlu), 3.33 (s, 1H, 1-H of Cp), 4.08 (s, 1H, 9-H of OMOHDBFlu), 5.97-6.91 (m, 2H, -CH- of fCp), 6.68, 7.46, 7.50, 7.56 (s, 4H, Ph-H of OMOHDBFlu)

In a 50 ml Schlenk flask purged with nitrogen,

5 (3) Synthesis of dimethylmethylene(3trimethylsilylcyclopentadienyl)(1,1,4,4,7,7,10,10octamethyl-1,2,3,4,7,8,9,10-octahydrodibenzo(b,h)fluorenyl)zirconium dichloride

10 0.70 g (1.24 mmol, 1 eq) of 2-(3trimethylsilylcyclopentadienyl)-2-(1,1,4,4,7,7,10,10octamethyl-1, 2, 3, 4, 7, 8, 9, 10-octahydrodibenzo (b, h) fluorenyl)propane was placed at room temperature. 23 ml of dehydrated diethyl ether was added, and the 15 mixture was stirred by a magnetic stirrer to give a solution. The solution was cooled with an ice bath (slightly yellow solution). To the solution, 1.58 ml (2.58 mmol, 2.08 eq) of n-BuLi (hexane solution) was dropwise added by a syringe. The ice bath was removed, 20 and the solution was stirred at room temperature for 20 hours (orangy red solution). From the solution, the solvent was vacuum distilled off, then 15 ml of dehydrated diethyl ether was added again, and the mixture was stirred by a magnetic stirrer to give a 25 solution. The solution was cooled with an ice bath

(orangy red solution). To the solution, 0.38 ml (0.62
mmol, 0.50 eq) of n-BuLi (hexane solution) was
dropwise added by a syringe. The ice bath was removed,
and the solution was stirred at room temperature for
20 hours (red solution). The solution was cooled with
a dry ice/methanol bath, and to the solution was added

a dry ice/methanol bath, and to the solution was added 0.43 g (1.14 mmol, 0.92 eq) of zirconium tetrachloride (THF) 2-complex. The mixture was stirred for 23 hours while allowing the dry ice to naturally disappear and

the temperature of the mixture to naturally rise. From the resulting red slurry, the volatile component was vacuum distilled off. To the residue, 30 ml of dehydrated hexane was added, and the insoluble component was filtered. The solvent of the resulting

red solution was vacuum concentrated, and the obtained solution was stored in a refrigerator to obtain 0.28 g of a red plate solid (yield: 33 %).

 $^{1}\text{H-NMR}$ (270 MHz, in CDCl3, Based on TMS): $\delta 0.11$ (s, 9H, -Si(CH3)3), 1.23-1.51 (m, 24H, -CH3 of OMOHDBFlu),

20 1.73-1.75 (m, 8H, -CH₂- of OMOHDBFlu), 2.33 (s, 6H, -CH₃ of Bridge), 5.49, 5.79, 6.30 (t, 3H, -CH--of Cp), 7.60, 7.98 (s, 4H, Ph-H of OMOHDBFlu)

 $FD-MS: m/z = 722, 724, 726 (M^+)$

given below.

Synthesis of dimethylmethylene(3-(1,1-dimethylpropyl)cyclopentadienyl)(3,6-di-tert-butylfluorenyl)zirconium dichloride

- (1) Synthesis of 6-methyl-6-ethylfulvene
- To a solution of 10.00 g (151.3 mmol) of cyclopentadiene in 30 ml of methanol, 13.6 ml (151.8 mmol) of methyl ethyl ketone and 12.8 ml (153.3 mmol) of pyrrolidine were added with ice cooling, followed by stirring at room temperature for one night. After the reaction solution was diluted with 200 ml of ether, 100 ml of water was added. The organic phase was

separated, washed with water and a saturated saline

solution, then dried over anhydrous magnesium sulfate

- and filtered. From the filtrate, the solvent was

 removed under reduced pressure to obtain a liquid. The
 liquid was subjected to vacuum distillation (7582°C/20 mmHg) to obtain 9.20 g (76.55 mmol) of a
 yellow liquid (yield: 51 %). The analyzed values are
- 20 $^{1}\text{H-NMR}$ (270 MHz, in CDCl₃, Based on TMS): $\delta 6.50$ (m, 4H), 2.55 (f, 2H), 2.20 (s, 3H), 1.18 (t, 3H)
- (2) Synthesis of (1,1-dimethylpropyl)cyclopentadiene To a solution of 8.00 g (66.6 mmol) of 6-methyl-6ethylfulvene in 40 ml of ether, 66.0 ml (75.2 mmol) of an ether solution of methyllithium was dropwise added

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in an nitrogen atmosphere with ice cooling, followed by stirring at room temperature for one night. Then, 30 ml of water was added. The separated organic phase was washed with water and a saturated saline solution, then dried over magnesium sulfate and filtered. From the filtrate, the solvent was removed under reduced pressure to obtain a liquid. The liquid was subjected to vacuum distillation (165°C/270 mmHg) to obtain 8.40 g (61.66 mmol) of a light yellow liquid (yield: 93 %). The analyzed values are given below.

 $^{1}\text{H-NMR}$ (270 MHz, in CDCl3, Based on TMS): $\delta6.55+6.41+6.26+6.14+5.96$ (m+m+m+m+m, 3H), 2.94+2.88 (m+m, 2H), 1.48 (m, 2H), 1.12 (s, 6H), 0.72 (m, 3H) (3) Synthesis of 3-(1,1-dimethylpropyl)-6,6-

15 dimethylfulvene

To a solution of 3.00 g (22.0 mmol) of (1,1-dimethylpropyl) cyclopentadiene in 30 ml of methanol, 16.2 ml (220.4 mmol) of acetone and 3.7 ml (44.0 mmol) of pyrrolidine were added with ice cooling, followed by stirring at room temperature for one night. After the reaction solution was diluted with 100 ml of ether, 50 ml of water was added. The organic phase was separated, washed with water and a saturated saline solution, then dried over anhydrous magnesium sulfate and filtered. From the filtrate, the solvent was

removed under reduced pressure to obtain a liquid. The liquid was subjected to vacuum distillation (100°C/1 mmHg) to obtain 1.85 g (10.49 mmol) of a yellow liquid (yield: 48 %). The analyzed values are given below.

- 1 H-NMR (270 MHz, in CDCl₃, Based on TMS): $\delta 6.52$ (m, 2H), 6.13 (m, 1H), 2.18 (d, 6H), 1.52 (f, 2H), 1.18 (s, 6H), 0.80 (t, 3H)
 - (4) Synthesis of 2-(3-(1,1-dimethylpropyl)cyclopentadienyl)-2-(3,6-di-tert-butylfluorenyl)propane

To a solution of 2.14 g (7.7 mmol) of 3,6-di-tert-butylfluorene in 40 ml of THF, 5.0 ml (8.1 mmol) of a hexane solution of n-butyllithium was dropwise added in a nitrogen atmosphere with ice cooling, followed by stirring at room temperature for one night. To the resulting red solution, a solution of 1.81 g (10.3 mmol) of 3-(1,1-dimethylpropyl)-6,6-dimethylfulvene in 30 ml of THF was dropwise added in a nitrogen atmosphere with ice cooling, followed by stirring at room temperature for 3 days. After the reaction solution was diluted with 100 ml of ether, 50 ml of water was added. The separated organic phase was washed with water and a saturated saline solution,

25 the filtrate, the solvent was removed under reduced

then dried over magnesium sulfate and filtered. From

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0.82 (m, 3H)

pressure to obtain a liquid. The liquid was isolated and purified by column chromatography (silica gel, developing solvent: hexane) to obtain 2.06 g (4.53 mmol) of a white solid (yield: 59 %). The analyzed values are given below.

 1 H-NMR (270 MHz, in CDCl₃, Based on TMS): δ 7.72+7.20-6.95 (s+m, 6H), 6.42+6.08+5.92+5.72 (s+s+s+s, 2H), 4.05 (d, 1H), 3.13+2.98+2.88 (s+s+s, 2H), 1.52 (m, 2H), 1.38 (s, 18H), 1.19+1.13 (d+s, 6H), 1.08 (d, 6H),

(5) Synthesis of dimethylmethylene(3-(1,1-dimethylpropyl)cyclopentadienyl)(3,6-di-tert-butylfluorenyl)zirconium dichloride

dimethylpropyl)cyclopentadienyl)-2-(3,6-di-tert-butylfluorenyl)propane in 30 ml of diethyl ether, 2.3 ml (3.8 mmol) of a hexane solution of n-butyllithium was dropwise added in a nitrogen atmosphere with ice cooling, followed by stirring at room temperature for one night. The solution was cooled to -78°C, and 0.66 g (1.8 mmol) of zirconium tetrachloride (THF)-2-complex was added, followed by stirring at room temperature for one night. The reaction solution was subjected to sellaite filtration in a nitrogen

atmosphere. From the resulting liquid, the solvent was

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removed under reduced pressure. To the reside, 10 ml of hexane was added, and the mixture was cooled to perform crystallization and thereby obtain 0.38 g (0.62 mmol) of a red solid (yield: 34 %). The analyzed values are given below.

1H-NMR (270 MHz, in CDCl3, Based on TMS):
88.02+7.70, 7.30 (t+m+m, 6H), 6.10+5.75+5.52 (t+t+t,
3H), 2.32 (d, 6H), 1.46 (s, 18H), 1.40 (f, 2H),
1.20+1.10 (s+s, 6H), 0.65 (t, 3H)

10 FD-MS: m/z = 612, 614, 616 (M⁺)

Example 11

Synthesis of dimethylmethylene(3-(1-ethyl-1-methylpropyl)cyclopentadienyl)(3,6-di-tert-butylfluorenyl)zirconium dichloride

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(1) Synthesis of 6,6-diethylfulvene

To a solution of 22.00 g (332.8 mmol) of

cyclopentadiene in 35 ml of methanol, 36.0 ml (665.1 mmol) of diethyl ketone and 28.0 ml (335.5 mmol) of pyrrolidine were added with ice cooling, followed by stirring at room temperature for one night. After the reaction solution was diluted with 200 ml of ether, 100 ml of water was added. The organic phase was separated, washed with water and a saturated saline solution, then dried over anhydrous magnesium sulfate

and filtered. From the filtrate, the solvent was removed under reduced pressure to obtain a liquid. The liquid was subjected to vacuum distillation (78-83°C/4 mmHg) to obtain 36.50 g (271.94 mmol) of a yellow liquid (yield: 82 %). The analyzed values are given

5 liquid (yield: 82 %). The analyzed values are given below.

 $^{1}\text{H-NMR}$ (270 MHz, in CDCl3, Based on TMS): $\delta 6.50$ (m, 4H), 2.55 (f, 4H), 1.18 (t, 6H)

- (2) Synthesis of (1-ethyl-1-
- 10 methylpropyl)cyclopentadiene

To a solution of 8.00 g (59.6 mmol) of 6,6-diethylfulvene in 35 ml of ether, 60.0 ml (68.4 mmol) of an ether solution of methyllithium was dropwise added in a nitrogen atmosphere with ice cooling,

- 15 followed by stirring at room temperature for one night.

 Then, 30 ml of water was added. The separated organic phase was washed with water and a saturated saline solution, then dried over magnesium sulfate and filtered. From the filtrate, the solvent was removed under reduced pressure to obtain a liquid. The liquid
 - was subjected to vacuum distillation (92°C/40-mmHg) to obtain 5.50 g (36.6 mmol) of a light yellow liquid (yield: 61 %). The analyzed values are given below.

 $^{1}\text{H-NMR}$ (270 MHz, in CDCl3, Based on TMS): $\delta6.60$ - 5.90 (m, 3H), 2.94+2.88 (f+f, 2H), 1.48 (m, 4H), 1.08 (s, 3H), 0.72 (m, 6H)

To a solution of 2.50 g (16.6 mmol) of (1-ethyl-1-mol)

- (3) Synthesis of 3-(1-ethyl-1-methylpropyl)-6,6-
- 5 dimethylfulvene

methylpropyl)cyclopentadiene in 20 ml of methanol, 8.4 ml (114.4 mmol) of acetone and 2.8 ml (33.5 mmol) of pyrrolidine were added with ice cooling, followed by stirring at room temperature for one night. After the reaction solution was diluted with 100 ml of ether, 50 ml of water was added. The organic phase was separated, washed with water and a saturated saline solution, then dried over anhydrous magnesium sulfate and

- 15 filtered. From the filtrate, the solvent was removed under reduced pressure to obtain a liquid. The liquid was isolated and purified by column chromatography (silica gel, developing solvent: hexane) to obtain 2.90 g (15.24 mmol) of a yellow liquid (yield: 92 %).
- 20 The analyzed values are given below.

 $^{1}\text{H-NMR}$ (270 MHz, in CDCl3, Based on TMS): $\delta 6.50$ (m, 2H), 6.11 (m, 1H), 2.13 (d, 6H), 1.50 (f, 4H), 1.09 (d, 3H), 0.78 (m, 6H)

(4) Synthesis of 2-(3-(1-ethyl-1methylpropyl)cyclopentadienyl)-2-(3,6-di-tertbutylfluorenyl)propane

To a solution of 1.93 g (6.9 mmol) of 3,6-di-tert
5 butylfluorene in 30 ml of THF, 4.7 ml (7.6 mmol) of a hexane solution of n-butyllithium was dropwise added in a nitrogen atmosphere with ice cooling, followed by stirring at room temperature for one night. To the resulting red solution, a solution of 1.70 g (8.9)

- dimethylfulvene in 10 ml of THF was dropwise added in a nitrogen atmosphere with ice cooling, followed by stirring at room temperature for 5 days. After the reaction solution was diluted with 100 ml of ether, 50
- ml of water was added. The separated organic phase was washed with water and a saturated saline solution, then dried over magnesium sulfate and filtered. From the filtrate, the solvent was removed under reduced pressure to obtain a liquid. The liquid was isolated
 - and purified by column chromatography (silica gel, developing solvent: hexane) to obtain 1.20 g (2.56 mmol) of a white solid (yield: 37 %). The analyzed values are given below.

 $^{1}\text{H-NMR}$ (270 MHz, in CDCl₃, Based on TMS):

25 $\delta 7.72 + 7.20 - 6.95$ (s+m, 6H), 6.42 + 6.08 + 5.92 + 5.72 (s+s+s+s,

2H), 4.05 (d, 1H), 3.13+2.98+2.88 (s+s+s, 2H), 1.52 (m,

To a solution of 0.70 g (1.5 mmol) of 2-(3-(1-

- 4H), 1.38 (s, 18H), 1.09, 1.06 (m, m, 9H), 0.80 (m, 6H)
- (5) Synthesis of dimethylmethylene(3-(1-ethyl-1-methylpropyl)cyclopentadienyl)(3,6-di-tert-
- 5 butylfluorenyl)zirconium dichloride

ethyl-1-methylpropyl)cyclopentadienyl)-2-(3,6-di-tert-butylfluorenyl)propane in 35 ml of diethyl ether, 1.9 ml (3.1 mmol) of a hexane solution of n-butyllithium was dropwise added in a nitrogen atmosphere with ice cooling, followed by stirring at room temperature for one night. The solution was cooled to -78°C, and 0.55 g (1.5 mmol) of zirconium tetrachloride (THF) 2-complex was added, followed by stirring at room

- subjected to sellaite filtration in a nitrogen atmosphere. From the resulting liquid, the solvent was removed under reduced pressure. To the residue, 5 ml of hexane was added, and the mixture was cooled to
 - perform crystallization and thereby obtain 0.33 g (0.52 mmol) of a red solid (yield: 35 %). The analyzed values are given below.

 $^{1}\text{H-NMR}$ (270 MHz, in CDCl3, Based on TMS): 88.00+7.70, 7.30 (t+m+m, 6H), 6.09+5.74+5.52 (t+t+t,

3H), 2.31 (m, 6H), 1.46 (s, 18H), 1.27 (m, 4H), 1.10 (m, 3H), 0.64 (m, 6H)

FD-MS: m/z = 626, 628, 630 (M⁺)

5 Example 12

Synthesis of dimethylmethylene(3-(1,1,3-trimethylbutyl)cyclopentadienyl)(3,6-di-tert-butylfluorenyl)zirconium dichloride

- (1) Synthesis of 6-methyl-6-isobutylfulvene
- To a solution of 10.00 g (151.3 mmol) of cyclopentadiene in 30 ml of methanol, 18.9 ml (151.1 mmol) of methyl isobutyl ketone and 12.8 ml (153.3 mmol) of pyrrolidine were added with ice cooling, followed by stirring at room temperature for one night.
- After the reaction solution was diluted with 100 ml of ether, 50 ml of water was added. The organic phase was separated, washed with water and a saturated saline solution, then dried over anhydrous magnesium sulfate and filtered. From the filtrate, the solvent was
- removed under reduced pressure to obtain a liquid. The liquid was subjected to vacuum distillation (83-88°C/10 mmHg) to obtain 15.80 g (106.58 mmol) of a yellow liquid (yield: 71 %). The analyzed values are given below.

 $^{1}\text{H-NMR}$ (270 MHz, in CDCl₃, Based on TMS): $\delta 6.50$ (m, 4H), 2.42 (d, 2H), 2.19 (s, 3H), 1.96 (m, 1H), 0.93 (d, 6H)

- (2) Synthesis of (1,1,3-trimethylbutyl)cyclopentadiene
 To a solution of 8.00 g (54.0 mmol) of 6-methyl-6-isobutylfulvene in 30 ml of ether, 54.0 ml (61.6 mmol) of an ether solution of methyllithium was dropwise added in a nitrogen atmosphere with ice cooling, followed by stirring at room temperature for 4 days.
- Then, 30 ml of water was added. The separated organic phase was washed with water and a saturated saline solution, then dried over magnesium sulfate and filtered. From the filtrate, the solvent was removed under reduced pressure to obtain a liquid. The liquid was subjected to vacuum distillation (120°C/25 mmHg) to obtain 7.10 g (43.2 mmol) of a light yellow liquid (yield: 80 %).
 - (3) Synthesis of 3-(1,1,3-trimethylbutyl)-6,6-dimethylfulvene
- To a solution of 3.00 g (18.3 mmol) of (1,1,3trimethylbutyl)cyclopentadiene in 30 ml of methanol,
 13.4 ml (182.5 mmol) of acetone and 3.1 ml (36.6 mmol)
 of pyrrolidine were added with ice cooling, followed
 by stirring at room temperature for one night. After

the reaction solution was diluted with 100 ml of ether, 50 ml of water was added. The organic phase was separated, washed with water and a saturated saline solution, then dried over anhydrous magnesium sulfate

- and filtered. From the filtrate, the solvent was removed under reduced pressure to obtain a liquid. The liquid was subjected to vacuum distillation (130°C/1 mmHg) to obtain 3.50 g (17.1 mmol) of a yellow liquid (yield: 94 %). The analyzed values are given below.

trimethylbutyl)cyclopentadienyl)-2-(3,6-di-tert-

15 butylfluorenyl)propane

To a solution of 2.16 g (7.8 mmol) of 3,6-di-tert-butylfluorene in 35 ml of THF, 5.0 ml (8.2 mmol) of a hexane solution of n-butyllithium was dropwise added in a nitrogen atmosphere with ice cooling, followed by stirring at room temperature for one night. To the resulting red solution, a solution of 2.16 g (10.6 mmol) of 3-(1,1,3-trimethylbutyl)-6,6-dimethylfulvene

25 room temperature for 5 days. After the reaction

in 10 ml of THF was dropwise added in a nitrogen

atmosphere with ice cooling, followed by stirring at

solution was diluted with 100 ml of ether, 50 ml of water was added. The separated organic phase was washed with water and a saturated saline solution, then dried over magnesium sulfate and filtered. From

5 the filtrate, the solvent was removed under reduced pressure to obtain a liquid. The liquid was isolated and purified by column chromatography (silica gel, developing solvent: hexane) to obtain 2.80 g (5.80 mmol) of a white solid (yield: 74 %). The analyzed values are given below.

 1 H-NMR (270 MHz, in CDCl₃, Based on TMS): 87.71+7.14-6.95 (s+m, 6H), 6.42+6.08+5.92+5.72 (s+s+s+s, 2H), 4.05 (d, 1H), 3.13+2.98+2.88 (s+s+s, 2H), 1.62 (m, 1H), 1.45 (m, 2H), 1.38 (s, 18H), 1.22+1.18+1.06

(5) Synthesis of dimethylmethylene(3-(1,1,3-trimethylbutyl)cyclopentadienyl)(3,6-di-tert-butylfluorenyl)zirconium dichloride

(s+s+m, 12H), 0.80 (m, 6H)

To a solution of 0.87 g (1.8 mmol) of 2-(3-(1,1,320 trimethylbutyl)cyclopentadienyl)-2-(3,6-di-tertbutylfluorenyl)propane in 35 ml of diethyl ether, 2.3
ml (3.7 mmol) of a hexane solution of n-butyllithium
was dropwise added in a nitrogen atmosphere with ice
cooling, followed by stirring at room temperature for
one night. The solution was cooled to -78°C, and 0.67

- g (1.8 mmol) of zirconium tetrachloride (THF) 2complex was added, followed by stirring at room
 temperature for 2 days. The reaction solution was
 subjected to sellaite filtration in a nitrogen
- atmosphere. From the resulting liquid, the solvent was removed under reduced pressure to obtain 0.6 g (0.93 mmol) of a red solid (yield: 52 %). The analyzed values are given below.

 1 H-NMR (270 MHz, in CDCl₃, Based on TMS):

10 δ8.00+7.70, 7.30 (t+m+m, 6H), 6.06+5.69+5.49 (t+t+t, 3H), 2.28 (m, 6H), 1.41 (s, 18H), 1.42-0.64 (m, 9H), 0.59 (m, 6H)

FD-MS: m/z = 640, 642, 644 (M⁺)

15 Example 13

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Synthesis of dimethylmethylene(3trimethylsilylcyclopentadienyl)(3,6-di-tertbutylfluorenyl)zirconium dichloride

- (1) Synthesis of 2-(cyclopentadienyl)-2-(3,6-di-tert-
- 20 butylfluorenyl)propane

To a solution of 3.0 g (10.8 mmol) of 3,6-di-tert-butylfluorene in 40 ml of THF, 7.0 ml (11.3 mmol) of a hexane solution of n-butyllithium was dropwise added in a nitrogen atmosphere with ice cooling, followed by stirring at room temperature for 6 hours. From the

reduced pressure, and the residue was washed with pentane and dried to obtain a white solid. To a solution of the solid in 30 ml of THF, a solution of 1.4 g (13.2 mmol) of 6,6-dimethylfulvene in 30 ml of THF was dropwise added in a nitrogen atmosphere with ice cooling, followed by stirring for 5 hours. Then, 30 ml of water was added. The organic phase extracted

reaction mixture, the solvent was removed under

10 magnesium sulfate and filtered. From the filtrate, the solvent was removed under reduced pressure to obtain a solid. The solid was recrystallized from methanol to obtain 2.9 g of a slightly yellow solid. The analyzed values are given below.

with diethyl ether and separated was dried over

- In a 50 ml Schlenk flask purged with nitrogen,

 1.44 g (3.74 mmol, 1 eq) of 2-(cyclopentadienyl)-2
 (3,6-di-tert-butylfluorenyl)propane was placed at room temperature. Then, 20 ml of dehydrated THF was added, and the mixture was stirred by a magnetic stirrer to

 25 give a solution. The solution was cooled with an ice

bath (light yellowish orange solution). To the solution, 2.5 ml (1.63 mmol, 1.09 eq) of n-BuLi (hexane solution) was dropwise added. The ice bath was removed, and the solution was stirred at room

- 5 temperature for 19 hours (dark red solution). The solution was cooled with an ice bath, and to the solution, 2.7 ml (21.3 mmol, 5.70 eq) of chlorotrimethylsilane was dropwise added by a syringe. The ice bath was removed, and the solution was stirred
- at room temperature for 3 hours. The resulting yellow solution was poured into 80 ml of a diluted hydrochloric acid solution to perform quenching. After the soluble component was extracted with 100 ml of diethyl ether, the organic phase was washed with 50 ml of a saturated saline solution. The organic phase was dried over MgSO4, then the MgSO4 was filtered off, and
- The solid was washed with 50 ml of methanol and vacuum dried to obtain 1.44 g a light creamy powder (yield:

from the filtrate the solvent was vacuum distilled off

by a rotary evaporator to obtain a light yellow solid.

84 %).

25

1H-NMR (270 MHz, in CDCl3, Based on TMS): δ-0.01
(s, 9H, -Si(CH3)3), 1.35, 1.39 (s, 18H, tBu of 3, 6-tBu2Flu), 1.37, 1.41 (s, 6H, -CH3 of Bridge), 3.34 (s, 1H, 1-H of Cp), 4.14 (s, 1H, 9-H of 3, 6-tBu2Flu),

6.01, 6.58, 6.87 (m, 3H, -CH- of Cp), 6.71-7.72 (m, 6H, Ph-H of 3, 6-tBu₂Flu)

- (3) Synthesis of dimethylmethylene(3-trimethylsilylcyclopentadienyl)(3,6-di-tert-
- 5 butylfluorenyl) zirconium dichloride

In a 50 ml Schlenk flask purged with nitrogen,

1.32 g (2.89 mmol, 1 eq) of 2-(3
trimethylsilylcyclopentadienyl)-2-(3,6-di-tert
butylfluorenyl)propane was placed at room temperature.

- Then, 30 ml of dehydrated diethyl ether was added, and the mixture was stirred by a magnetic stirrer to give a solution. The solution was cooled with an ice bath (creamy solution). To the solution, 3.9 ml (6.36 mmol, 2.20 eq) of n-BuLi (hexane solution) was dropwise
- added by a syringe. The ice bath was removed, and the mixture was stirred at room temperature for 27 hours (yellowish orange slurry). The slurry was cooled with a dry ice/methanol bath, and thereto was added 1.09 g (2.89 mmol, 1.00 eq) of zirconium tetrachloride (THF)
- 20 2-complex. The mixture was stirred for 22 hours while allowing the dry ice to naturally disappear and the temperature of the mixture to naturally rise to room temperature. From the resulting reddish orange slurry, the volatile component was vacuum distilled off. To
- 25 the residue, 50 ml of dehydrated hexane was added, and

then the insoluble component was filtered through a filter. To the orange powder remaining on the filter, 10 ml of dehydrated dichloromethane was added to filter the soluble component. From the resulting red solution, the solvent was vacuum distilled off to obtain an orange solid (0.74 g, yield: 42 %).

 $1_{\rm H-NMR}$ (270 MHz, in CDCl3, Based on TMS): $\delta 0.12$ (s, 9H, -Si(CH3)3), 1.44 (s, 18H, tBu of 3, 6-tBu₂Flu), 2.35 (s, 6H, -CH₃ of Bridge), 5.61, 5.96, 6.33 (t, 3H,

10 -CH- of Cp), 7.32, 7.33 (d, 2H, 1, 8-H of 3, 6-tBu₂Flu), 7.70 (m, 2H, 2, 7-H of 3, 6-tBu₂Flu), 8.01 (s, 2H, 4, 5-H of 3, 6-tBu₂Flu)

FD-MS: m/z = 614, 616, 618 (M⁺)

15 Example 14

Synthesis of dimethylmethylene(3-(1,1-dimethylbutyl)cyclopentadienyl)(3,6-di-tert-butylfluorenyl)zirconium dichloride

- (1) Synthesis of 6-methyl-6-propylfulvene
- To a solution of 10.00 g (151.3 mmol) of cyclopentadiene in 40 ml of methanol, 18.6 ml (174.2 mmol) of methyl propyl ketone and 4.5 ml (54.7 mmol) of pyrrolidine were added with ice cooling, followed by stirring at room temperature for one night. After the reaction solution was diluted with 100 ml of ether,

50 ml of water was added. The organic phase was separated, washed with water and a saturated saline solution, then dried over anhydrous magnesium sulfate and filtered. From the filtrate, the solvent was removed under reduced pressure to obtain a liquid. The liquid was subjected to vacuum distillation (70°C/1 mmHg) to obtain 12.30 g (91.64 mmol) of a yellow liquid (yield: 61 %). The analyzed values are given below.

10 1 H-NMR (270 MHz, in CDCl3, Based on TMS): $\delta 6.55$ (m, 4H), 2.56 (m, 2H), 2.23 (t, 3H), 1.67 (m, 2H), 1.00 (m, 3H)

(2) Synthesis of (1,1-dimethylbutyl)cyclopentadiene

To a solution of 7.00 g (52.2 mmol) of 6-methyl-6
15 propylfulvene in 40 ml of THF, 50.3 ml (57.3 mmol) of
an ether solution of methyllithium was dropwise added
in a nitrogen atmosphere with ice cooling, followed by
stirring at room temperature for one night. After the
reaction solution was diluted with 100 ml of ether, 30

20 ml of water was added. The separated organic phase was
washed with water and a saturated saline solution,
then dried over magnesium sulfate and filtered. From
the filtrate, the solvent was removed under reduced
pressure to obtain a liquid. The liquid was subjected

25 to vacuum distillation (75°C/5-7 mmHg) to obtain 6.40

g (42.6 mmol) of a light yellow liquid (yield: 82 %). The analyzed values are given below.

 $^{1}\text{H-NMR}$ (270 MHz, in CDCl3, Based on TMS): $\delta6.55+6.41+6.26+6.14+5.96$ (m+m+m+m, 3H), 2.94+2.88 (m+m, 2H), 1.48 (m, 2H), 1.12 (s, 6H), 1.00-0.80 (m, 5H)

(3) Synthesis of 3-(1,1-dimethylbutyl)-6,6-dimethylfulvene

To a solution of 3.00 g (20.0 mmol) of (1,1dimethylbutyl)cyclopentadiene in 30 ml of methanol, 10 14.6 ml (198.8 mmol) of acetone and 2.5 ml (29.9 mmol) of pyrrolidine were added with ice cooling, followed by stirring at room temperature for 3 days. After the reaction solution was diluted with 100 ml of ether, 50ml of water was added. The organic phase was separated, 15 washed with water and a saturated saline solution, then dried over anhydrous magnesium sulfate and filtered. From the filtrate, the solvent was removed under reduced pressure to obtain a liquid. The liquid 20 was isolated and purified by column chromatography (silica-gel, developing solvent: hexane) to obtain 2.70 g (14.19 mmol) of a yellow liquid (yield: 71 %). The analyzed values are given below.

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 $^{1}\text{H-NMR}$ (270 MHz, in CDCl3, Based on TMS): $\delta 6.51$ (m, 2H), 6.11 (m, 1H), 2.15 (d, 6H), 1.44 (m, 2H), 1.26– 1.10 (m, 2H), 1.15 (s, 6H), 0.85 (t, 3H) (4) Synthesis of 2-(3-(1.1-

5 dimethylbutyl)cyclopentadienyl)-2-(3,6-di-tertbutylfluorenyl)propane

To a solution of 1.70 g (6.1 mmol) of 3,6-di-tertbutylfluorene in 40 ml of THF, 3.9 ml (6.4 mmol) of a hexane solution of n-butyllithium was dropwise added in a nitrogen atmosphere with ice cooling, followed by stirring at room temperature for one night. To the resulting red solution, a solution of 1.22 g (6.4 mmol) of 3-(1,1-dimethylbutyl)-6,6-dimethylfulvene in35 ml of THF was dropwise added in a nitrogen atmosphere with ice cooling, followed by stirring at room temperature for one night. After the reaction solution was diluted with 100 ml of ether, 50 ml of water was added. The separated organic phase was washed with water and a saturated saline solution, then dried over magnesium sulfate and filtered. From the filtrate, the solvent was removed under reduced pressure to obtain a liquid. The liquid was isolated and purified by column chromatography (silica gel,

developing solvent: hexane) to obtain 1.73 g (3.69

mmol) of an oily liquid (yield: 61 %). The analyzed values are given below.

1H-NMR (270 MHz, in CDCl3, Based on TMS):
87.71+7.16-6.95 (s+m, 6H), 6.42-5.70 (m, 2H), 4.03 (d,
5 1H), 3.12+3.03+2.94 (s+s+s, 2H), 1.38 (s, 18H),
1.27+1.18 (m+d, 10H), 1.06 (s, 6H), 0.92 (m, 3H)
(5) Synthesis of dimethylmethylene(3-(1,1-dimethylbutyl)cyclopentadienyl)(3,6-di-tert-butylfluorenyl)zirconium dichloride

10 To a solution of 0.60 g (1.3 mmol) of 2-(3-(1,1dimethylbutyl)cyclopentadienyl)-2-(3,6-di-tertbutylfluorenyl)propane in 50 ml of diethyl ether, 1.6 ml (2.6 mmol) of a hexane solution of n-butyllithium was dropwise added in a nitrogen atmosphere with ice cooling, followed by stirring at room temperature for 15 3 days. The solution was cooled to $-78\,^{\circ}\text{C}$, and 0.46 g (1.2 mmol) of zirconium tetrachloride (THF) 2-complex was added, followed by stirring at room temperature for 4 days. The reaction solution was subjected to sellaite filtration in a nitrogen atmosphere. From the 20 resulting liquid, the solvent was removed under reduced pressure. To the residue, 15 ml of hexane was added, and the mixture was cooled to perform crystallization and thereby obtain 0.33 g (0.53 mmol)

of a red solid (yield: 43 %). The analyzed values are given below.

 $^{1}\text{H-NMR}$ (270 MHz, in CDCl3, Based on TMS): 88.01+7.70, 7.30 (t+m+m, 6H), 6.07+5.72+5.50 (t+t+t, 3H), 2.31 (d, 6H), 1.44 (s, 18H), 1.42-0.80 (m, 10H), 0.76 (t, 3H)

FD-MS: m/z = 626, 628, 630 (M⁺)

Example 15

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Synthesis of dimethylmethylene(3-tert-butylcyclopentadienyl)(2,7-di-tert-butylfluorenyl)zirconium dichloride

- (1) Synthesis of 2-(3-tert-butyl-5-methylcyclopentadienyl)-2-(2,7-di-tert-
- 15 butylfluorenyl)propane

To a solution of 2.45 g (8.80 mmol) of 2,7-di-tert-butylfluorene in 50 ml of THF, 5.67 ml (9.24 mmol) of a hexane solution of n-butyllithium was dropwise added in a nitrogen atmosphere at 0°C,

- followed by stirring at room temperature overnight. The resulting solution, a solution of 2.85 g (17.6 mmol) of 3-tert-butyl-6,6-dimethylfulvene in 30 ml of THF was successively dropwise added in a nitrogen atmosphere at 0°C, followed by stirring at room
- 25 temperature overnight to perform reaction. After the

10

reaction, 30 ml of water was added. The organic phase was extracted with ether and dried over anhydrous magnesium sulfate. From the resulting solution, the solvent was distilled off to obtain a crude yellow solid. The solid was washed with methanol to obtain 2.77 g of a powdery white solid (yield: 71.5 %). The analyzed values are given below.

 1 H-NMR (270 MHz, in CDCl₃, Based on TMS): δ 7.56 (d, 2H), 7.33-7.12 (4H), 6.59-5.68 (2H), 4.14-4.05 (1H), 3.21-3.04 (2H), 1.29 (s, 18H), 1.01 (s, 6H)

(2) Synthesis of dimethylmethylene(3-tert-butylcyclopentadienyl)(2,7-di-tert-butylfluorenyl)zirconium dichloride

To a solution of 1.0 g (2.27 mmol) of 2-(3-tert
15 butylcyclopentadienyl)-2-(2,7-di-tert
butylfluorenyl)propane in 50 ml of diethyl ether, 2.9

ml (4.65 mmol) of a hexane solution of n-butyllithium

was dropwise added in a nitrogen atmosphere at -78°C.

With stirring, the temperature of the mixture was

- allowed to naturally rise to room temperature, and the reaction was performed overnight to obtain a red solution. The solution was cooled to -78°C again, and 0.86 g (2.27 mmol) of zirconium tetrachloride (THF) 2-complex was added in a nitrogen atmosphere. The
- 25 mixture was stirred and reacted while the temperature

of the mixture was allowed to naturally rise to room temperature. The resulting red suspension was subjected to sellaite filtration to remove a white solid. Then, the orange filtrate was concentrated and dried to obtain a crude red solid. The solid was recrystallized from 5 ml of toluene to obtain 113 mg of a red solid. The analyzed values are given below. $1_{\rm H-NMR}$ (270 MHz, in CDCl3, Based on TMS): $\delta 8.00$ -

7.95 (2H), 7.72-7.58 (4H), 6.12 (t, 1H), 5.60 (t, 1H), **10** 5.56 (t, 1H), 2.36 (s, 6H), 1.34 (s, 18H), 1.14 (s, 9H)

FD-MS: $m/z = 598, 600, 602 (M^+)$

Example 16

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Synthesis of diphenylmethylene(3trimethylsilylcyclopentadienyl)(3,6-di-tertbutylfluorenyl)zirconium dichloride

- (1) Synthesis of 1-(cyclopentadienyl)-1-(3,6-di-tert-butylfluorenyl)diphenylmethane
- To a solution of 2.5 g (9.0 mmol) of 3,6-di-tert-butylfluorene in 40-ml of THF, 6.1 ml (9.8 mmol) of a hexane solution of n-butyllithium was dropwise added in a nitrogen atmosphere with ice cooling, followed by stirring at room temperature for 4 hours. The

 25 resulting solution was ice cooled again, and thereto

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was dropwise added a solution of 2.5 g (10.8 mmol) of 6,6-diphenylfulvene in 30 ml of THF in a nitrogen atmosphere, followed by stirring at room temperature for 5 hours. Then, 50 ml of water was added. The organic phase extracted with diethyl ether and separated was dried over magnesium sulfate and then

filtered. From the filtrate, the solvent was removed

under reduced pressure to obtain a solid. The solid was recrystallized from methanol to obtain 3.4 g of a slightly yellow solid. The analyzed values are given below.

 $^{1}\text{H-NMR}$ (270 MHz, in CDCl3, Based on TMS): $\delta 7.47$ (s, 2H), 7.28 (br, 4H), 7.07-7.01 (br, 10H), 6.51-6.18 (m, 3H), 5.46+5.41 (s+s, 1H), 2.94+2.86 (s+s, 2H), 1.30 (s, 18H)

(2) Synthesis of 1-(3-trimethylsilylcyclopentadienyl)1-(3,6-di-tert-butylfluorenyl)diphenylmethane
 To a solution of 0.45 g (0.88 mmol) of 1-

(cyclopentadienyl) -1-(3,6-di-tert-

20 butylfluorenyl)diphenylmethane in 30 ml of THF, 0.54 ml (0.97 mmol) of a hexane solution of n-butyllithium was dropwise added in a nitrogen atmosphere with ice cooling, followed by stirring at room temperature for 16 hours. After the resulting solution was cooled to - 78°C, a solution of 0.22 ml (1.76 mmol) of

chlorotrimethylsilane in 10 ml of THF was slowly added, followed by stirring at room temperature for 6 hours. To the reaction solution, 20 ml of water was added to terminate the reaction. The resulting solution was

5 subjected to extraction with diethyl ether, then dried over anhydrous magnesium sulfate and vacuum evaporated to dryness to obtain a yellow solid. The solid was washed with a small amount of methanol and dried under reduced pressure to obtain 0.42 g of an opaque white solid (yield: 81.8 %). The analyzed values are given

 $^{1}\text{H-NMR}$ (270 MHz, in CDCl₃, Based on TMS): $\delta 7.80$ (t, 2H), 7.63 (dd, 2H), 7.31 (ddd, 2H), 6.99 (dd, 1H), 6.50 (t, 1H), 6.44 (dd, 1H), 1.80 (d, 6H), 1.41 (d,

15 18H), (1.12 (s, 9H)

below.

(3) Synthesis of diphenylmethylene(3trimethylsilylcyclopentadienyl) (3,6-di-tertbutylfluorenyl)zirconium dichloride

To a solution of 0.58 g (1.14 mmol) of 1-(3-20 trimethylsilylcyclopentadienyl)-1-(3,6-di-tertbutylfluorenyl)diphenylmethane in 40 ml of THF, 1.47 ml (2.40 mmol) of a hexane solution of n-butyllithium was dropwise added in a nitrogen atmosphere with ice cooling, followed by stirring at room temperature for

25 8 hours. From the reaction mixture, the solvent was

removed under reduced pressure to obtain an reddish orange solid. To the solid, 100 ml of dichloromethane was added at -78°C, and they were stirred to give a solution. Then, the solution was added to a suspension of 0.44 g (1.02 mmol) of zirconium tetrachloride (THF) 2-complex in 5 ml of dichloromethane having been

2-complex in 5 ml of dichloromethane having been cooled to -78°C, followed by stirring at -78°C for 4 hours. The solution was slowly heated and stirred at room temperature for one day and night. From the

reaction solution, the solvent was removed under reduced pressure to obtain a yellowish brown solid. The solid was extracted with hexane and subjected to sellaite filtration. The filtrate was concentrated under reduced pressure and kept at -25°C to obtain an orange solid. The solid was washed with a small amount

of diethyl ether to obtain 0.19 g of a reddish orange solid. The analyzed values are given below. $$\rm 1_{H-NMR}$ (270 MHz, in CDCl3, Based on TMS): $\delta 7.80$ (t,

2H), 7.63 (dd, 2H), 7.31 (ddd, 2H), 6.99 (dd, 1H),

20 6.50 (t, 1H), 6.44 (dd, 1H), 1.80 (d, 6H), 1.41 (d, 18H), 1.12 (s, 9H)

FD-MS: m/z = 738, 740, 742 (M⁺)

Example 17

Synthesis of diphenylmethylene(3phenylcyclopentadienyl)(1,1,4,4,7,7,10,10-octamethyl1,2,3,4,7,8,9,10-octahydrodibenzo(b,h)-

fluorenyl) zirconium dichloride

5 (1) Synthesis of phenylcyclopentadiene

To 160 ml (120 mmol) of a THF solution of phenylmagnesium chloride, a solution of 8.38 ml (100 mmol) of 2-cyclopentenone in 70 ml of THF was dropwise added with ice cooling. The mixture was stirred at 0°C

- for 1 hour and then further stirred at room
 temperature for 1 hour. Then, 200 ml of an ammonium
 chloride saturated aqueous solution was added. To the
 reaction solution, diethyl ether was added to perform
 extraction. The resulting ether solution was dried
- over magnesium sulfate, and the solvent was distilled off to obtain of a crude product of phenylcyclopentenol as a gold liquid (17.5 g). In a glass tube oven, 6 g of the crude product was placed, and the product was heated at 180 to 190°C for 1 hour
- at atmospheric pressure, then cooled to room

 temperature and slowly heated (finally) to 195°C under

 reduced pressure (1 to 4 mmHg). As a result, 2.5 g of

 a white crystal was sublimed (51.3 %).

- (p), 6.65 (p), 7.58 (m), 6.43 (m), 3.38 (t), 3.19 (t), 5H)}
- (2) Synthesis of 3,6,6-triphenylfulvene
 A solution of 2.5 g (17.6 mmol) of
- phenylcyclopentadiene in 30 ml of toluene was ice cooled, and thereto was dropwise added 13.0 ml (21.1 mmol) of a hexane solution of n-butyllithium. The resulting white slurry was stirred at room temperature for one night. From the slurry, the solvent was
- filtered off to give a THF solution (brown solution).

 To the solution, a solution of 3.2 g (17.6 mmol) of benzophenone in 10 ml of THF was added, followed by stirring at room temperature for one night. After addition of water, the mixture was subjected to
- 15 extraction with diethyl ether and dried over magnesium sulfate. Then, the ether was distilled off to obtain a red viscous liquid. The liquid was purified by a silica gel column to obtain a red solid.

 1 H-NMR (270 MHz, in CDCl3, Based on TMS): δ {7.81

- 20 (d), 7.61 (d), 7.56-7.24 (m), 15H}, 7.04 (dd, 1H),

 6.59 (t, 1H), 6.46 (dd, 1H)
 - (3) Synthesis of 1-(3-phenylcyclopentadienyl)-1-(1,1,4,4,7,7,10,10-octamethyl-1,2,3,4,7,8,9,10-octahydrodibenzo(b,h)-fluorenyl)diphenylmethane

To a solution of 1.0 g (2.59 mmol) of 1,1,4,4,7,7,10,10-octamethyl-1,2,3,4,7,8,9,10octahydrodibenzo(b,h)-fluorene in 30 ml of THF, 1.75 ml (2.85 mmol) of a hexane solution of n-butyllithium 5 was dropwise added in a nitrogen atmosphere with ice cooling, followed by stirring at room temperature for 4 hours. Then, a solution of 0.92 g (3.11 mmol) of 3,6,6-triphenylfulvene in 10 ml of THF was slowly added at room temperature, followed by stirring for 15 10 hours. To the reaction solution, 20 ml of water was added to terminate the reaction. The resulting solution was subjected to extraction with diethyl ether, then dried over anhydrous magnesium sulfate and vacuum evaporated to dryness to obtain a yellow solid. 15 The solid was washed twice with a small amount of methanol and dried under reduced pressure to obtain

1.24 g of an opaque white solid (yield: 69.1 %).
 (4) Synthesis of diphenylmethylene(3 phenylcyclopentadienyl)(1,1,4,4,7,7,10,10-octamethyl20 1,2,3,4,7,8,9,10-octahydrodibenzo(b,h) fluorenyl)zirconium dichloride

To a solution of 1.20 g (1.73 mmol) of 1-(3-phenylcyclopentadienyl)-1-(1,1,4,4,7,7,10,10-octamethyl-1,2,3,4,7,8,9,10-octahydrodibenzo(b,h)-fluorenyl)diphenylmethane in 30 ml of THF, 2.23 ml

(3.63 mmol) of a hexane solution of n-butyllithium was dropwise added in a nitrogen atmosphere with ice cooling, followed by stirring at room temperature for 8 hours. From the reaction mixture, the solvent was removed under reduced pressure to obtain a reddish

- removed under reduced pressure to obtain a reddish orange solid. To the solid, 100 ml of dichloromethane was added at -78°C, and they were stirred to give a solution. Then, the solution was added to a suspension of 0.59 g (1.56 mmol) of titanium tetrachloride (THF)
- 2-complex in 5 ml of dichloromethane having been cooled to -78°C, followed by stirring at -78°C for 4 hours. The resulting solution was slowly heated and stirred at room temperature for one day and night. From the reaction solution, the solvent was removed
- under reduced pressure to obtain a yellowish brown solid. The solid was extracted with hexane and subjected to sellaite filtration. The filtrate was concentrated under reduced pressure, and a small amount of diethyl ether was added to produce an orange
- precipitate. The mother liquor was removed, and the pressure was reduced to obtain 3 mg of a reddish orange solid (yield: 2.3 %). The analyzed values are given below.

 $^{1}\text{H-NMR}$ (270 MHz, in CDCl3, Based on TMS): $\delta 8.07$ (d, 2H), 8.01 (d, 2H), 7.89 (d, 2H), 7.48 (tt, 2H), 7.33

(p, 5H), 7.26 (s, 3H), 7.18 (m, 2H), 6.49 (m, 1H), 6.24 (d, 2H), 5.74 (t, 1H), 5.66 (t, 1H), 1.73-1.52 (m, 6H), 1.47 (s, 3H), 1.42 (s, 3H), 1.39 (s, 6H), 1.24 (d, 3H), 0.97 (d, 6H), 0.84 (d, 6H)

5 FD-MS: m/z = 850, 852, 854 (M⁺)

Example 18

Synthesis of diphenylmethylene(3-

trimethylsilylcyclopentadienyl) (1,1,4,4,7,7,10,10-

octamethyl-1,2,3,4,7,8,9,10-octahydrodibenzo(b,h)fluorenyl)zirconium dichloride

(1) Synthesis of 1-(cyclopentadienyl)-1-(1,1,4,4,7,7,10,10-octamethyl-1,2,3,4,7,8,9,10octahydrodibenzo(b,h)-fluorenyl)diphenylmethane

15 In a 200 ml three-necked flask purged with nitrogen, 2.64 g (6.83 mmol, 1 eq) of 1,1,4,4,7,7,10,10-octamethyl-1,2,3,4,7,8,9,10octahydrodibenzo(b,h)-fluorene was placed at room temperature. Then, 40 ml of dehydrated THF was added, 20 and the mixture was stirred by a magnetic stirrer to give a solution. The solution was cooled with an ice bath (light yellow solution). To the solution, 4.6 ml (7.50 mmol, 1.10 eq) of a hexane solution of n-BuLiwas dropwise added over a period of 10 minutes. Then,

the ice bath was removed, and the solution was stirred 25

powder (yield: 79 %).

at room temperature for 23 hours (dark red solution). The solution was cooled to 1°C with an ice bath, and to the solution, a solution of 2.06 (8.94 mmol, 1.31 eq) of 6,6-diphenylfulvene in 20 ml of dehydrated THF 5 was dropwise added over a period of 20 minutes (dark red slurry). The ice bath was removed, and the solution was stirred at room temperature for 65 hours. The resulting dark reddish brown solution was poured into 100 ml of a diluted hydrochloric acid solution to 10 perform quenching. From the aqueous layer, the soluble component was extracted with diethyl ether, and the organic phase was washed with 100 ml of a saturated saline solution. The dispensed organic phase was dried over MgSO4, then the MgSO4 was filtered off, and from 15 the filtrate the solvent was vacuum distilled off by a rotary evaporator to obtain an orangy yellow amorphous product. The amorphous product was washed with methanol, then filtered and dried in a vacuum disiccator to obtain 3.31 g of a slightly yellow

-1H-NMR (270-MHz, in CDCl₃, Based on TMS): δ0.86--1.40 (m, 24H, -CH₃ of OMOHDBFlu), 1.60-1.62 (m, 8H, -CH₂- of OMOHDBFlu), 2.8-3.1 (br, 2H, -CH₂- of Cp), 5.37, 5.42 (s, 1H, 9-H of OMOHDBFlu), 6.0-6.6 (br, 3H,

-CH- of Cp), 6.9-7.5 (br, 14H, Ph-H of OMOHDBFlu, Ph-H of Bridge)

- (2) Synthesis of 1-(3-trimethylsilylcyclopentadienyl)-1-(1,1,4,4,7,7,10,10-octamethyl-1,2,3,4,7,8,9,10-
- 5 octahydrodibenzo(b,h)-fluorenyl)diphenylmethane

In a 30 ml Schlenk flask purged with nitrogen, 0.92 g (1.48 mmol, 1 eq) of 1-(cyclopentadienyl)-1-(1,1,4,4,7,7,10,10-octamethyl-1,2,3,4,7,8,9,10-octahydrodibenzo(b,h)-fluorenyl)diphenylmethane was placed at room temperature. Then, 20 ml of dehydrated

- placed at room temperature. Then, 20 ml of dehydrated THF was added, and the mixture was stirred by a magnetic stirrer to give a solution. The solution was cooled with an ice bath (light orangy brown solution). To the solution, 1.0 ml (1.63 mmol, 1.10 eq) of a
- hexane solution of n-BuLi was dropwise added. Then, the ice bath was removed, and the solution was stirred at room temperature for 18 hours (dark red solution). The solution was cooled with an ice bath, and to the solution, 1.05 ml (8.28 mmol, 5.59 eq) of
- chlorotrimethylsilane was dropwise added by a syringe (dark brown solution). The ice bath was removed, and the solution was stirred at room temperature for 3 hours. The resulting dark brown solution was poured into 50 ml of a diluted hydrochloric acid solution to
- 25 perform quenching. After the soluble component was

extracted with 30 ml of diethyl ether, the organic phase was washed with 50 ml of a saturated saline solution. The organic phase was dried over MgSO4, then the MgSO4 was filtered off, and from the filtrate the

- 5 solvent was vacuum distilled off by a rotary evaporator to obtain a yellowish brown amorphous product. The amorphous product was purified by silica gel column chromatography (developing solvent: hexane:dichloromethane = 19:1) to obtain 0.62 g a
- 10 light yellow amorphous product (yield: 61 %).

 1H-NMR (270 MHz, in CDCl3, Based on TMS): δ-0.22

 (s, 9H, -Si(CH3)3), 0.86-1.31 (m, 24H, -CH3 of OMOHDBFlu), 1.60-1.62 (m, 8H, -CH2- of OMOHDBFlu),

3.20 (br, 1H, 1-H of Cp), 5.52 (s, 1H, 9-H of

- OMOHDBFlu), 6.3 (br, 2H, -CH- of Cp), 6.8-7.7 (br, 14H, Ph-H of OMOHDBFlu, Ph-H of Bridge)
 - (3) Synthesis of diphenylmethylene(3-trimethylsilylcyclopentadienyl)(1,1,4,4,7,7,10,10-octamethyl-1,2,3,4,7,8,9,10-octahydrodibenzo(b,h)-
- 20 fluorenyl)zirconium dichloride

In a 50 ml Schlenk flask purged with nitrogen,

0.62 g (0.90 mmol, 1 eq) of 1-(3
trimethylsilylcyclopentadienyl)-1-(1,1,4,4,7,7,10,10
octamethyl-1,2,3,4,7,8,9,10-octahydrodibenzo(b,h)-

25 fluorenyl)diphenylmethane was placed at room

temperature. Then, 15 ml of dehydrated diethyl ether was added, and the mixture was stirred by a magnetic stirrer to give a solution. The solution was cooled with an ice bath (yellow solution). To the solution,

- 5 1.25 ml (2.04 mmol, 2.27 eq) of n-BuLi (hexane solution) was dropwise added by a syringe. Then, the ice bath was removed, and the solution was stirred at room temperature for 22 hours (orange slurry). The slurry was cooled with a dry ice/methanol bath, and
- thereto was added 20.32 g (0.86 mmol, 0.95 eq) of zirconium tetrachloride (THF) 2-complex. The mixture was stirred for 24 hours while allowing the dry ice to naturally disappear and the temperature of the mixture to naturally rise to room temperature. From the
- resulting dark brown slurry, the volatile component was vacuum distilled off. To the residue, 50 ml of dehydrated hexane was added, and then the insoluble component was filtered through a filter. The solvent of the resulting orangy brown solution was vacuum
- concentrated, and the obtained solution was stored in
 a refrigerator to obtain 0.20 g of a pink powder
 (yield: 28 %).

 $^{1}\text{H-NMR}$ (270 MHz, in CDCl3, Based on TMS): $\delta 0.12$ (s, H, -Si(CH3)3), 0.82-1.49 (m, 24H, -CH3 of OMOHDBFlu),

25 1.58-1.70 (m, 8H, -CH₂- of OMOHDBFlu), 5.49, 5.77,

6.34 (t, H, -CH- of Cp), 6.16, 6.18, 8.04 (s, 4H, Ph-H of OMOHDBFlu), 7.27-8.01 (m, 10H, Ph-H of Bridge) FD-MS: m/z = 846, 848, 850 (M⁺)

5 Example 19

Synthesis of methylphenylmethylene(3-tert-butylcyclopentadienyl)(3,6-di-tert-butylfluorenyl)zirconium dichloride

(1) Synthesis of 3-tert-butyl-6,6-methylphenylfulvene 10 To a solution of 3.78 g (30.9 mmol) of tertbutylcyclopentadiene in 35 ml of THF, 20.0 ml (32.6 mmol) of a hexane solution of n-butyllithium was dropwise added in a nitrogen atmosphere with ice cooling, followed by stirring at room temperature for 15 8 hours. To the resulting solution, a solution of 3.73g (31.0 mmol) of acetophenone in 10 ml of THF was dropwise added in a nitrogen atmosphere with ice cooling, followed by stirring at room temperature for one night. After the reaction solution was diluted with 100 ml of ether, 50 ml of water was added. 20 separated-organic phase was washed with water and a saturated saline solution, then dried over magnesium sulfate and filtered. From the filtrate, the solvent was removed under reduced pressure to obtain a liquid.

The liquid was isolated and purified by column

chromatography (silica gel, developing solvent: hexane) to obtain 1.70 g (7.58 mmol) of a red liquid (yield: 25 %). The analyzed values are given below.

5 5H), 6.63+6.53+6.23+6.16+5.81 (m+m+m+m, 3H), 2.50 (d, 3H), 1.23+1.15 (s+s, 9H)

 1 H-NMR (270 MHz, in CDCl3, Based on TMS): $\delta 7.39$ (m,

- (2) Synthesis of 1-phenyl-1-(3-tert-butylcyclopentadienyl)-1-(3,6-di-tert-butylfluorenyl)ethane
- 10 To a solution of 1.92 g (6.9 mmol) of 3,6-di-tertbutylfluorene in 30 ml of THF, 4.4 ml (7.2 mmol) of a hexane solution of n-butyllithium was dropwise added in a nitrogen atmosphere with ice cooling, followed by stirring at room temperature for one night. To the resulting red solution, a solution of 1.70 g (7.6 15 mmol) of 3-tert-butyl-6,6-methylphenylfulvene in 40 ml of THF was dropwise added in a nitrogen atmosphere with ice cooling, followed by stirring at room temperature for one night. After the reaction solution was diluted with 100 ml of ether, 50 ml of water was 20 added. The separated organic phase was washed with water and a saturated saline solution, then dried over magnesium sulfate and filtered. From the filtrate, the solvent was removed under reduced pressure to obtain a

solid. The solid was reslurried with 50 ml of methanol,

and the resulting slurry was filtered to obtain 1.0 g (1.99 mmol) of a white solid (yield: 29 %). The analyzed values are given below.

 1 H-NMR (270 MHz, in CDCl3, Based on TMS):

- 5 δ 7.71+7.63 (d+d, 5H),
 - 7.40+7.28+7.10+6.90+6.69+6.46+5.94 (t+t+m+d+d+s+m, 8H),
 - 4.86 (s, 1H), 3.13+3.05+2.96+2.88 (s+s+s+s, 2H), 1.35
 - (d, 18H), 1.20 (d, 9H), 1.00 (s, 3H)
 - (3) Synthesis of methylphenylmethylene(3-tert-
- butylcyclopentadienyl)(3,6-di-tertbutylfluorenyl)zirconium dichloride

To a solution of 0.53 g (1.1 mmol) of 1-phenyl-1- (3-tert-butylcyclopentadienyl)-1-(3,6-di-tert-butylcyclopentadienyl) butylfluorenyl) ethane in 50 ml of ether, 1.4 ml (2.3

- mmol) of a hexane solution of n-butyllithium was dropwise added in a nitrogen atmosphere with ice cooling, followed by stirring at room temperature for 2 days. To the resulting reddish orange reaction mixture having been cooled to -78°C, 0.41 g (1.1 mmol)
- of zirconium tetrachloride (THF) 2-complex was added, and the mixture was stirred at room temperature for 3 days. The resulting reaction mixture was subjected to sellaite filtration. From the filtrate, the solvent was removed under reduced pressure, and the residue
- 25 was recrystallized from diethyl ether to obtain 0.20 g

of an orange solid (yield: 28 %). The analyzed values are given below.

 1 H-NMR (270 MHz, in CDCl3, Based on TMS): $\delta 8.03$ (dd, 2H), 7.89-7.38 (m, 7H), 6.96 (dd, 1H), 6.09 (t, 5 1H), 6.07 (d, 1H), 5.68 (t, 1H), 5.65 (t, 1H), 2.46 (s, 3H), 1.47 (s, 9H), 1.37 (s, 9H), 1.22 (s, 9H) FD-MS: m/z = 660, 662, 664 (M⁺)

Example 20

Synthesis of diethylmethylene(3-tert-butylcyclopentadienyl)(3,6-di-tert-butylfluorenyl)zirconium dichloride

(1) Synthesis of 3-tert-butyl-6,6-diethylfulvene

To a THF solution of 1.53 g (13 mmol) of tert
15 butylcyclopentadiene, 9.0 ml (14 mmol) of a hexane
solution of n-butyllithium was dropwise added in a
nitrogen atmosphere with ice cooling, followed by
stirring at room temperature for one night. Then, 1.7
ml (16 mmol) of 3-pentanone was further added at -78°C,

20 followed by stirring at room temperature for 2 days.

To the reaction solution, water was added. The mixture was subjected to extraction with ether, then the solvent was distilled off, and the residue was subjected to column chromatography (silica gel, developing solvent: hexane) to obtain 1.50 g of a

yellow liquid (yield: 63 %). The analyzed values are given below.

 $^{1}\text{H-NMR}$ (270 MHz, in CDCl3, Based on TMS): $\delta 6.52$ (qd, 2H), 6.11 (t, 1H), 2.53 (qd, 4H), 1.20 (s, 9H),

- **5** 1.17-1.12 (m, 6H)
 - (2) Synthesis of 2-(3-tert-butylcyclopentadienyl)-3-(3,6-di-tert-butylfluorenyl)pentane

To a solution of 1.99 g (7.1 mmol) of 3,6-di-tert-

butylfluorene in 30 ml of THF, 4.6 ml (7.5 mmol) of a

10 hexane solution of n-butyllithium was dropwise added
in a nitrogen atmosphere with ice cooling, followed by
stirring at room temperature for one night. To the
resulting red solution, a solution of 1.50 g (7.9
mmol) of 3-tert-butyl-6,6-diethylfulvene in 30 ml of

15 THF was dropwise added in a nitrogen atmosphere with ice cooling, followed by stirring at room temperature for one night. After the reaction solution was diluted with 100 ml of ether, 50 ml of water was added. The separated organic phase was washed with water and a saturated saline solution, then dried over magnesium

saturated saline solution, then dried over magnesium sulfate and filtered. From the filtrate, the solvent was removed under reduced pressure to obtain a liquid. The liquid was isolated and purified by column chromatography (silica gel, developing solvent:

hexane) to obtain 2.34 g (4.99 mmol) of a white solid (yield: 70 %). The analyzed values are given below.

1H-NMR (270 MHz, in CDCl3, Based on TMS):

 $\delta7.65+7.26-7.12$ (d+m, 6H), 6.12-5.60 (m, 2H), 4.06 (d,

- 5 1H), 2.80 (s, 2H), 1.80 (m, 4H), 1.38 (s, 18H), 1.08 (s, 9H), 0.66 (m, 6H)
 - (3) Synthesis of diethylmethylene(3-tert-butylcyclopentadienyl)(3,6-di-tert-butylfluorenyl)zirconium dichloride
- To a solution of 0.74 g (1.7 mmol) of 3-(3-tert-butyl-cyclopentadienyl)-3-(3,6-di-tert-butylfluorenyl)pentane in 50 ml of ether, 2.2 ml (3.6 mmol) of a hexane solution of n-butyllithium was dropwise added in a nitrogen atmosphere with ice cooling, followed by stirring at room temperature for 2 days. To the resulting reddish orange reaction mixture having been cooled to -78°C, 0.66 g (1.7 mmol)
- and night. The resulting reaction mixture was subjected to sellaite filtration. From the filtrate, the solvent was removed under reduced pressure, and the residue was recrystallized from hexane to obtain 0.44 g of an orange solid (yield: 40 %). The analyzed

of zirconium tetrachloride (THF) 2-complex was added,

25 values are given below.

 1 H-NMR (270 MHz, in CDCl3, Based on TMS): $\delta 8.00$ (s, 2H), 7.70 (d, 1H), 7.64 (d, 1H), 7.32 (d, 1H), 7.31 (d, 1H), 6.10 (t, 1H), 5.71 (t, 1H), 5.50 (t, 1H), 2.76 (q, 4H), 1.43 (s, 18H), 1.26 (t, 6H), 1.14 (s, 9H) FD-MS: m/z = 626, 628, 630 (M⁺)

Example 21

5

Synthesis of cyclohexylidene(3-trimethylsilylcyclopentadienyl)(3,6-di-tert-

10 <u>butylfluorenyl)zirconium dichloride</u>

(1) Synthesis of 1-(cyclopentadienyl)-1-(3,6-di-tert-butylfluorenyl)cyclohexane

In a 200 ml two-necked flask purged with nitrogen, 1.96 g (7.04 mmol, 1 eq) of 3,6-di-tert-butylfluorene was placed at room temperature. Then, 40 ml of dehydrated THF was added, and the mixture was stirred by a magnetic stirrer to give a solution. The solution was cooled with an ice bath (colorless transparent solution). To the solution, 5.0 ml (8.15 mmol, 1.16 eq) of a hexane solution of n-BuLi was dropwise added over a period of 5 minutes. Then, the ice bath was removed, and the solution was stirred at room temperature for 21 hours (red solution). After the solution was cooled with an ice bath, a solution of

20

15

1.37 g (9.37 mmol, 1.33 eq) of 6-cyclohexylfulvene in 5 ml of dehydrated THF was dropwise added over a period of 10 minutes. The ice bath was removed, and the solution was stirred at room temperature for 42

- hours. The resulting brownish red solution was poured into 50 ml of a diluted hydrochloric acid solution to perform quenching. The soluble component was extracted from the aqueous layer with 100 ml of diethyl ether, and the organic phase was washed with 80 ml of a
- saturated saline solution. The dispensed organic phase was dried over MgSO4, then the MgSO4 was filtered off, and from the filtrate the solvent was vacuum distilled off by a rotary evaporator to obtain a brownish yellow solid. The solid was purified by silica gel column
- chromatography (developing solvent: hexane) to obtain 1.31 g of a white solid (yield: 44 %).

 $_{\rm 1H-NMR}$ (270 MHz, in CDCl3, Based on TMS): δ 1.23-1.87 (br, 10H, -CH2- of Bridge), 1.38 (s, 18H, tBu of 3, 6-tBu2Flu), 2.81, 3.02 (m, 2H, -CH2- of Cp), 3.83,

- 3.85 (s, 1H, 9-H of 3, 6-tBu₂Flu), 5.91, 5.96, 6.30, 6.43, 6.56 (m, 4H, -CH- of Cp), 7.08 (s, 2H, 1, 8-H of 3, 6-tBu₂Flu), 7.13-7.19 (m, 2H, 2, 7-H of 3, 6-tBu₂Flu), 7.66 (s, 2H, 4, 5-H of 3, 6-tBu₂Flu)
- (2) Synthesis of 1-(3-trimethylsilylcyclopentadienyl)-
- 25 1-(3,6-di-tert-butylfluorenyl)cyclohexane

In a 30 ml Schlenk flask purged with nitrogen, 0.86 g (2.02 mmol, 1 eq) of 1-(cyclopentadienyl)-1-(3,6-di-tert-butylfluorenyl)cyclohexane was placed at room temperature. Then, 12 ml of dehydrated THF was 5 added, and the mixture was stirred by a magnetic stirrer to give a solution. The solution was cooled with an ice bath (colorless transparent solution). To the solution, 1.4 ml (2.28 mmol, 1.13 eq) of n-BuLi (hexane solution) was dropwise added. Then, the ice 10 bath was removed, and the solution was stirred at room temperature for 19 hours. The solution was cooled with an ice bath, and to the solution, 1.6 ml (12.6 mmol, 6.24 eq) of chlorotrimethylsilane was dropwise added by a syringe. The ice bath was removed, and the 15 solution was stirred at room temperature for 4 hours. The resulting yellow solution was poured into 50 ml of a diluted hydrochloric acid solution to perform quenching. After the soluble component was extracted with 70 ml of diethyl ether, the organic phase was 20 washed with 50 ml of a saturated saline solution. organic phase was dried over MgSO4, then the MgSO4 was filtered off, and from the filtrate the solvent was vacuum distilled off by a rotary evaporator to obtain a yellow amorphous product. The amorphous product was purified by silica gel column chromatography

(developing solution: hexane) to obtain 0.46 g a white amorphous product (yield: 46 %).

 $^{1}\text{H-NMR}$ (270 MHz, in CDCl3, Based on TMS): δ -0.03 (s, 9H, -Si(CH3)3), 1.11-2.20 (br, 10H, -CH2- of

- 5 Bridge), 1.36, 1.38, 1.40 (s, 18H, tBu of 3, 6-tBu₂Flu), 3.20 (s, 1H, 1-H of Cp), 3.85, 3.87 (s, 1H, 9-H of 3, 6-tBu₂Flu), 5.94-6.52 (m, 3H, -CH- of Cp), 6.68-7.67 (m, 6H, Ph-H of 3, 6-tBu₂Flu)
 - (3) Synthesis of cyclohexylidene(3-
- 10 trimethylsilylcyclopentadienyl)(3,6-di-tertbutylfluorenyl)zirconium dichloride

In a 30 ml Schlenk flask purged with nitrogen, 0.46 g (0.93 mmol, 1 eq) of 1-(3-trimethylsilylcyclopentadienyl)-1-(3,6-di-tert-

- butylfluorenyl)cyclohexane was placed at room temperature. Then, 10 ml of dehydrated diethyl ether was added, and the mixture was stirred by a magnetic stirrer to give a solution. The solution was cooled with an ice bath (colorless transparent solution). To
- the solution, 1.25 ml (2.04 mmol, 2.19 eq) of a hexane solution—of n-BuLi was dropwise added by a syringe.

 Then, the ice bath was removed, and the solution was stirred at room temperature for 22 hours (reddish brown solution). The slurry was cooled with a dry
- 25 ice/methanol bath, and thereto was added 0.35 g (0.92

mmol, 0.99 eq) of zirconium tetrachloride (THF) 2complex. The mixture was stirred for 24 hours while
allowing the dry ice to naturally disappear and the
temperature of the mixture to naturally rise to room
temperature. From the resulting dark orange slurry,
the volatile component was vacuum distilled off. To
the residue, 40 ml of dehydrated hexane was added, and
then the insoluble component was filtered through a
filter. To the orangy brown powder remaining on the
filter, 5 ml of dehydrated dichloromethane was added
to filter the soluble component. From the resulting
red solution, the solvent was vacuum distilled off to
obtain 0.34 g of an orange solid (yield: 57 %).

1H-NMR (270 MHz, in CDCl3, Based on TMS): 80.12 (s,
15 9H, -Si(CH3)3), 1.44, 1.45 (s, 18H, tBu of 3, 6tBu2Flu), 1.68-3.32 (br, 10H, -CH2- of Bridge), 5.62,
5.96, 6.33 (t, 3H, -CH- of Cp), 7.34, 7.34 (d, 2H, 1,
8-H of 3, 6-tBu2Flu), 7.61, 7.65 (d, 2H, 2, 7-H of 3,
6-tBu2Flu), 8.02 (s, 2H, 4, 5-H of 3, 6-tBu2Flu)

20 FD-MS: m/z = 654, 656, 658 (M⁺)

Example 22

Synthesis of cyclopentylidene(3-tert-butylcyclopentadienyl)(3,6-di-tert-butylfluorenyl)zirconium dichloride

25

(1) Synthesis of 3-tert-butyl-6,6-cyclopentylfulvene To a THF solution of 1.53 g (13 mmol) of tertbutylcyclopentadiene, 9.0 ml (14 mmol) of a hexane solution of n-butyllithium was dropwise added in a 5 nitrogen atmosphere with ice cooling, followed by stirring at room temperature for one night. Then, 1.4 ml (16 mmol) of cyclopentanone was added at -78°C, followed by stirring at room temperature for 2 days. To the reaction solution, water was added. The mixture 10 was subjected to extraction with ether, then the solvent was distilled off, and the residue was subjected to column chromatography (silica gel, developing solvent: hexane) to obtain 1.18 g of a yellow liquid (yield: 50 %). The analyzed values are 15 given below.

 $^{1}\text{H-NMR}$ (270 MHz, in CDCl3, Based on TMS): $\delta6.48$ (dd, 1H), 6.38 (dd, 1H), 6.00 (t, 1H), 2.78-2.73 (m, 4H), 1.80-1.75 (m, 4H), 1.19 (s, 9H)

- (2) Synthesis of 1-(3-tert-butylcyclopentadienyl)-1-
- 20 (3,6-di-tert-butylfluorenyl)cyclopentane

To a solution of 1.59 g (5.7 mmol) of 3,6-di-tert-butylfluorene in 30 ml of THF, 3.7 ml (6.0 mmol) of a hexane solution of n-butyllithium was dropwise added in a nitrogen atmosphere with ice cooling, followed by stirring at room temperature for one night. To the

resulting red solution, a solution of 1.18 g (6.3 mmol) of 3-tert-butyl-6,6-cyclopentylfulvene in 30 ml of THF was dropwise added in a nitrogen atmosphere with ice cooling, followed by stirring at room

- temperature for one night. After the reaction solution was diluted with 100 ml of ether, 50 ml of water was added. The separated organic phase was washed with water and a saturated saline solution, then dried over magnesium sulfate and filtered. From the filtrate, the
- 10 solvent was removed under reduced pressure to obtain a liquid. The liquid was isolated and purified by column chromatography (silica gel, developing solvent: hexane) to obtain 1.52 g (3.26 mmol) of a white solid (yield: 57 %). The analyzed values are given below.
- - (3) Synthesis of cyclopentylidene(3-tert-
- 20 butylcyclopentadienyl)(3,6-di-tert-

butylfluorenyl)zirconium dichloride

To a solution of 0.58 g (1.3 mmol) of 1-(3-tert-butyl-cyclopentadienyl)-1-(3,6-di-tert-butylfluorenyl)cyclopentane in 50 ml of ether, 2.2 ml $^{-1}$

25 (3.6 mmol) of a hexane solution of n-butyllithium was

2 days. After the reaction suspension was filtered,
0.40 g (0.9 mmol) of the resulting solid was suspended
in 50 ml of ether. The suspension was cooled to -78°C,
and to the suspension, 0.33 g (0.9 mmol) of zirconium
tetrachloride (THF) 2-complex was added, followed by
stirring at room temperature for 5 days. The resulting
reaction mixture was subjected to sellaite filtration.

dropwise added in a nitrogen atmosphere with ice

cooling, followed by stirring at room temperature for

10 From the filtrate, the solvent was removed under reduced pressure, and the residue was recrystallized from ether to obtain 0.12 g of an orange solid (yield: 15 %). The analyzed values are given below.

1H-NMR (270 MHz, in CDCl3, Based on TMS): δ8.01 (d,
15 2H), 7.56 (d+d, 2H), 7.32 (d+d, 2H), 6.08 (t, 1H),
5.66 (t, 1H), 5.47 (t, 1H), 3.20-3.10 (m, 2H), 2.802.60 (m, 2H), 2.10-2.00 (m, 4H), 1.44 (s, 18H), 1.14
(s, 9H)

FD-MS: m/z = 624, 626, 628 (M⁺)

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Example 23

Synthesis of cyclohexylidene(3-(1,1-dimethylpropyl)cyclopentadienyl)(3,6-di-tert-butylfluorenyl)zirconium dichloride

(1) Synthesis of 3-(1,1-dimethylpropyl)-6,6-cyclohexylfulvene

To a solution of 3.00 g (29.4 mmol) of (1,1-dimethylpropyl)cyclopentadiene in 30 ml of methanol,

- 6.1 ml (58.9 mmol) of cyclohexanone and 4.9 ml (58.7 mmol) of pyrrolidine were added with ice cooling, followed by stirring at room temperature for one night. After the reaction solution was diluted with 100 ml of ether, 50 ml of water was added. The organic phase was
- separated, washed with water and a saturated saline solution, then dried over anhydrous magnesium sulfate and filtered. From the filtrate, the solvent was removed under reduced pressure to obtain a liquid. The liquid was isolated and purified by column
- chromatography (silica gel, developing solvent:

 hexane) to obtain 2.00 g (9.24 mmol) of a yellow
 liquid (yield: 31 %). The analyzed values are given
 below.

 1 H-NMR (270 MHz, in CDCl3, Based on TMS): $\delta 6.54$ (m,

- 20 2H), 6.16 (m, 1H), 2.61+1.72 (m+m, 10H), 1.50 (f, 2H),
 - 1.15 (s, 6H), 0.77 (t, 3H)
 - (2) Synthesis of 1-(3-(1,1-dimethylpropyl)cyclopentadienyl)-1-(3,6-di-tert-butylfluorenyl)cyclohexane

To a solution of 2.38 g (8.5 mmol) of 3,6-di-tertbutylfluorene in 40 ml of THF, 5.7 ml (9.2 mmol) of a hexane solution of n-butyllithium was dropwise added in a nitrogen atmosphere with ice cooling, followed by stirring at room temperature for one night. To the 5 resulting red solution, a solution of 2.00 g (9.2 mmol) of 3-(1,1-dimethylpropyl)-6,6-dimethylfulvene in30 ml of THF was dropwise added in a nitrogen atmosphere with ice cooling, followed by stirring at 10 room temperature for one night. After the reaction solution was diluted with 100 ml of ether, 50 ml of water was added. The separated organic phase was washed with water and a saturated saline solution, then dried over magnesium sulfate and filtered. From 15 the filtrate, the solvent was removed under reduced pressure to obtain a liquid. The liquid was isolated and purified by column chromatography (silica gel, developing solvent: hexane) to obtain 1.88 g (3.80 mmol) of a white solid (yield: 45 %). The analyzed 20 values are given below.

 1 H-NMR (270 MHz, in CDCl₃, Based on TMS): 87.62+7.20-7.10 (s+m, 6H), 6.85-6.55 (m, 2H), 3.83 (m, 1H), 2.75+2.65 (s+s, 2H), 2.15-1.00 (m, 12H), 1.38 (s, 18H), 1.08 (d, 6H), 0.75 (m, 3H)

(3) Synthesis of cyclohexylidene(3-(1,1-dimethylpropyl)cyclopentadienyl)(3,6-di-tert-butylfluorenyl)zirconium dichloride

To a solution of 0.70 g (1.4 mmol) of 1-(3-(1,1-5 dimethylpropyl)cyclopentadienyl)-1-(3,6-di-tertbutylfluorenyl)cyclohexane in 35 ml of diethyl ether, 1.8 ml (2.9 mmol) of a hexane solution of nbutyllithium was dropwise added in a nitrogen atmosphere with ice cooling, followed by stirring at 10 room temperature for one night. The resulting solution was cooled to -78 °C, and 0.52 g (1.4 mmol) of zirconium tetrachloride (THF) 2-complex was added, followed by stirring at room temperature for one night. The reaction solution was subjected to sellaite 15 filtration in a nitrogen atmosphere. From the resulting liquid, the solvent was removed under reduced pressure. To the residue, 10 ml of hexane was added, and the mixture was cooled. The resulting reaction solution was subjected to sellaite filtration, 20 and the filtrate was concentrated to obtain 0.45 g

(0.70 mmol) of a reddish brown solid (yield: 48 %). The analyzed values are given below.

 1 H-NMR (270 MHz, in CDCl3, Based on TMS): $\delta 8.02$ -7.10 (m, 6H), 6.10-4.40 (m, 3H), 1.46 (s, 18H), 2.90-0.70 (m, 12H), 0.65 (t, 3H)

 $FD-MS: m/z = 652, 654, 656 (M^+)$

Example 24

Synthesis of cyclopentylidene(3-tert-

butylcyclopentadienyl) (1,1,4,4,7,7,10,10-octamethyl-

1,2,3,4,7,8,9,10-octahydrodibenzo(b,h)-

fluorenyl)zirconium dichloride

- (1) Synthesis of 3-tert-butyl-6,6-tetramethylenefulvene
- To 50 ml of dehydrated methanol, 3.0 g (24.4 mmol) of 3-tert-butylcyclopentadiene and 3.24 ml (36.6 mmol) of cyclopentanone were added at 0°C, and 3.06 ml (36.6 mmol) of pyrrolidine was dropwise added at 0°C, followed by stirring at room temperature for 3 days.
- Then, 20 ml of water was added at 0°C, and the mixture was subjected to extraction with ether. The organic phase was washed with water and dried over anhydrous magnesium sulfate. Then, the solvent was distilled off to obtain a crude orange liquid.
- The liquid was purified by column chromatography (silica, hexane) to obtain 1.6 g of a desired yellow product (yield: 35.7 %). The analyzed values are given below.

 1 H-NMR (270 MHz, in CDCl₃, Based on TMS): $\delta 6.50$ -**25** 6.01 (3H), 2.77 (m, 4H), 1.78 (m, 4H), 1.20 (s, 9H)

(2) Synthesis of 1-(3-tert-butylcyclopentadienyl)-1-(1,1,4,4,7,7,10,10-octamethyl-1,2,3,4,7,8,9,10-octahydrodibenzo(b,h)-fluorenyl)cyclopentane

To a solution of 2.32 g (6.02 mmol) of

- 5 1,1,4,4,7,7,10,10-octamethyl-1,2,3,4,7,8,9,10-octahydrodibenzo(b,h)-fluorene in 40 ml of THF, 10.1 ml (6.32 mmol) of a hexane solution of n-butyllithium was dropwise added in a nitrogen atmosphere at 0°C, followed by stirring at room temperature overnight. To
- the resulting solution, a solution of 1.64 g (8.71 mmol) of 3-tert-butyl-6,6-tetramethylenefulvene in 30 ml of THF was dropwise added in a nitrogen atmosphere at 0°C, followed by stirring at room temperature overnight to perform reaction. After the reaction, 30
- 15 ml of water was added, and the mixture was subjected to extraction with ether. The organic phase was dried over anhydrous magnesium sulfate. From the resulting solution, the solvent was distilled off under reduced pressure to obtain a crude yellow solid.
- The solid was recrystallized from hexane to obtain

 2.72 g of a desired product (yield: 78.7 %). The

 analyzed values are given below.

 1 H-NMR (270 MHz, in CDCl₃, Based on TMS): δ 7.47-7.25 (4H), 5.88-5.46 (2H), 4.03-3.98 (1H), 2.70-0.94

25 (44H)

- (3) Synthesis of cyclopentylidene(3-tert-butylcyclopentadienyl)(1,1,4,4,7,7,10,10-octamethyl-1,2,3,4,7,8,9,10-octahydrodibenzo(b,h)-fluorenyl)zirconium dichloride
- To a solution of 0.95 g (1.66 mmol) of 1-(3-tert-butylcyclopentadienyl)-1-(1,1,4,4,7,7,10,10-octamethyl-1,2,3,4,7,8,9,10-octahydrodibenzo(b,h)-fluorenyl)cyclopentane in 15 ml of THF, 2.12 ml (3.39 mmol) of a hexane solution of n-butyllithium was
- dropwise added in a nitrogen atmosphere with ice cooling. The mixture was reacted overnight while allowing the temperature of the mixture to naturally rise to room temperature, to obtain a red solution.

 The solution was cooled to -78°C again, and 0.60 g
- 15 (1.60 mmol) of zirconium tetrachloride (THF) 2-complex was added in a nitrogen atmosphere. The mixture was reacted overnight while allowing the temperature of the mixture to naturally rise to room temperature similarly to the above. The resulting red suspension
- was subjected to sellaite filtration to remove a white solid. Then, the red filtrate was concentrated and dried to obtain a crude red solid. The solid was recrystallized from 5 ml of diethyl ether to obtain 116 mg of a red solid. The analyzed values are given

25 below.

 $_{\rm 1H-NMR}$ (270 MHz, in CDCl3, Based on TMS): $_{\rm 87.98}$ (2H), 7.45 (d, 2H), 6.05 (t, 1H), 5.48 (t, 1H), 5.37 (t, 1H), 3.48 (m, 4H), 2.68 (m, 4H), 2.06-0.99 (36H) FD-MS: $_{\rm M/z}$ = 732, 734, 736 (M⁺)

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Example 25

Bulk copolymerization of propylene and ethylene using dimethylmethylene(3-tert-butyl-5-

methylcyclopentadienyl)fluorenylzirconium dichloride

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In a 50 ml two-necked flask thoroughly purged with nitrogen, 0.72 mmol (in terms of aluminum) of silicasupported methylaluminoxane was suspended in 20 ml of heptane. To the suspension, a toluene solution of 0.65 mg (1.3 μ mol) of the reddish orange solid obtained in Example 1 was added, then triisobutylaluminum (0.33 mmol) and triethylaluminum (1.0 mmol) were added as alkylaluminum, and they were stirred for 30 minutes to give a catalyst suspension.

A 2000 ml autoclave thoroughly purged with

20 nitrogen was charged with 400 g of propylene and 2NL

of an ethylene gas, and the catalyst suspension was
added to perform polymerization at 60°C for 60 minutes

under a pressure of 3.0 to 3.5 MPa. Thereafter,

methanol was added to terminate the polymerization,

and propylene was purged of, to obtain a polymer. The polymer was dried under vacuum at 80°C for 6 hours. The quantity of the polymer obtained was 127 g. This polymer had Tm of 128°C, MFR of 5.5 g/10 min and a decane-soluble component quantity of 0.2 % by weight.

Example 26

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Bulk copolymerization of propylene and ethylene using dimethylmethylene(3-tert-butyl-5-

methylcyclopentadienyl)fluorenylzirconium dichloride

Copolymerization of propylene and ethylene was carried out in the same manner as in Example 25, except that the charge of ethylene was changed to 3 NL. The quantity of the polymer obtained was 146 g. This polymer had Tm of 124°C, MFR of 5.5 g/10 min and a decane-soluble component quantity of 0.3 % by weight.

Example 27

Bulk copolymerization of propylene and ethylene using dimethylmethylene(3-tert-butyl-5-

methylcyclopentadienyl)fluorenylzirconium dichloride

Polymerization was carried out in the same manner as in Example 25, except that the silica-supported methylaluminoxane was used in an amount of 0.52 mmol in terms of aluminum, and only the triethylaluminum

(1.3 mmol) was used as alkylaluminum. The quantity of the polymer obtained was 79 g. This polymer had Tm of 124° C, MFR of 7.5 g/10 min and a decane-soluble component quantity of 0.2 % by weight.

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Example 28

Bulk copolymerization of propylene and ethylene using dimethylmethylene(3-tert-butyl-5-

methylcyclopentadienyl) fluorenylzirconium dichloride

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Copolymerization of propylene and ethylene was carried out in the same manner as in Example 25, except that 0.5 NL of hydrogen was added. The quantity of the polymer obtained was 49 g. This polymer had Tm of 120°C, MFR of 65 g/10 min and a decane-soluble component quantity of 0.2 % by weight.

Example 29

Bulk copolymerization of propylene and ethylene using

dimethylmethylene(3-tert-butyl-5
methylcyclopentadienyl)(2,7-di-tert-

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25

butylfluorenyl)zirconium dichloride

Copolymerization of propylene and ethylene was carried out in the same manner as in Example 25, except that 0.8 mg of the orange solid obtained in Example 5 was used. The quantity of the polymer

obtained was 97 g. This polymer had Tm of 126°C, MFR of 2.0 g/10 min and a decane-soluble component quantity of 0.2 % by weight.

5 Example 30

Bulk copolymerization of propylene and ethylene using

dimethylmethylene(3-tert-butyl-5
methylcyclopentadienyl)(2,7-di-tert
butylfluorenyl)zirconium dichloride

Copolymerization of propylene and ethylene was carried out in the same manner as in Example 29, except that the charge of ethylene was changed to 4 NL. The quantity of the polymer obtained was 142 g. This polymer had Tm of 116°C, MFR of 4.1 g/10 min and a decane-soluble component quantity of 0.3 % by weight.

Example 31

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Bulk copolymerization of propylene and ethylene using cyclohexylidene(3-tert-butyl-5-

20 methylcyclopentadienyl) fluorenylzirconium dichloride

Copolymerization of propylene and ethylene was carried out in the same manner as in Example 25, except that 0.7 mg of the reddish brown solid obtained in Example 2 was used. The quantity of the polymer obtained was 89 g. This polymer had Tm of 126°C, MFR

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of 13.0 g/10 min and a decane-soluble component quantity of 0.2 % by weight.

Example 32

Bulk copolymerization of propylene and ethylene using cyclohexylidene(3-tert-butyl-5-

methylcyclopentadienyl)fluorenylzirconium dichloride

Copolymerization of propylene and ethylene was

carried out in the same manner as in Example 31, except that the charge of ethylene was changed to 3 NL. The quantity of the polymer obtained was 107 g. This polymer had Tm of 122°C, MFR of 18.0 g/10 min and a

decane-soluble component quantity of 0.5 % by weight.

15 Example 33

Bulk copolymerization of propylene and ethylene using

cyclohexylidene(3-tert-butyl-5
methylcyclopentadienyl)(3,6-di-tert
butylfluorenyl)zirconium dichloride

Copolymerization of propylene and ethylene was carried out in the same manner as in Example 25, except that 1.3 mg of the reddish brown solid obtained in Example 4 was used, and the charge of ethylene was changed to 4 NL. The quantity of the polymer obtained was 297 g. This polymer had Tm of 141°C, MFR of 58

g/10 min and a decane-soluble component quantity of 0.3 % by weight.

Example 34

Bulk copolymerization of propylene and ethylene using cyclohexylidene(3-tert-butyl-5-

methylcyclopentadienyl)(3,6-di-tertbutylfluorenyl)zirconium dichloride

Copolymerization of propylene and ethylene was

10 carried out in the same manner as in Example 33,

except that the charge of ethylene was changed to 5 NL.

The quantity of the polymer obtained was 284 g. This

polymer had Tm of 137°C, MFR of 97 g/10 min and a

decane-soluble component quantity of 0.6 % by weight.

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Example 35

Bulk copolymerization of propylene and ethylene using cyclohexylidene(3-tert-butyl-5-

methylcyclopentadienyl) (3,6-di-tertbutylfluorenyl) zirconium dichloride

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Copolymerization of propylene and ethylene was carried out in the same manner as in Example 33, except that the charge of ethylene was changed to 5 NL, and the polymerization temperature was changed to 50°C.

25 The quantity of the polymer obtained was 262 g. This

polymer had Tm of 137°C, MFR of 115 g/10 min, Mw of 112000, Mn of 62000, Mw/Mn of 1.8 and a decane-soluble component quantity of 0.8 % by weight. As the stereoregularity of the polymer, the mmmm was 95.7 %, the proportion of 2,1-insertion was 0.02 %, and the proportion of 1,3-insertion was 0.18 %.

Example 36

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Bulk copolymerization of propylene and ethylene using

cyclohexylidene(3-tert-butyl-5
methylcyclopentadienyl)(3,6-di-tert
butylfluorenyl)zirconium dichloride

Copolymerization of propylene and ethylene was carried out in the same manner as in Example 33,

15 except that the charge of ethylene was changed to 5 NL, and 0.5 NL of hydrogen was added. The quantity of the polymer obtained was 205 g. This polymer had Tm of 131°C, MFR of 310 g/10 and a decane-soluble component quantity of 1.0 % by weight. As the stereoregularity of the polymer, the mmmm was 95.0 %, the proportion of 2,1-insertion was 0.03 %, and the proportion of 1,3-insertion was 0.20 %.

Example 37

Pressure solution polymerization of propylene and 1butene using dimethylmethylene(3-tert-butyl-5methylcyclopentadienyl)fluorenylzirconium dichloride

A 2000 ml polymerization apparatus thoroughly

purged with nitrogen was charged with 900 ml of dry
hexane and 30 g of 1-butene at ordinary temperature.

Then, the internal temperature of the polymerization
apparatus was raised to 70°C, and the apparatus was
pressurized to 0.7 MPa with propylene. To the

- polymerization apparatus, a catalyst solution obtained by adding 0.9 mmol (in terms of aluminum) of methylaluminoxane (available from Albemarle Co.) to a toluene solution of 1.0 mg (2 μ mol) of the reddish orange solid obtained in Example 1 and
- triisobutylaluminum (1.0 mmol) were added, and polymerization was conducted for 30 minutes with maintaining the internal temperature at 70°C and the propylene pressure at 0.7 MPa. Thereafter, methanol was added to terminate the polymerization. After the
 pressure was released, a polymer was precipitated from

the polymer solution with methanol and dried under vacuum at 130°C for 12 hours. The quantity of the polymer obtained was 9.95 g. This polymer had Tm of 102.7°C and an intrinsic viscosity (η) of 0.89 dl/g.

Example 38

Polymerization was carried out in the same manner as in Example 37, except that the charge of 1-butene was changed to 60 g. The quantity of the polymer

5 obtained was 7.31 g. This polymer had Tm of 73.6°C and an intrinsic viscosity (η) of 0.94 dl/g.

Example 39

A 2000 ml polymerization apparatus thoroughly

10 purged with nitrogen was charged with 750 ml of dry
hexane and 40 g of 1-butene at ordinary temperature.

Then, the internal temperature of the polymerization
apparatus was raised to 50°C, and the apparatus was
pressurized to 0.7 MPa with propylene. To the

- polymerization apparatus, a catalyst solution obtained by adding 1.35 mmol (in terms of aluminum) of methylaluminoxane (available from Albemarle Co.) to a toluene solution of 1.5 mg (3 µmol) of the reddish orange solid obtained in Example 1 and
- 20 triisobutylaluminum (1.0 mmol) were added, and
 polymerization was conducted for 30 minutes with
 maintaining the internal temperature at 50°C and the
 propylene pressure at 0.7 MPa. Thereafter, methanol
 was added to terminate the polymerization. After the
 25 pressure was released, a polymer was precipitated from

the polymer solution with methanol and dried under vacuum at 130°C for 12 hours. The quantity of the polymer obtained was 30.0 g. This polymer had Tm of 108.1° C and an intrinsic viscosity (η) of 2.13 dl/g.

5

Example 40

Polymerization was carried out in the same manner as in Example 39, except that the charge of dry hexane was changed to 700 ml, and the charge of 1-butene was changed to 60 g. The quantity of the polymer obtained was 39.0 g. This polymer had Tm of 80.0°C and an intrinsic viscosity (η) of 1.83 dl/g.

Example 41

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purged with nitrogen was charged with 830 ml of dry hexane and 70 ml of 1-butene at ordinary temperature. Then, the internal temperature of the polymerization apparatus was raised to 40° C, and the apparatus was pressurized to 0.5 MPa with propylene. To the polymerization apparatus, a catalyst solution obtained by adding 1.35 mmol (in terms of aluminum) of methylaluminoxane (available from Albemarle Co.) to a toluene solution of 1.5 mg (3 µmol) of the reddish

A 1000 ml polymerization apparatus thoroughly

25 orange solid obtained in Example 1 and

triisobutylaluminum (1.0 mmol) were added, and polymerization was conducted for 40 minutes with maintaining the internal temperature at 40°C and the propylene pressure at 0.5 MPa. Thereafter, methanol was added to terminate the polymerization. After the pressure was released, a polymer was precipitated from the polymer solution with methanol and dried under vacuum at 130°C for 12 hours. The quantity of the polymer obtained was 25.5 g. This polymer had Tm of 100.7°C and an intrinsic viscosity (η) of 3.41 dl/g.

Example 42

Polymerization was carried out in the same manner as in Example 41, except that the charge of dry hexane was changed to 810 ml, and the charge of 1-butene was changed to 90 ml. The quantity of the polymer obtained was 23.8 g. This polymer had Tm of 90.6°C and an intrinsic viscosity (η) of 3.56 dl/g.

20 Examples 43 - 46

Films were prepared from the sample polymers obtained in Examples 39 to 42, and properties of the films were measured.

Preparation of film and properties thereof

On a press plate, an aluminum sheet of 0.1 mm thickness, a polyethylene terephthalate (PET) sheet and an aluminum sheet of 0.1 mm thickness from the center of which a square of 15cm×15cm had been cut away were superposed in this order, and on the center (cut portion) of the aluminum sheet, 3.3 g of a sample polymer was placed. Then, a PET sheet, an aluminum plate and a press plate were further superposed in this order.

10 The sample polymer interposed between the press plates was placed in a hot press at 200°C and preheated for about 7 minutes. In order to remove bubbles from the sample polymer, an operation of pressure-application (50 kg/cm²-G)/pressure-release

15 was repeated several times. Then, the pressure was finally increased to 100 kg/cm²-G, and the sample polymer was heated for 2 minutes under pressure. After the pressure was released, the press plates were taken out of the pressing machine, then transferred into a different pressing machine wherein the pressing zone

was maintained at 0° C, and cooled under a pressure of 100 kg/cm^2 -G for 4 minutes. After the pressure was released, the sample polymer was taken out. Thus, a film having a uniform thickness of about 0.15 to 0.17

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mm was obtained. The properties of the film are set forth in Table 1.

The properties of the film were measured in the following manner.

5 1. Heat sealing temperature (°C)

temperature for 1 second under a load of 2 kg/cm² to obtain a specimen having a width of 15 mm. The specimen was peeled at a peel rate of 20 mm/min and a peel angle of 180°C. The temperature wherein the peel resistance was 300 g, was taken as a heat sealing temperature.

Films were heat sealed by a heat sealer at a given

2. Anti-blocking properties (mN/cm)

Two films superposed upon each other were allowed

15 to adhere under the following conditions, and the
anti-blocking properties were measured in accordance
with ASTM-D1893.

The measurement was made after the films were allowed to stand for 24 hours under the adhesion conditions of $50\,^{\circ}\text{C}$ and a load of 10 kg.

3. ∆Haze (%)

Using a specimen of 1 mm thickness, the haze was measured by a digital haze meter DH-20D manufactured by Nippon Denshoku Kogyo K.K.

After a heat treatment of the specimen at 80°C for 3 days, the haze was further measured in the same manner as described above. The difference in haze before and after the heat treatment was taken as ΔHaze .

5 4. Static friction coefficient

The static friction coefficient was measured in accordance with ASTM-D1894.

5. Film impact strength (KJ/m)

The film impact strength was measured at 23°C in accordance with ASTM-D3420.

Table 1

	Ex. 43	Ex. 44	Ex. 45	Ex. 46
Sample polymer	Polymer obtained in Ex. 39	Polymer obtained in Ex. 40	Polymer obtained in Ex. 41	Polymer obtained in Ex. 42
Heat sealing starting tempera-ture (°C)	110	83	100	90
Anti- blocking properties (mN/cm)	3	18	1	15
∆Haze (%)	0.5	0.2	0.4	0.2
Static friction coeffi- cient	0.9	1.4	1	1.2
Film impact strength (KJ/m)	10.1	5.7	8.7	8.5

Comparative Example 1

Bulk copolymerization of propylene and ethylene using dimethylsilylenebis(2-methyl-4,5-benzoindenyl)zirconium dichloride

5 Copolymerization of propylene and ethylene was carried out in the same manner as in Example 27, except that 0.8 mg of dimethylsilylenebis(2-methyl-4,5-benzoindenyl)zirconium dichloride was used as metallocene, and the charge of ethylene was changed to 10 4 NL. The quantity of the polymer obtained was 112 q. This polymer had Tm of 132°C, MFR of 7 g/10 min, Mw/Mn of 2.9 and a decane-soluble component quantity of 0.7 % by weight. As the stereoregularity of the polymer, the mmmm was 90.4 %, the proportion of 2,1-15 insertion was 0.79 %, and the proportion of 1,3insertion was 0.11 %, so that the proportion of 2,1insertion was high.

Comparative Example 2

20 Bulk copolymerization of propylene and ethylene using

dimethylsilylenebis(2-methyl-4,5-benzoindenyl)zirconium dichloride

Copolymerization of propylene and ethylene was carried out in the same manner as in Example 27,

25 except that 0.8 mg of dimethylsilylenebis(2-methyl-

4,5-benzoindenyl)zirconium dichloride was used as metallocene, and the charge of ethylene was changed to 8 NL. The quantity of the polymer obtained was 145 g. This polymer had Tm of 120°C, MFR of 14 g/10 min,

5 Mw/Mn of 3.4 and a decane-soluble component quantity of 1.1 % by weight. As the stereoregularity of the polymer, the mmmm was 88.8 %, the proportion of 2,1-insertion was 0.69 %, and the proportion of 1,3-insertion was 0.31 %, so that the proportion of 2,1-insertion was high.

Comparative Example 3

Properties of random PP prepared using ZieglerNatta catalyst

- 15 Properties of commercially available random PP (trade name: F637, available from Grand Polymer Co.) obtained by the use of a magnesium chloride-supported titanium catalyst are as follows. This polymer had Tm of 142°C, MFR of 6 g/10 min, Mw/Mn of 6.0 and a
 - decane-soluble component quantity of 8.0 % by weight, and the value of Mw/Mn was large. As the stereoregularity of the polymer, the mmmm was 91.1 %, and none of the 2,1-insertion and the 1,3-insertion were detected.

20

Comparative Example 4

Properties of thermally decomposed product of random PP prepared using Ziegler-Natta catalyst

Commercially available random PP (trade name: F637,

available from Grand Polymer Co.) obtained by the use
of a magnesium chloride-supported titanium catalyst
was thermally decomposed under the conditions of 400°C
and 100 minutes. Properties of the thus thermally
decomposed polymer are as follows. This polymer had Tm

of 140°C, MFR of 1000 g/10 min, Mw/Mn of 2.3 and a
decane-soluble component quantity of 22 % by weight,
and the decane-soluble component quantity was large.
As the stereoregularity of the polymer, the mmmm was
92.0 %, and none of the 2,1-insertion and the 1,3-

Example 47

insertion were detected.

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Normal pressure polymerization of propylene using dimethylmethylene(3-tert-butyl-5-

methylcyclopentadienyl)(2,7-di-tert-

butylfluorenyl)zirconium dichloride

A 500 ml glass polymerization apparatus thoroughly purged with nitrogen was charged with 250 ml of dry toluene, and then propylene was bubbled to saturate the apparatus. Thereafter, a catalyst solution

obtained by adding 5 mmol (in terms of aluminum) of methylaluminoxane (available from Albemarle Co.) to a toluene solution of 2.35 mg (3.8 µmol) of the red solid obtained in Example 5 was added. With stirring, polymerization was conducted at 25°C for 60 minutes while propylene was bubbled. Thereafter, methanol and a small amount of hydrochloric acid were added to terminate the polymerization. The resulting polymer was filtered, washed with methanol and dried under vacuum at 80°C for 6 hours. The quantity of the polymer obtained was 0.50 g. This polymer had Tm of 140°C.

Example 48

Normal pressure polymerization of propylene using

dimethylmethylene(3-tert-butyl-5
methylcyclopentadienyl)(2,7-di-tert
butylfluorenyl)zirconium dichloride

Polymerization was carried out in the same manner as in Example 47, except that 10.3 mg (16.75 μmol) of the red solid obtained in Example 5 was used, and the polymerization temperature was changed to 50°C. The quantity of the polymer obtained was 6.2 g. This polymer had Tm of 138°C.

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Example 49

Normal pressure polymerization of propylene using cyclohexylidene(3-tert-butyl-5-

methylcyclopentadienyl)(3,6-di-tert-

5 butylfluorenyl)zirconium dichloride

A 500 ml glass polymerization apparatus thoroughly purged with nitrogen was charged with 250 ml of dry toluene, and then propylene was bubbled to saturate the apparatus. Thereafter, a catalyst solution obtained by adding 5 mmol (in terms of aluminum) of methylaluminoxane (available from Albemarle Co.) to a toluene solution of 3.27 mg (5.0 µmol) of the red solid obtained in Example 4 was added. With stirring, polymerization was conducted at 25°C for 30 minutes while propylene was bubbled. Thereafter, methanol and a small amount of hydrochloric acid were added to terminate the polymerization. The resulting polymer was filtered, washed with methanol and dried under vacuum at 80°C for 6 hours. The quantity of the polymer obtained was 0.9 g. This polymer had Tm of

polymer obtained was 0.9 g. This polymer had Tm of 155°C.

Example 50

Normal pressure polymerization of propylene using cyclohexylidene(3-tert-butyl-5-

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methylcyclopentadienyl) (3,6-di-tertbutylfluorenyl)zirconium dichloride

Polymerization was carried out in the same manner as in Example 49, except that the polymerization temperature was changed to 50°C. The quantity of the polymer obtained was 4.9 g. This polymer had Tm of 144°C.

Example 51

10 Normal pressure polymerization of propylene using cyclohexylidene(3-tert-butyl-5-

methylcyclopentadienyl) fluorenylzirconium dichloride

A 500 ml glass polymerization apparatus thoroughly purged with nitrogen was charged with 250 ml of dry toluene, and then propylene was bubbled to saturate the apparatus. Thereafter, a catalyst solution obtained by adding 5 mmol (in terms of aluminum) of methylaluminoxane (available from Albemarle Co.) to a toluene solution of 2.71 mg $(5.0 \mu mol)$ of the reddish

20 brown solid obtained in Example 2 was added. With stirring, polymerization was conducted at 25°C for 15 minutes while propylene was bubbled. Thereafter, methanol and a small amount of hydrochloric acid were added to terminate the polymerization. The resulting polymer was filtered, washed with methanol and dried

under vacuum at 80°C for 6 hours. The quantity of the polymer obtained was 1.3 g. This polymer had Tm of 145°C.

5 Example 52

Normal pressure polymerization of propylene using cyclohexylidene(3-tert-butyl-5-

methylcyclopentadienyl) fluorenylzirconium dichloride

Polymerization was carried out in the same manner

as in Example 51, except that the polymerization temperature was changed to 50°C. The quantity of the polymer obtained was 3.8 g. This polymer had Tm of 139°C.

15 Example 53

Normal pressure polymerization of propylene using

dimethylmethylene(3-(1-methyl-1
cyclohexyl)cyclopentadienyl)(3,6-di-tert
butylfluorenyl)zirconium dichloride

Polymerization of propylene was carried out in the same manner as in Example 47, except that 9.61 mg (5 μ mol) of the orange solid obtained in Example 7 was used. The quantity of the polymer obtained was 0.3 g. This polymer had Tm of 147°C.

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Example 54

Normal pressure polymerization of propylene using dimethylmethylene(3-(1-methyl-1-

cyclohexyl)cyclopentadienyl)(3,6-di-tert-

5 butylfluorenyl)zirconium dichloride

Polymerization was carried out in the same manner as in Example 53, except that the polymerization temperature was changed to 50°C . The quantity of the polymer obtained was 0.2 g. This polymer had Tm of 134°C .

Example 55

Normal pressure polymerization of propylene using dimethylmethylene(3-tert-

butylcyclopentadienyl) (1,1,4,4,7,7,10,10-octamethyl
1,2,3,4,7,8,9,10-octahydrodibenzo(b,h)
fluorenyl) zirconium dichloride

Polymerization of propylene was carried out in the same manner as in Example 47, except that 1.7 mg (2.5 µmol) of the orange solid obtained in Example 8 was used. The quantity of the polymer obtained was 0.3 g. This polymer had Tm of 143°C.

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Normal pressure polymerization of propylene using dimethylmethylene(3-tert-

butylcyclopentadienyl) (1,1,4,4,7,7,10,10-octamethyl-1,2,3,4,7,8,9,10-octahydrodibenzo(b,h)-

fluorenyl)zirconium dichloride

Polymerization was carried out in the same manner as in Example 55, except that the polymerization temperature was changed to 50°C. The quantity of the polymer obtained was 0.4 g. This polymer had Tm of 140°C.

Example 57

Normal pressure polymerization of propylene using dimethylmethylene(3-

trimethylsilylcyclopentadienyl) (1,1,4,4,7,7,10,10-octamethyl-1,2,3,4,7,8,9,10-octahydrodibenzo(b,h)-fluorenyl) zirconium dichloride

Polymerization of propylene was carried out in the same manner as in Example 47, except that 3.7 mg (5 µmol) of the red plate solid obtained in Example 9 was used. The quantity of the polymer obtained was 0.5 g. This polymer had Tm of 137°C.

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Normal pressure polymerization of propylene using dimethylmethylene(3-

trimethylsilylcyclopentadienyl) (1,1,4,4,7,7,10,10-octamethyl-1,2,3,4,7,8,9,10-octahydrodibenzo(b,h)-

fluorenyl)zirconium dichloride

Polymerization was carried out in the same manner as in Example 57, except that the polymerization temperature was changed to 50°C. The quantity of the polymer obtained was 1.1 g. This polymer had Tm of 142°C.

Example 59

Normal pressure polymerization of propylene using dimethylmethylene(3-(1,1-

dimethylpropyl)cyclopentadienyl)(3,6-di-tert-butylfluorenyl)zirconium dichloride

Polymerization of propylene was carried out in the same manner as in Example 47, except that 3.07 mg (5 $\,$ µmol) of the red solid obtained in Example 10 was used, and the polymerization time was changed to 45 minutes.

The quantity of the polymer obtained was 1.1 g. This polymer had Tm of $150\,^{\circ}C$.

Normal pressure polymerization of propylene using dimethylmethylene(3-(1,1-

dimethylpropyl)cyclopentadienyl)(3,6-di-tert-

butylfluorenyl)zirconium dichloride

Polymerization was carried out in the same manner as in Example 59, except that the polymerization temperature was changed to 50°C. The quantity of the polymer obtained was 0.74 g. This polymer had Tm of 138°C.

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Example 61

Normal pressure polymerization of propylene using dimethylmethylene(3-(1-ethyl-1-

methylpropyl)cyclopentadienyl)(3,6-di-tert-

butylfluorenyl)zirconium dichloride

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Polymerization of propylene was carried out in the same manner as in Example 47, except that 3.15 mg (5 $\,$ µmol) of the orange solid obtained in Example 11 was used. The quantity of the polymer obtained was 0.13 g.

20 This polymer had Tm of 142°C.

Example 62

Normal pressure polymerization of propylene using dimethylmethylene(3-(1-ethyl-1-

methylpropyl)cyclopentadienyl)(3,6-di-tertbutylfluorenyl)zirconium dichloride

Polymerization was carried out in the same manner as in Example 61, except that the polymerization temperature was changed to 50°C. The quantity of the polymer obtained was 0.02 g. This polymer had Tm of 123°C.

Example 63

Normal pressure polymerization of propylene using dimethylmethylene(3-(1,1,3-

trimethylbutyl)cyclopentadienyl) (3,6-di-tertbutylfluorenyl)zirconium dichloride

Polymerization of propylene was carried out in the same manner as in Example 47, except that 3.22 mg (5 µmol) of the reddish brown solid obtained in Example 12 was used. The quantity of the polymer obtained was 0.62 g. This polymer had Tm of 146°C.

20 Example 64

Normal pressure polymerization of propylene using

dimethylmethylene(3-(1,1,3
trimethylbutyl)cyclopentadienyl)(3,6-di-tert
butylfluorenyl)zirconium dichloride

Polymerization was carried out in the same manner as in Example 63, except that the polymerization temperature was changed to 50°C. The quantity of the polymer obtained was 1.2 g. This polymer had Tm of 136°C.

Example 65

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Normal pressure polymerization of propylene using dimethylmethylene(3-(1,1-

dimethylbutyl)cyclopentadienyl)(3,6-di-tert-butylfluorenyl)zirconium dichloride

Polymerization of propylene was carried out in the same manner as in Example 47, except that 3.14 mg (5 μ mol) of the red solid obtained in Example 14 was used. The quantity of the polymer obtained was 1.67 g. This polymer had Tm of 149°C.

Example 66

Normal pressure polymerization of propylene using dimethylmethylene(3-(1,1-

dimethylbutyl)cyclopentadienyl)(3,6-di-tert-butylfluorenyl)zirconium dichloride

Polymerization was carried out in the same manner as in Example 65, except that the polymerization temperature was changed to 50°C. The quantity of the

polymer obtained was 1.2 g. This polymer had Tm of 137°C.

Example 67

Normal pressure polymerization of propylene using dimethylmethylene(3-tert-butylcyclopentadienyl)(2,7-di-tert-butylfluorenyl)zirconium dichloride

same manner as in Example 47, except that 3.0 mg (5 $\,$ 10 $\,$ µmol) of the red solid obtained in Example 15 was used. The quantity of the polymer obtained was 1.27 g. This polymer had Tm of 140°C.

Polymerization of propylene was carried out in the

Example 68

Normal pressure polymerization of propylene using dimethylmethylene(3-tert-butylcyclopentadienyl)(2,7-di-tert-butylfluorenyl)zirconium dichloride

Polymerization was carried out in the same manner as in Example 67, except that the polymerization temperature was changed to 50°C. The quantity of the polymer obtained was 5.11 g. This polymer had Tm of 137°C.

Example 69

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Normal pressure polymerization of propylene using diphenylmethylene(3-

fluorenyl)zirconium dichloride

Polymerization of propylene was carried out in the same manner as in Example 47, except that 4.27 mg (5 $\,$ µmol) of the reddish orange solid obtained in Example 17 was used. The quantity of the polymer obtained was 0.08 g. This polymer had Tm of 105°C.

Example 70

Normal pressure polymerization of propylene using diphenylmethylene(3-

trimethylsilylcyclopentadienyl) (1,1,4,4,7,7,10,10-octamethyl-1,2,3,4,7,8,9,10-octahydrodibenzo(b,h)-

Polymerization of propylene was carried out in the same manner as in Example 47, except that 4.05 mg (5 $\,$ µmol) of the pink powder obtained in Example 18 was used. The quantity of the polymer obtained was 0.18 g. This polymer had Tm of 139°C.

fluorenyl)zirconium dichloride

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Normal pressure polymerization of propylene using diphenylmethylene(3-

trimethylsilylcyclopentadienyl) (1,1,4,4,7,7,10,10-octamethyl-1,2,3,4,7,8,9,10-octahydrodibenzo(b,h)-

fluorenyl)zirconium dichloride

Polymerization was carried out in the same manner as in Example 70, except that the polymerization temperature was changed to 50°C. The quantity of the polymer obtained was 0.64 g. This polymer had Tm of 139°C.

Example 72

Normal pressure polymerization of propylene using methylphenylmethylene(3-tert-

butylcyclopentadienyl)(3,6-di-tertbutylfluorenyl)zirconium dichloride

Polymerization of propylene was carried out in the same manner as in Example 47, except that 3.32 mg (5 µmol) of the orange solid obtained in Example 19 was used, and the polymerization time was changed to 45 minutes. The quantity of the polymer obtained was 1.16 g. This polymer had Tm of 144°C.

Normal pressure polymerization of propylene using methylphenylmethylene(3-tert-

butylcyclopentadienyl)(3,6-di-tertbutylfluorenyl)zirconium dichloride

Polymerization was carried out in the same manner as in Example 72, except that the polymerization temperature was changed to 50°C. The quantity of the polymer obtained was 8.65 g. This polymer had Tm of 144°C.

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Example 74

Normal pressure polymerization of propylene using diethylmethylene(3-tert-butylcyclopentadienyl)(3,6-di-tert-butylfluorenyl)zirconium dichloride

Polymerization of propylene was carried out in the same manner as in Example 47, except that 3.14 mg (5 µmol) of the orange solid obtained in Example 20 was used. The quantity of the polymer obtained was 0.83 g. This polymer had Tm of 150°C.

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Example 75

Normal pressure polymerization of propylene using diethylmethylene(3-tert-butylcyclopentadienyl)(3,6-di-tert-butylfluorenyl)zirconium dichloride

Polymerization was carried out in the same manner as in Example 74, except that the polymerization temperature was changed to 50°C. The quantity of the polymer obtained was 3.15 g. This polymer had Tm of 143°C.

Example 76

Normal pressure polymerization of propylene using cyclohexylidene(3-trimethylsilylcyclopentadienyl)(3,6-

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di-tert-butylfluorenyl)zirconium dichloride

Polymerization of propylene was carried out in the same manner as in Example 47, except that 3.3 mg (5 $\,$ µmol) of the orange solid obtained in Example 21 was used. The quantity of the polymer obtained was 0.58 g.

15 This polymer had Tm of 141°C.

Example 77

Normal pressure polymerization of propylene using cyclohexylidene(3-trimethylsilylcyclopentadienyl) (3,6-

20 <u>di-tert-butylfluorenyl)zirconium dichloride</u>

Polymerization was carried out in the same manner as in Example 76, except that the polymerization temperature was changed to 50°C. The quantity of the polymer obtained was 0.8 g. This polymer had Tm of

25 139°C.

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Example 78

Normal pressure polymerization of propylene using cyclopentylidene(3-tert-butylcyclopentadienyl)(3,6-di-

5 tert-butylfluorenyl)zirconium dichloride

Polymerization of propylene was carried out in the same manner as in Example 47, except that 3.13 mg (5 μ mol) of the orange solid obtained in Example 22 was used. The quantity of the polymer obtained was 0.3 g. This polymer had Tm of 146°C.

Example 79

Normal pressure polymerization of propylene using cyclopentylidene(3-tert-butylcyclopentadienyl)(3,6-di-

tert-butylfluorenyl)zirconium dichloride

Polymerization was carried out in the same manner as in Example 78, except that the polymerization temperature was changed to 50°C. The quantity of the polymer obtained was 3.1 g. This polymer had Tm of 143°C.

Example 80

Normal pressure polymerization of propylene using cyclohexylidene(3-(1,1-

dimethylpropyl)cyclopentadienyl)(3,6-di-tertbutylfluorenyl)zirconium dichloride

Polymerization of propylene was carried out in the same manner as in Example 47, except that 3.28 mg (5 pmol) of the reddish brown solid obtained in Example 23 was used. The quantity of the polymer obtained was 0.37 g. This polymer had Tm of 143°C.

Example 81

Normal pressure polymerization of propylene using cyclohexylidene(3-(1,1-

dimethylpropyl)cyclopentadienyl)(3,6-di-tertbutylfluorenyl)zirconium dichloride

Polymerization was carried out in the same manner as in Example 80, except that the polymerization temperature was changed to 50°C. The quantity of the polymer obtained was 0.19 g. This polymer had Tm of 129°C.

20 Example 82

Normal pressure polymerization of propylene using cyclopentylidene(3-tert-

butylcyclopentadienyl) (1,1,4,4,7,7,10,10-octamethyl-

1,2,3,4,7,8,9,10-octahydrodibenzo(b,h)-

25 <u>fluorenyl)zirconium dichloride</u>

Polymerization of propylene was carried out in the same manner as in Example 47, except that 3.67 mg (5 $\,$ µmol) of the red solid obtained in Example 24 was used. The quantity of the polymer obtained was 0.33 g.

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Example 83

Normal pressure polymerization of propylene using cyclopentylidene(3-tert-

butylcyclopentadienyl) (1,1,4,4,7,7,10,10-octamethyl-

1,2,3,4,7,8,9,10-octahydrodibenzo(b,h)-

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fluorenyl)zirconium dichloride

Polymerization was carried out in the same manner as in Example 82, except that the polymerization temperature was changed to 50°C. The quantity of the polymer obtained was 0.37 g.

Example 84

Bulk polymerization of propylene using cyclohexylidene(3-tert-butyl-5-

20 methylcyclopentadienyl)fluorenylzirconium dichloride

In a 50 ml two-necked flask thoroughly purged with nitrogen, 2.0 mmol (in terms of aluminum) of silicasupported methylaluminoxane was suspended in 20 ml of heptane. To the suspension, a toluene solution of 1.1 mg (2 μ mol) of the reddish brown solid obtained in

Example 2 was added, then triisobutylaluminum (1 mmol) was added, and they were stirred for 30 minutes to give a catalyst suspension.

A 2000 ml autoclave thoroughly purged with

nitrogen was charged with 500 g of propylene, and the catalyst suspension was added to perform polymerization at 70°C for 40 minutes under a pressure of 3.0 to 3.5 MPa. Thereafter, methanol was added to terminate the polymerization, and propylene was purged of, to obtain a polymer. The polymer was dried under vacuum at 80°C for 6 hours. The quantity of the polymer obtained was 103 g. This polymer had Tm of 139°C, MFR of 1.2 g/10 min, Mw of 348000, Mn of 184000, Mw/Mn of 1.9 and a decane-soluble component quantity of 0.5 % by weight.

Example 85

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Bulk polymerization of propylene using cyclohexylidene(3-tert-butyl-5-

20 methylcyclopentadienyl)fluorenylzirconium dichloride

Polymerization of propylene was carried out in the same manner as in Example 84, except that 2 NL of hydrogen was added. The quantity of the polymer obtained was 55 g. This polymer had Tm of 141°C, MFR of 1000 g/10 min, Mw of 69000, Mn of 30000, Mw/Mn of

2.3 and a decane-soluble component quantity of 0.8 % by weight. As the stereoregularity of the polymer, the mmmm was 85.8 %, the proportion of 2,1-insertion was 0.08 %, and the proportion of 1,3-insertion was 0.02 %.

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Example 86

Bulk polymerization of propylene using cyclohexylidene(3-tert-butyl-5 methylcyclopentadienyl)(3,6-di-tert butylfluorenyl)zirconium dichloride

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Polymerization of propylene was carried out in the same manner as in Example 84, except that 1.3 mg (2 µmol) of the red solid obtained in Example 4 was used. The quantity of the polymer obtained was 49 g. This polymer had Tm of 155°C, MFR of 1.6 g/10 min, Mw of 357000, Mn of 193000, Mw/Mn of 1.8 and a decanesoluble component quantity of 0.3 % by weight.

Example 87

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Bulk polymerization of propylene using

cyclohexylidene(3-tert-butyl-5-

methylcyclopentadienyl)(3,6-di-tertbutylfluorenyl)zirconium dichloride

Polymerization of propylene was carried out in the same manner as in Example 86, except that 1 NL of

hydrogen was added. The quantity of the polymer obtained was 328 g. This polymer had Tm of 156°C, MFR of 150 g/10 min, Mw of 117000, Mn of 52000, Mw/Mn of 2.3 and a decane-soluble component quantity of 0.1 % by weight. As the stereoregularity of the polymer, the mmmm was 95.6 %, and none of the 2,1-insertion and the 1,3-insertion were detected.

Example 88

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Bulk polymerization of propylene using cyclohexylidene(3-tert-butyl-5 methylcyclopentadienyl)(3,6-di-tert butylfluorenyl)zirconium dichloride

Polymerization of propylene was carried out in the

same manner as in Example 86, except that 1 NL of
hydrogen was added, and the polymerization temperature
was changed to 60°C. The quantity of the polymer
obtained was 252 g. This polymer had Tm of 158°C, MFR
of 210 g/10 min, Mw of 97000, Mn of 45000, Mw/Mn of

20 2.1 and a decane-soluble component quantity of 0.1 %
by weight. As the stereoregularity of the polymer, the
mmmmm was 97.0 %, and none of the 2,1-insertion and the

25 Example 89

1,3-insertion were detected.

Bulk polymerization of propylene using

cyclohexylidene(3-tert-butyl-5
methylcyclopentadienyl)(3,6-di-tert
butylfluorenyl)zirconium dichloride

Polymerization of propylene was carried out in the same manner as in Example 86, except that 0.5 NL of hydrogen was added, and triethylaluminum (1 mmol) was used instead of triisobutylaluminum (1 mmol). The quantity of the polymer obtained was 295 g. This polymer had Tm of 157°C, MFR of 42 g/10 min, Mw of 147000, Mn of 71000, Mw/Mn of 2.1 and a decane-soluble component quantity of 0.1 % by weight.

Example 90

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Bulk polymerization of propylene using

dimethylmethylene(3-tert-butyl-5
methylcyclopentadienyl)(2,7-di-tert
butylfluorenyl)zirconium dichloride

Polymerization of propylene was carried out in the same manner as in Example 84, except that 1.2 mg (2 µmol) of the red solid obtained in Example 5 was used. The quantity of the polymer obtained was 41 g. This polymer had Tm of 141°C, MFR of 0.05 g/10 min, Mw of 524000, Mn of 274000, Mw/Mn of 1.9 and a decane-soluble component quantity of 0.1 % by weight. As the

stereoregularity of the polymer, the mmmm was 88.4 %, the proportion of 2,1-insertion was 0.04 %, and the proportion of 1,3-insertion was 0.07 %.

5 Example 91

Bulk polymerization of propylene using dimethylmethylene(3-(1-methyl-1 cyclohexyl)cyclopentadienyl)(3,6-di-tert butylfluorenyl)zirconium dichloride

Polymerization of propylene was carried out in the same manner as in Example 84, except that 4.5 mg (7 µmol) of the orange solid obtained in Example 7 was used. The quantity of the polymer obtained was 33 g.

This polymer had Tm of 146°C, MFR of 60 g/10 min, Mw

of 115000, Mn of 67000, Mw/Mn of 1.7 and a decane—soluble component quantity of 0.7 % by weight.

Example 92

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Bulk polymerization of propylene using dimethylmethylene(3-(1-methyl-1-

cyclohexyl)cyclopentadienyl)(3,6-di-tert-

butylfluorenyl)zirconium dichloride

Polymerization of propylene was carried out in the same manner as in Example 91, except that 1 NL of hydrogen was added. The quantity of the polymer

obtained was 24 g. This polymer had Tm of 153°C, MFR of 400 g/10 min, Mw of 59000, Mn of 30000, Mw/Mn of 2.0 and a decane-soluble component quantity of 1.0 % by weight.

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Example 93

Bulk polymerization of propylene using dimethylmethylene(3-tert-

butylcyclopentadienyl) (1,1,4,4,7,7,10,10-octamethyl-

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1,2,3,4,7,8,9,10-octahydrodibenzo(b,h)-

fluorenyl) zirconium dichloride

Polymerization of propylene was carried out in the same manner as in Example 84, except that 1.0 mg (1.4 μ mol) of the orange solid obtained in Example 8 was used. The quantity of the polymer obtained was 30 g. This polymer had Tm of 149°C and MFR of 190 g/10 min.

Example 94

Bulk polymerization of propylene using dimethylmethylene(3-tert-

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butylcyclopentadienyl) (1,1,4,4,7,7,10,10-octamethyl-

1,2,3,4,7,8,9,10-octahydrodibenzo(b,h)fluorenyl)zirconium dichloride

Polymerization of propylene was carried out in the same manner as in Example 93, except that 0.3 NL of

hydrogen was added. The quantity of the polymer obtained was 183 g. This polymer had Tm of 153°C and MFR of 1000 g/10 min.

5 Example 95

Bulk polymerization of propylene using dimethylmethylene(3-

trimethylsilylcyclopentadienyl) (1,1,4,4,7,7,10,10-octamethyl-1,2,3,4,7,8,9,10-octahydrodibenzo(b,h)-

fluorenyl)zirconium dichloride

Polymerization of propylene was carried out in the same manner as in Example 84, except that 10.68 mg (0.94 μ mol) of the red plate solid obtained in Example 9 was used. The quantity of the polymer obtained was 4 g. This polymer had Tm of 136°C.

Example 96

Bulk polymerization of propylene using dimethylmethylene(3-

trimethylsilylcyclopentadienyl) (1,1,4,4,7,7,10,10-

octamethyl-1,2,3,4,7,8,9,10-octahydrodibenzo(b,h)-

fluorenyl)zirconium dichloride

Polymerization of propylene was carried out in the same manner as in Example 95, except that 0.3 NL of

hydrogen was added. The quantity of the polymer obtained was 64 g. This polymer had Tm of 143°C.

Example 97

Bulk polymerization of propylene using

dimethylmethylene(3-(1,1-

dimethylpropyl)cyclopentadienyl)(3,6-di-tert-

butylfluorenyl)zirconium dichloride

Polymerization of propylene was carried out in the

10 same manner as in Example 84, except that 0.68 mg (1.1 µmol) of the red solid obtained in Example 10 was used.

The quantity of the polymer obtained was 54 g. This polymer had Tm of 151°C.

15 Example 98

Bulk polymerization of propylene using dimethylmethylene(3-(1,1-

dimethylpropyl)cyclopentadienyl)(3,6-di-tert-

butylfluorenyl)zirconium dichloride

Polymerization of propylene was carried out in the same manner as in Example 97, except that 0.3 NL of hydrogen was added. The quantity of the polymer obtained was 91 g. This polymer had Tm of 151°C.

25 Example 99

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Bulk polymerization of propylene using dimethylmethylene(3-(1-ethyl-1methylpropyl)cyclopentadienyl)(3,6-di-tertbutylfluorenyl)zirconium dichloride

Polymerization of propylene was carried out in the same manner as in Example 84, except that 0.68 mg (1.1 μ mol) of the red solid obtained in Example 11 was used. The quantity of the polymer obtained was 12 g. This polymer had Tm of 147°C.

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Example 100

Bulk polymerization of propylene using dimethylmethylene(3-(1-ethyl-1-methylpropyl)cyclopentadienyl)(3,6-di-tert-butyl-

fluorenyl) zirconium dichloride

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Polymerization of propylene was carried out in the same manner as in Example 99, except that 0.3 NL of hydrogen was added. The quantity of the polymer obtained was 34 g. This polymer had Tm of 152°C.

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Example 101

Bulk polymerization of propylene using

dimethylmethylene(3-(1,1
dimethylbutyl)cyclopentadienyl)(3,6-di-tert
butylfluorenyl)zirconium dichloride

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Polymerization of propylene was carried out in the same manner as in Example 84, except that 0.68 mg (1.1 μ mol) of the red solid obtained in Example 14 was used. The quantity of the polymer obtained was 29 g. This polymer had Tm of 147°C and MFR of 350 g/10 min.

Example 102

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Bulk polymerization of propylene using dimethylmethylene(3-(1,1-

dimethylbutyl)cyclopentadienyl)(3,6-di-tert-

Polymerization of propylene was carried out in the same manner as in Example 101, except that 0.3 NL of hydrogen was added. The quantity of the polymer obtained was 43 g. This polymer had Tm of 150°C and MFR of 1000 g/10 min.

butylfluorenyl)zirconium dichloride

Example 103

Bulk polymerization of propylene using

dimethylmethylene(3-tert-butylcyclopentadienyl)(2,7-

<u>di-tert-butylfluorenyl)zirconium dichloride</u>

Polymerization of propylene was carried out in the same manner as in Example 84, except that 1.3 mg (2 $\,$ µmol) of the red solid obtained in Example 15 was used.

The quantity of the polymer obtained was 42 g. This polymer had Tm of 137°C and MFR of 1000 g/10 min.

Example 104

Bulk polymerization of propylene using

dimethylmethylene(3-tert-butylcyclopentadienyl)(2,7
di-tert-butylfluorenyl)zirconium dichloride

Polymerization of propylene was carried out in the same manner as in Example 103, except that 0.3 NL of

10 hydrogen was added. The quantity of the polymer obtained was 84 g. This polymer had Tm of 138°C and MFR of 1000 g/10 min.

Example 105

Bulk polymerization of propylene using

diphenylmethylene(3-

trimethylsilylcyclopentadienyl) (1,1,4,4,7,7,10,10-octamethyl-1,2,3,4,7,8,9,10-octahydrodibenzo(b,h)-

fluorenyl) zirconium dichloride

Polymerization of propylene was carried out in the same manner as in Example 84, except that 0.68 mg (0.8 µmol) of the pink powder obtained in Example 18 was used. The quantity of the polymer obtained was 6 g. This polymer had Tm of 141°C.

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Example 106

Bulk polymerization of propylene using diphenylmethylene(3-

trimethylsilylcyclopentadienyl) (1,1,4,4,7,7,10,10-

5 octamethyl-1,2,3,4,7,8,9,10-octahydrodibenzo(b,h)-

fluorenyl)zirconium dichloride

Polymerization of propylene was carried out in the same manner as in Example 105, except that 0.3 NL of hydrogen was added. The quantity of the polymer obtained was 49 g. This polymer had Tm of 146°C.

Example 107

Bulk polymerization of propylene using methylphenylmethylene(3-tert-

butylcyclopentadienyl) (3,6-di-tertbutylfluorenyl) zirconium dichloride

Polymerization of propylene was carried out in the same manner as in Example 84, except that 0.68 mg (2 μ mol) of the orange solid obtained in Example 19 was used. The quantity of the polymer obtained was 87 g. This polymer had Tm of 144°C.

Example 108

Bulk polymerization of propylene using methylphenylmethylene(3-tert-

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butylcyclopentadienyl) (3,6-di-tertbutylfluorenyl)zirconium dichloride

Polymerization of propylene was carried out in the same manner as in Example 107, except that 0.3 NL of hydrogen was added. The quantity of the polymer obtained was 148 g. This polymer had Tm of 146°C.

Example 109

diethylmethylene(3-tert-butylcyclopentadienyl)(3,6-ditert-butylfluorenyl)zirconium dichloride

Bulk polymerization of propylene using

Polymerization of propylene was carried out in the same manner as in Example 84, except that 0.68 mg (1.1 μ mol) of the orange solid obtained in Example 20 was used. The quantity of the polymer obtained was 50 g. This polymer had Tm of 149°C.

Example 110

Bulk polymerization of propylene using

diethylmethylene(3-tert-butylcyclopentadienyl)(3,6-ditert-butylfluorenyl)zirconium dichloride

Polymerization of propylene was carried out in the same manner as in Example 109, except that 0.3 NL of hydrogen was added. The quantity of the polymer obtained was 89 g. This polymer had Tm of 152°C.

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Example 111

Bulk polymerization of propylene using cyclohexylidene(3-trimethylsilylcyclopentadienyl)(3,6-

5 di-tert-butylfluorenyl)zirconium dichloride

Polymerization of propylene was carried out in the same manner as in Example 84, except that 0.68 mg (1 μ mol) of the orange solid obtained in Example 21 was used. The quantity of the polymer obtained was 20 g. This polymer had Tm of 139°C.

Example 112

Bulk polymerization of propylene using cyclohexylidene(3-trimethylsilylcyclopentadienyl)(3,6-

di-tert-butylfluorenyl)zirconium dichloride

Polymerization of propylene was carried out in the same manner as in Example 111, except that 0.3 NL of hydrogen was added. The quantity of the polymer obtained was 43 g. This polymer had Tm of 141°C, MFR of 1000 g/10 min and a decane-soluble component quantity of 0.5 % by weight.

Bulk polymerization of propylene using cyclopentylidene (3-tert-butylcyclopentadienyl) (3,6-ditert-butylfluorenyl)zirconium dichloride

Polymerization of propylene was carried out in the 5 same manner as in Example 84, except that 0.68 mg (1.1 µmol) of the orange solid obtained in Example 17 was used. The quantity of the polymer obtained was 49 g. This polymer had Tm of 149°C and MFR of 190 g/10 min.

10 Example 114

Bulk polymerization of propylene using cyclopentylidene(3-tert-butylcyclopentadienyl)(3,6-ditert-butylfluorenyl)zirconium dichloride

Polymerization of propylene was carried out in the 15 same manner as in Example 113, except that 0.3 NL of hydrogen was added. The quantity of the polymer obtained was 118 g. This polymer had Tm of 151°C and MFR of 1000 g/10 min.

20 Example 115

Bulk polymerization of propylene using cyclohexylidene(3-(1,1dimethylpropyl)cyclopentadienyl)(3,6-di-tertbutylfluorenyl)zirconium dichloride

Polymerization of propylene was carried out in the same manner as in Example 84, except that 0.68 mg (1 µmol) of the reddish brown solid obtained in Example 23 was used. The quantity of the polymer obtained was 3 g. This polymer had Tm of 141°C.

Example 116

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Bulk polymerization of propylene using cyclohexylidene(3-(1,1-

10 dimethylpropyl)cyclopentadienyl)(3,6-di-tert-

butylfluorenyl)zirconium dichloride

Polymerization of propylene was carried out in the same manner as in Example 115, except that 0.3 NL of hydrogen was added. The quantity of the polymer obtained was 47 g. This polymer had Tm of 150°C.

Example 117

Bulk polymerization of propylene using cyclopentylidene(3-tert-

20 butylcyclopentadienyl) (1,1,4,4,7,7,10,10-octamethyl-

1,2,3,4,7,8,9,10-octahydrodibenzo(b,h)-

fluorenyl) zirconium dichloride

Polymerization of propylene was carried out in the same manner as in Example 84, except that 0.68 mg (0.9 µmol) of the red solid obtained in Example 24 was used. The quantity of the polymer obtained was 3 g. This polymer had Tm of 143°C.

Example 118

Bulk polymerization of propylene using cyclopentylidene(3-tert-

<u>butylcyclopentadienyl)</u> (1,1,4,4,7,7,10,10-octamethyl-1,2,3,4,7,8,9,10-octahydrodibenzo(b,h)-

fluorenyl) zirconium dichloride

Polymerization of propylene was carried out in the same manner as in Example 117, except that 0.3 NL of hydrogen was added. The quantity of the polymer obtained was 87 g. This polymer had Tm of 152°C.

15 Comparative Example 5

Bulk polymerization of propylene using dimethylsilylenebis(2-methyl-4,5-benzoindenyl)zirconium dichloride

Polymerization of propylene was carried out in the same manner as in Example 84, except that 0.8 mg of dimethylsilylenebis(2-methyl-4,5-benzoindenyl)zirconium dichloride was used as metallocene. The quantity of the polymer obtained was 150 g. This polymer had Tm of 145°C, MFR of 16 g/10

25 min, Mw/Mn of 2.1 and a decane-soluble component

quantity of 0.4 % by weight. As the stereoregularity of the polymer, the mmmm was 93.0 %, the proportion of 2,1-insertion was 0.75 %, the proportion of 1,3-insertion was 0.06 %, and the proportion of the 2,1-insertion was high.

Comparative Example 6

Bulk polymerization of propylene using dimethylsilylenebis(2-methyl-4-phenylindenyl)zirconium

dichloride dichloride

Polymerization of propylene was carried out in the same manner as in Example 84, except that 0.7 mg of dimethylsilylenebis(2-methyl-4-phenylindenyl)zirconium dichloride was used as metallocene. The quantity of the polymer obtained was 163 g. This polymer had Tm of 150°C, MFR of 1 g/10 min, Mw/Mn of 2.5 and a decanesoluble component quantity of 0.6 % by weight. As the stereoregularity of the polymer, the mmmm was 95.9 %, the proportion of 2,1-insertion was 0.80 %, the proportion of 1,3-insertion was 0.05 %, and the

Comparative Example 7

Properties of homo-PP prepared using Ziegler-Natta catalyst

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Properties of commercially available homo-PP (trade name: J700, available from Grand Polymer Co.) obtained by the use of a magnesium chloride-supported titanium catalyst are as follows. This polymer had Tm of 161°C, MFR of 11 g/10 min, Mw/Mn of 5.2 and a decane-soluble component quantity of 2.0 % by weight, and the value of Mw/Mn was large. As the stereoregularity of the polymer, the mmmm was 95.0 %, and none of the 2,1-insertion and the 1,3-insertion were detected.

Comparative Example 8

Properties of thermally decomposed product of homo-PP prepared using Ziegler-Natta catalyst

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Commercially available homo-PP (trade name: J700, available from Grand Polymer Co.) obtained by the use of a magnesium chloride-supported titanium catalyst was thermally decomposed under the conditions of 400°C and 100 minutes. Properties of the thus thermally decomposed polymer are as follows. This polymer had Tm

of 160°C, MFR of 1000 g/10 min, Mw/Mn of 2.3 and a decane-soluble component quantity of 15 % by weight, and the decane-soluble component quantity was large. As the stereoregularity of the polymer, the mmmm was

94.9 %, and none of the 2,1-insertion and the 1,3-insertion were detected.

Example 119

Normal pressure polymerization of propylene using

dimethylmethylene(3-tert-butyl-5
methylcyclopentadienyl)(3,6-di-tert
butylfluorenyl)zirconium dichloride

A 500 ml glass polymerization apparatus thoroughly 10 purged with nitrogen was charged with 250 ml of dry toluene, and then the apparatus was purged with propylene. Then, a catalyst solution obtained by adding 5 mmol (in terms of aluminum) of methylaluminoxane (available from Albemarle Co.) to a toluene solution of 3.1 mg (5 µmol) of the orange 15 solid obtained in Example 3 was added. With stirring, polymerization was conducted at 25°C for 30 minutes while propylene was bubbled. Thereafter, methanol and a small amount of hydrochloric acid were added to terminate the polymerization. The resulting polymer 20 was filtered, washed with methanol and dried under vacuum at 80°C for 6 hours. The quantity of the polymer obtained was 0.7 g. This polymer had Tm of

155°C.

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Example 120

Normal pressure polymerization of propylene using

dimethylmethylene(3-tert-butyl-5
methylcyclopentadienyl)(3,6-di-tert-

5 butylfluorenyl)zirconium dichloride

Polymerization was carried out in the same manner as in Example 119, except that the polymerization temperature was changed to 50°C. The quantity of the polymer obtained was 1.6 g. This polymer had Tm of 144°C.

Example 121

Normal pressure polymerization of propylene using dimethylmethylene(3-tert-butyl-5-

A 500 ml glass polymerization apparatus thoroughly

15 <u>methylcyclopentadienyl)fluorenylzirconium dichloride</u>

purged with nitrogen was charged with 250 ml of dry toluene, and then propylene was bubbled to saturate the apparatus. Thereafter, a catalyst solution obtained by adding 5 mmol (in terms of aluminum) of methylaluminoxane (available from Albemarle Co.) to a toluene solution of 2.51 mg (5.0 µmol) of the reddish orange solid obtained in Example 1 was added. With stirring, polymerization was conducted at 25°C for 10 minutes while propylene was bubbled. Thereafter,

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methanol and a small amount of hydrochloric acid were added to terminate the polymerization. The resulting polymer was filtered, washed with methanol and dried under vacuum at 80°C for 6 hours. The quantity of the polymer obtained was 0.9 g. This polymer had Tm of 146°C.

Example 122

Normal pressure polymerization of propylene using dimethylmethylene(3-tert-butyl-5-

methylcyclopentadienyl)fluorenylzirconium dichloride

Polymerization was carried out in the same manner as in Example 121, except that the polymerization temperature was changed to 50°C. The quantity of the polymer obtained was 0.9 g. This polymer had Tm of 134°C.

Example 123

Bulk polymerization of propylene using dimethylmethylene(3-tert-butyl-5-

methylcyclopentadienyl)fluorenylzirconium dichloride

In a 50 ml two-necked flask thoroughly purged with nitrogen, 2.0 mmol (in terms of aluminum) of silica-supported methylaluminoxane was suspended in 20 ml of heptane. To the suspension, a toluene solution of 1.0

mg (2 μ mol) of the reddish orange solid obtained in Example 1 was added, then triisobutylaluminum (1 mmol) was added, and they were stirred for 30 minutes to give a catalyst suspension.

A 2000 ml autoclave thoroughly purged with nitrogen was charged with 500 g of propylene, and the catalyst suspension was added to perform polymerization at 70°C for 40 minutes under a pressure of 3.0 to 3.5 MPa. Thereafter, methanol was added to terminate the polymerization, and propylene was purged of, to obtain a polymer. The polymer was dried under vacuum at 80°C for 6 hours. The quantity of the polymer obtained was 102 g. This polymer had Tm of 139°C, MFR of 0.7 g/10 min, Mw of 406000, Mn of 197000, Mw/Mn of 2.1 and a decane-soluble component quantity of 0.1 % by weight.

Example 124

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Bulk polymerization of propylene using dimethylmethylene(3-tert-butyl-5-

methylcyclopentadienyl)fluorenylzirconium dichloride

Polymerization of propylene was carried out in the same manner as in Example 123, except that 1 NL of hydrogen was added. The quantity of the polymer obtained was 69 g. This polymer had Tm of 142°C, MFR

of 22 g/10 min, Mw of 185000, Mn of 80000, Mw/Mn of 2.3 and a decane-soluble component quantity of 0.4 % by weight. As the stereoregularity of the polymer, the mmmm was 86.9 %, the proportion of 2,1-insertion was 0.02 %, and the proportion of 1,3-insertion was 0.05 %.

Example 125

Bulk polymerization of propylene using

dimethylmethylene(3-tert-butyl-5
methylcyclopentadienyl)(3,6-di-tert
butylfluorenyl)zirconium dichloride

Polymerization of propylene was carried out in the same manner as in Example 123, except that 1.1 mg (1.8 µmol) of the orange solid obtained in Example 3 was used. The quantity of the polymer obtained was 90 g. This polymer had Tm of 154°C, MFR of 1.8 g/10 min, Mw of 321000, Mn of 154000, Mw/Mn of 2.3 and a decanesoluble component quantity of 0.1 % by weight.

20 Example 126

Bulk polymerization of propylene using

dimethylmethylene(3-tert-butyl-5
methylcyclopentadienyl)(3,6-di-tert
butylfluorenyl)zirconium dichloride

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Polymerization of propylene was carried out in the same manner as in Example 125, except that 1 NL of hydrogen was added. The quantity of the polymer obtained was 135 g. This polymer had Tm of 156°C, MFR of 350 g/10 min, Mw of 82000, Mn of 37000, Mw/Mn of 2.2 and a decane-soluble component quantity of 0.2 % by weight. As the stereoregularity of the polymer, the mmmm was 94.8 %, and none of the 2,1-insertion and the 1,3-insertion were detected.

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Comparative Example 9

Synthesis of dimethylmethylene(3-tert-butyl-5methylcyclopentadienyl)fluorenylzirconium dichloride

containing isomer

15 (1) Synthesis of 2,6,6-trimethylfulvene

To 130 ml of dehydrated methanol, 22.6 g (283 mmol) of methylcyclopentadiene and 8.50 ml (116 mmol) of acetone were added, then 14.5 ml (174 mmol) of pyrrolidine was dropwise added at 0°C, and the mixture was reacted at room temperature for one night. Then, 10 ml (180 mmol) of acetic acid was added at 0°C. The mixture was diluted with ether and water and then subjected to extraction. Then, the organic phase was separated, washed with water and dried over anhydrous

magnesium sulfate to obtain 12.9 g of a brown liquid. The analyzed values are given below.

 $^{1}\text{H-NMR}$ (270 MHz, in CDCl3, Based on TMS, main peak): $\delta 6.49$ (d, 1H), 6.32 (d, 1H), 6.17 (s, 1H), 2.14 (s, 3H), 2.13 (s, 3H), 2.06 (s, 3H)

- (2) Synthesis of 1-tert-butyl-3-methylcyclpentadiene In a 300 ml flask purged with nitrogen, 2.86 g (23.8 mmol) of trimethylfulvene synthesized in the above step (1) and 80 ml of dry ether were placed.
- Then, 17 ml (23.8 mmol) of a methyllithium/ether solution (concentration: 1.4 mol/liter) was dropwise added at -78°C, and the mixture was reacted at room temperature for 2 days. Then, 20 ml of an ammonium chloride saturated aqueous solution was added, and the organic phase was separated, washed with water, washed with a sodium chloride saturated aqueous solution and dried over anhydrous magnesium sulfate. Thereafter, the solvent was distilled off, and the residue was purified by column chromatography (silica gel,
- developing solvent: hexane) to obtain 2.04 g of a brown liquid. The analyzed values are given below.

 1 H-NMR (270 MHz, in CDCl3, Based on TMS, main peak): $\delta 6.31+6.13+5.94+5.87$ (s+s+t+d, 2H), 3.04+2.95 (s+s, 2H), 2.17+2.09 (s+s, 3H), 1.27 (d, 9H)

Peaks derived from proton of an isomer were observed in the vicinity of $\delta 5.5$ and 5.1. From the integral value of proton, the ratio of the presence between the main product and the by-product proved to be about 8:1.

(3) Synthesis of dimethylmethylene(3-tert-butyl-5-methylcyclopentadienyl)fluorenylzirconium dichloride

methylcyclopentadienyl)fluorenylzirconium dichloride

10 was synthesized in the same manner as in the steps (3)

and (4) of Example 1, except that 1-tert-butyl-3
methylcyclopentadiene containing an isomer obtained in

the step (2) was used.

Dimethylmethylene(3-tert-butyl-5-

Peaks derived from proton of an isomer were

15 observed in the vicinity of $\delta 7.4$ and 6.1. From the integral value of proton, the ratio of the presence between the main product and the by-product proved to be about 8:1.

20 Comparative Example 10

Bulk polymerization of propylene using

dimethylmethylene(3-tert-butyl-5
methylcyclopentadienyl)fluorenylzirconium dichloride

containing isomer

Polymerization of propylene was carried out in the same manner as in Example 84, except that dimethylmethylene(3-tert-butyl-5-methylcyclopentadienyl)fluorenylzirconium dichloride

containing an isomer obtained in Comparative Example 9 was used. The quantity of the polymer obtained was 89 g. This polymer had Tm of 138°C, Mw of 394000 and Mn of 197000. The decane-soluble component quantity was 2.5 % by weight and was large.

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Comparative Example 11

Bulk polymerization of propylene using

dimethylmethylene(3-tert-butyl-5
methylcyclopentadienyl)fluorenylzirconium dichloride

containing isomer

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Polymerization of propylene was carried out in the same manner as in Comparative Example 10, except that ,2 NL of hydrogen was added. The quantity of the polymer obtained was 54 g. This polymer had Tm of 140°C, MFR of 130 g/10 min, Mw of 135000 and Mn of

140°C, MFR of 130 g/10 min, Mw of 135000 and Mn of 34000. The decane-soluble component quantity was 4.5 % by weight and was large.